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**TAXONOMY OF SELECTED SPECIES OF *MYXOBOLUS* (MYXOZOA) FROM
FRESHWATER FISHES IN CANADA; APPLICATIONS OF LIGHT
MICROSCOPY AND MOLECULAR METHODS**

A Thesis

Submitted to the Graduate Faculty

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements

for the Degree of

Master of Science

in the Department of Biology

Faculty of Science

St. Mary's University

Halifax, Nova Scotia

Russell H. Easy

Halifax, Nova Scotia

Date: April 22, 2004

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LIGHT MICROSCOPY AND MOLECULAR METHODS

Name of Author: Russell H. Easy

Department: Biology

Degree: Master of Applied Science

Year: 2004

Signature

Date: April 22, 2004

St. Mary's University

Faculty of Science

Halifax

Abstract

Russell H. Easy

**Thesis Title: TAXONOMY OF SELECTED SPECIES OF *MYXOBOLUS*
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Species of *Myxobolus* (Myxozoa) are compared on the basis of spore morphology, site of development, host species and sequence data of the 18S rDNA. The first situation compares the morphology and molecular features of *Myxobolus procerus* from large intercellular and small intracellular cysts in trout-perch (*Percopsis omiscomaycus*) muscle. The data suggests that spores from each cyst type represent a single species of *Myxobolus* with variable cyst phenotypes. Interestingly, spores from the small cysts were shorter than those from the large cysts implying ecophenotypic variation. The fact that the two cyst types did not occur independently of each other suggests that they are a single species. The observed differences in the morphological and molecular data suggest species divergence. The second situation provides a comparison between *Myxobolus neurophilus* from the optic tectum of yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*) and specimens that were tentatively identified as *M. neurophilus* from the tectum of Johnny darter (*Etheostoma nigrum*). Although the morphology of the spores of these samples is very similar, molecular information identifies the latter parasite as a possible new species of *Myxobolus*. The morphological and molecular similarities between these three species are examined on both an individual basis and between other species in the genus *Myxobolus*. Phylogenies are drawn from the molecular data and a phylogenetic tree is constructed that includes sequences presented in the current work which have not been analysed at this level. The validity of traditional taxonomic methods and their use in classification of the myxobolids is discussed. Alternately modern techniques of molecular biology and their role in the taxonomy of these parasites are evaluated.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

BLAST	Basic Local Alignment Search Tool
CISTI	Canadian Institute for Scientific and Technical Information
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic Acid
IMB	Institute for Marine Biosciences
ITS	Inter Transcribed Spacer region
NCBI	National Center for Biotechnology Information
NRC	National Research Council
DNTP	deoxyribonucleotide triphosphate
PAUP	Phylogenetic Analysis Using Parsimony
PCR	Polymerase Chain Reaction
PFGE	Pulsed Field Gel Electrophoresis
RAPD	Randomly Amplified Polymorphic DNA
RFLP	Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism
RNA	Ribonucleic Acid
SSU	Small Subunit
SNPs	Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms
Taq	<i>Thermus aquaticus</i>
X-gal	5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-β-D-galactoside

1.0 Introduction

The phylum Myxozoa is a diverse group of approximately 1350 described species all of which are parasites (Kent et al. 2001). Their hosts include annelids, bony fishes, amphibians and reptiles (Andree et al. 1999 a). They can be considered ubiquitous within a wide range of environments and occupy an even wider range of hosts.

Myxozoans are considered tissue specific in their site of development (Molnár 1994), but as a group they can be found in a variety of organs within individual fish hosts. Numerous species can be found in the lumen of the gall bladder, kidney tubules, and digestive tract (coelozoic species), whereas others are known from sites within tissues of the digestive, reproductive, muscular, circulatory, and skeletal systems including the skin (histozoic species). Although myxozoans are generally not pathogenic there are some major exceptions. For example, Whirling disease in trout is caused by *Myxobolus cerebralis* and enzymatic lysis or soft tissue disease of salmon is caused by *Kudoa* and *Hexacapsula* species.

Until the early 1990's the Myxozoa were usually grouped with the protists (Kent et al. 2001). Pioneering studies into the morphology of myxozoans, however, identified characteristics typical of multicellular animals including structural and developmental patterns similar to those of the phylum Cnidaria (Siddall et al. 1995). Cnidarians are those animals armed with stingers or nematocysts and include the jellyfish and corals. Siddall et al. (1995) identified

myxozoan “polar capsules” within “capsulogenic cells” that bore a distinct homology to cnidarian nematocysts. The results appeared to group the Myxozoa within a clade of highly derived parasitic cnidarians (Siddall et al. 1995). In phylogenetic analyses, Siddall et al. (1995) included the cnidarian narcomedusan *Polypodium hydriforme* and considered it essential to the resolution of the myxozoans as cnidarians. However, Hanelt et al. (1996) argued that the small subunit (SSU) 18S ribosomal DNA (rDNA) sequence of *P. hydriforme* is too different to be included in a proper phylogenetic comparison. It was concluded by Hanelt et al. (1996) that data collected through BLAST searches using *Polypodium* 18S rDNA sequences differed from existing 18S sequences to such an extent that its grouping within the myxozoans must be due to “long branch abstraction” (Siddall and Whiting 1999). Conflicts in the molecular data may arise from the long-branch nature of the Myxozoa as well as the low “taxon density” common to most molecular analyses (Zrzavý et al. 1998). Siddall and Whiting (1999), subsequently, concluded that there is no support for the suggestion that myxozoans are unrelated to cnidarians, stating that homology in ontogenetic stages and intercellular parasitism common to myxozoans and cnidarians cannot be due to long-branch abstraction (Siddall and Whiting 1999). Figure 1 illustrates parsimony analysis of SSU 18S rDNA sequences for the phylum Myxozoa as constructed by Siddall and Whiting (1999). Since these molecular lineages have been defined using a single data set, this cannot be the final word on myxozoan origins (Kent et al. 2001).

It has recently been suggested that the Myxozoa originated from a bilaterian ancestor such as *Buddenbrockia*, a nematode-like parasite of freshwater bryozoans (Okamura et al. 2002). Phylogenetic analyses based on SSU 18S rDNA sequences and one on *Hox* gene sequences further supported this hypothesis (Canning et al. 2002). Zrzavý and Hypša (2003) support this relationship of the Myxozoa while allowing at the same time for a homology between polar capsules of the myxozoan and cnidarian nematocysts. Successive clades of nematocyst bearing animals including the Myxozoa, *Polypodium* and Cnidaria, appear to bridge the gap between the animals like *Buddenbrockia* and more primitive animals (Zrzavý and Hypša 2003).

Life cycles are known for only about 25 myxozoans (Oumouna et al. 2002) as summarized in Table 1. Wolf and Markiw (1984) elucidated the biphasic life cycle of *M. cerebralis* including development into an actinosporean (triactinomyxon) within an annelid host prior to infecting the fish host (Wolf and Markiw 1984) (Fig. 2). Spores from salmonid hosts having Whirling disease are not infective to healthy fish. It is only after the spores have been ingested by annelid worms and have gone through a series of complex stages of development does an infective triactinomyxon, or TAM, emerge. Spores are liberated when dead fish decay. Or, if a predator eats a fish the spores are passed out with the predator's feces. The tubificid worms then ingest the spores and the binucleate sporoplasm that emerges from the spores invades the gut epithelium of the host worm (Brinkhurst 1996).

In the majority of cases species have a biphasic cycle involving myxosporean and actinosporean phases. Issues concerning nomenclature of the myxozoans have been raised in response to the respective life stage the organism is presently undergoing. Kent et al. (2001) proposed that based on their interpretation of the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature that the generic names of all actinosporeans should be treated as collective groups (Kent et al. 2001). This would eliminate the discrepancies arising from alternate myxosporean generic names. There is concern over this proposed change, however, because it is uncertain that all species of Actinosporea produce corresponding myxosporean stages in their life cycles (Morris et al. 2002). Those species of *Myxobolus* in which separate life stages have been identified should not be described based solely on their actinosporean forms. Major discrepancies in nomenclature arise from interpretations of the significance of new and unusual actinosporean forms and not simply on the interpretations as defined by the International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (Kent et al. 2001).

Conventional light microscopy provides information that allows significant functional resolution at the species level of the Myxozoa (Oumouna et al. 2002). However, the use of these classical zoological methods is sometimes very difficult to accurately characterize morphologically similar myxozoans inhabiting taxonomically related host species (Molnár et al. 2002). The morphology of myxosporeans is thought to vary significantly with host, environment within which they are found and tissue. However, traditional diagnostic procedures are based solely on these characteristics (Yokoyama et al. 1997).

Species concepts based on traditional morphological variance are continually being modified to include data obtained through analysis of an organism's genotype. There are few homologous morphological characters that can be compared among all living organisms whereas a number of genes with fundamental biochemical functions are found within all species (Hillis and Dixon 1991). The use of rDNA sequences is a well-accepted method to resolve taxonomic relationships at the intrageneric level as well as at higher taxonomic levels (Kent et al. 2001). The SSU 18S rDNA has become the genetic region of choice by researchers and as such was used in this work as well. Sequence data from regions distributed along the ribosomal RNA provide a molecular template that can be used as a tool for identifying relationships among organisms (See Appendix A). This is possible because the rRNA is universally distributed, is functionally equivalent, and occurs in large enough sizes that interspersion patterns of conserved and non-conserved regions allow for statistical analyses that provide valid interpretations of genetic similarities between species (Frasca et al. 1999). The SSU 18S rDNA gene is also the most slowly evolving of the rDNA genes thus it is suitable for addressing questions concerning ancient evolution (Hillis and Dixon 1991). However, a drawback of being the most evolutionarily conserved region of the ribosomal genes is sometimes a concern in that closely related species do not often show significant differences (Hervio et al. 1997). This is a concern when looking for variation within closely related species. The lack of significant variation in the 18S rDNA however, has lead researchers to explore other molecular regions within the genome of the

Myxozoa. Such regions include the internal transcribed spacer regions (ITS1 and ITS2). The ITS regions are under fewer constraints of selective pressure and have shown significant variability which is useful in discriminating both between closely related species and among populations of a chosen species (Andree et al. 1999 b). Generally, highly conserved genes, including the functional ribosomal RNA genes as well as enzymes or structural proteins, are useful for defining ancestral relationships within eukaryotic lineages, whereas rapidly evolving sequences are best suited for more recent phylogenetic groupings (Barta 2001). Further, molecular analysis of the SSU 18S rDNA has been attempted using a series of restriction enzymes to digest the nucleic acid into readily distinguishable profiles. This has proved a quick and easy method to identify species of *Myxobolus* that are otherwise difficult to distinguish by morphology and tissue tropism alone (Eszterbauer et al. 2001). Information acquired through the use of molecular methods provides an independent data set separate from morphological information. Phylogenetic trees generated using molecular data are always open to interpretation; however, phylogenies have shed some light on the branching patterns of descent within many phyla (Collins and Valentine 2001).

The present thesis attempts to address important areas of concern that confront taxonomy of the myxozoans based solely on spore morphology. Spore taxonomy works well when the species being studied have spores with distinct morphological characteristics. However, the system breaks down when species with very similar spores are being compared. My work assesses the reliability of

the taxonomy in these situations through the application of modern molecular tools.

The first section of my thesis involves the taxonomy of *Myxobolus procerus* (Kudo 1934), a common parasite of trout-perch (*Percopsis omiscomaycus*) in the Great Lakes region of North America (Kudo 1934; Cone et al. 1997). *Myxobolus procerus* is unusual in that it forms two morphologically distinct cyst types within its host, with each form containing what is reported to be similarly shaped and sized spores (Cone et al. 1997). One cyst is large, oval and intercellular between muscle fibres. The other is small, cigar shaped and intracellular within muscle cells. The questions addressed are 1) is this two sibling species that produce different cyst types but similar spores? or 2) is it a single species with variable spore morphology depending on the cyst type the spore is in?

The second area investigated involves the taxonomy of *Myxobolus neurophilus* (Guilford 1963), a common parasite of the brain of yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*) from central and eastern North America (Dzulinsky et al. 1994). In this case the type host was yellow perch; however, Guilford (1963) reported the same species within the brain of etheostomid darters as well. The question addressed is: based on morphological and molecular data are these the same or different species of parasite? Spores of both *M. procerus* and *M. neurophilus* are themselves very similar in morphology being typically oval in shape. In this thesis I used molecular and morphological data to determine the relationship between the species noted above and other species of *Myxobolus*

for which there are sequence data available in GenBank (National Center for Biotechnology Information).

2.0 Materials And Methods

2.1 Collection of Parasites

Trout-perch (*Percopsis omiscomaycus*) (Fig. 3) heavily infected with *Myxobolus procerus* were collected by seine net fishing in the shallows of the St. Lawrence River at Île Dorval ($45^{\circ} 26' N$, $72^{\circ} 44' W$) on June 3, 2002 by Dr. David Marcogliese, a fellow collaborator. Fish were transported live to a laboratory at the St. Lawrence Center, Environment Canada, Montreal. Yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*) (Fig. 4) infected with *Myxobolus neurophilus* were collected May 2003 by trap net fishing in Vinegar Lake, Nova Scotia ($44^{\circ} 40' N$, $64^{\circ} 02' W$). In both cases, fish were fixed either in 10% formalin (for light microscopy) or 95% ethanol (for molecular studies). Samples of Johnny darter (*Etheostoma nigrum*) (Fig. 5) were collected May 2003 from Mykiss Lake, Algonquin Park, Ontario ($45^{\circ} 40' 05' N$, $78^{\circ} 10' 20' W$) and taken to the Harkness Fisheries Research Station on Lake Opeongo. There the fish were necropsied, the spores were photographed live, and the samples were preserved in 95% ethanol.

2.2 Light Microscopy

Formalin-fixed fish were examined for cysts containing mature spores. Cysts were excised and transferred to microscope slides where they were ruptured in 2-3 drops of water. A solution of 1% molten agar on a cover slip was placed over cyst contents, and the resulting preparation used to examine

immobilized spores. Digital images of spores of *M. procerus* were obtained using a Zeiss photomicroscope camera and Zeiss morphometric software. Length and width of the spore and of the polar capsules (Fig. 6) were determined to the nearest 0.1 µM from these images. The number of polar filament coils within the capsules were counted where possible and notes made on the presence and form of intercapsular appendices, vacuoles, and sutural ridge folds.

Intense infections of *M. procerus* in trout-perch allowed detailed comparison of spore size within cysts in individual fish, between fish, and between small and large cyst types. Spore length and width, and polar capsule length and width of 25 spores from each of 3 small intracellular and 3 large intercellular cysts from 5 individual fish were compared to assess variation between cysts and among separate hosts.

2.3 Statistical analysis

Morphological data were analysed using SYSTAT. One variable was non-transformable and therefore a Kruskal-Wallace test was completed in lieu of a one-way MANOVA. The statistical analyses are therefore distribution free tests. In order to reduce the chance of a Type 1 error a Bonferroni test was completed.

Note that terms used in this thesis are defined in the glossary in Appendix B.

2.4 Molecular Biology

2.4.1 DNA Extraction

Spores were lysed in 10 mM Tris-Cl pH 8.0, 1 mM EDTA (TE), 1% SDS with proteinase K (200 µg/ml) for 2 hours in a 37°C water bath. Suspensions were extracted twice with phenol: chloroform: isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1) and the DNA was precipitated with cold 100% ethanol and 3 M sodium acetate (pH 7.0) followed by centrifugation at 9,300 g for 10 minutes. The pellet was washed once with 70% ethanol and air dried at room temperature. Genomic DNA was resuspended in 50 µl 10 mM Tris-Cl pH 8.0, 1 mM EDTA (TE) and stored in TE at 4°C. Quantification of DNA was completed using a Beckman Spectrophotometer. An aliquot of each extraction was visualized on a 1% agarose gel against known standards (Fig. 7).

2.4.2 Polymerase Chain Reaction

Small subunit (SSU) 18S rDNA was amplified using myxozoan general and specific primers (Table 2). Primers were re-suspended in ddH₂O to a stock concentration of 10 µM. PCR was performed in 50 µl reaction volumes containing 1.5 mM MgCl₂, 0.2 mM dNTP, 1.25 Units *Taq* polymerase, 1 µM of each primer and 300 ng DNA. Amplifications were performed on a Perkin-Elmer Gene Amp 9700 Thermocycler. Cycling parameters were as follows: initial denaturation at 95° C for 5 minutes followed by 35 cycles of 94° C for 1 minute, 55° C for 1 minute, 72° C for 1.5 minutes and a final extension at 72° C for 10 minutes. The

PCR products were excised from the agarose gel and purified. A list of reagents used in this work is given in Appendix C.

2.4.3 Cloning

The purified PCR products were analysed on a 1% agarose gel and 4 μ l was used for cloning reactions. PCR products were cloned using the TOPO TA Cloning Kit (see Appendix F). Prior to cloning 4 μ l of the “cleaned” PCR product was incubated at 72°C for 15 minutes in a sterile PCR tube containing 1 μ l dATP (at 1 μ M), 0.25 U *Taq* and 0.5 μ l 10X *Taq* buffer. This was to ensure the addition of the poly A tail necessary for a successful TOPO reaction. Chemically competent *Escherichia coli* cells were transformed with the TOPO vector containing the PCR generated inserts. Approximately 150 μ l of each transformation was streaked onto LB plates containing carbenicillin to a final concentration of 25 μ g/ml + X-gal and grown overnight at 37°C/300 RPM. A representative number of “white” colonies indicating positive clones were transferred into 1 ml LB broth + carbenicillin (25 μ g/ml) and grown at 37°C /300 rpm overnight. Glycerol stocks of each colony were prepared by mixing 100 μ l of culture with 100 μ l of a sterile 50% glycerol solution. The stock cultures were then stored at -80°C.

2.4.4 Screening

2.4.4.a Protoplasting

Protoplasts were generated using a modified chemical treatment assay.

Approximately 3 ml of LB containing carbenicillin (25 µg /ml) were inoculated with a single colony. The tubes were placed at 37°C/300 rpm for 18 hours. After incubation 50 µl of culture was transferred into a sterile 0.6 ml Eppendorf tube and centrifuged at 9,300g for 10 minutes. The supernatant was discarded and the pellet re-suspended in 30 µl sucrose buffer. A further 10 µl of phenol:chloroform:isoamyl alcohol (25:24:1) was added and the tube was vortexed for 1 minute at high speed. The tubes were then centrifuged for 20 minutes at 9,300g.

2.4.4.b Plasmid Preparation

Plasmid DNA was isolated from clones using the Qia-Prep Mini prep isolation procedure or a simple protoplasting technique and transformants were analysed on a 1% agarose gel (Fig. 8). Sizes of the inserts were determined by comparison against a standard of known molecular weight.

2.4.4.c Screening by M13 PCR

To determine the presence and sizes of inserts purified plasmid DNA was amplified using primers M13 F and M13 R (Fig. 9). Reaction conditions are as follows;

PCR Reaction	Cycling conditions		
1 X PCR buffer			
dNTP 0.2 mM	1.	95°C	5'
Taq polymerase 1.25 U	2.	95°C	1'
M13F 100 ng	3.	55°C	1'
M13R 100 ng	4.	72°C	1'
ddH ₂ O to 20 µl	5.	Go to 2 for 30 X	
DNA to 300ng	6.	4°C α	

2.4.5 DNA Sequencing

Sequencing reactions were performed using those primers that generated PCR products. Sequence data was also obtained using M13 F and M13 R primers. The following clones were sequenced: three clones each of *M. procerus* spores from intercellular cysts with 18e and MX3 primers, three clones of *M. procerus* spores from intracellular cysts using MX3 primer and two clones using Myxgen2r (18r) primer, and three clones from yellow perch using M13 F and M13 R primers with cloned 18e-Myxgen2r (18r) PCR product, three clones each from Johnny darter using M13F and M13 R primers with cloned 18e-Myxgen2r PCR product and cloned Act3f-MX3 PCR product. In order to obtain more SSU 18S rDNA from *M. procerus*, “walking” primers were designed from those regions containing unambiguous sequence data. Sequencing reactions were performed using ET terminator chemistry and sequencing was done on a MegaBACE 1000 capillary sequencer.

Sequences were aligned against the vector to eliminate any contaminating vector DNA. To further eliminate the presence of any vector sequence a restriction map of the SSU 18S rDNA isolated in this work was constructed. Recognition sites common to the TOPO plasmid were not identified, thereby further confirming the lack of vector contamination.

2.4.6 Sequence and Phylogenetic Analysis

Sequencher (Version 4.0.5) was used to edit sequence data and produce contiguous alignments. Sequences were subjected to BLAST (Altschul et al.

1990) searches against sequences in GenBank (NCBI). Bit scores are listed in the tables along with the corresponding E values. The Bit score indicates the relatedness of the sequence to those against which it aligns. It is also a link to the NCBI database from which the sequence originates. The E value illustrates the number of matches to the current non-redundant database that are expected by chance alone. The lower the E value the more “real” the alignment in question. The higher the bit score the greater the similarity.

Alignment of SSU 18S rDNA sequences is completed using DNA analysis software, termed Clustal X (Thompson et al. 1997) with optimal parameters defined in Hall (2001). Clustal X uses an algorithm that aligns most closely related sequences first then these groups are gradually aligned together retaining the previous alignments (Thompson et al. 1997). The output of the Clustal X alignment is read by the phylogenetic tree-generating program PAUP (Swofford et al. 2001). Algorithms used in the PAUP analysis included parsimony, maximum likelihood, and distance methods and bootstrap analysis with 1000 replicates. Sequences used were; *Ceratomyxa shasta* GenBank AF001579, *Myxidium truttae* GenBank AF201374, *Myxidium* spp. GenBank U13829, *Myxidium lieberkuehni* GenBank X766390, *Henneguya lesteri* GenBank AF306794, *Henneguya* spp. GenBank U13826, *Henneguya doori* GenBank U37549, *Henneguya ictaluri* GenBank AF195510, *Henneguya exilis* GenBank AF021881, *Myxobolus osburni* GenBank AF378338, *Myxobolus spinacurvatura* GenBank F378341, *Myxobolus ichkeulensis* GenBank AF378337, *Myxobolus lentisuturalis* GenBank AY119688, *Myxobolus* KAB-2001B GenBank AF378343,

Myxobolus xiaoi GenBank AF186843, *Myxobolus portocalensis* GenBank F085182, *Myxobolus cerebralis* GenBank U96492, *Myxobolus insidiosus* GenBank U96494, *Myxobolus neurobius* GenBank AF085180, *Myxobolus elipsoides* GenBank AF085178, *Myxobolus djragini* GenBank AF085179, *Myxobolus arcticus* GenBank AF085176, *Myxobolus bramae* GenBank AF085177, *Myxobolus sandrae* GenBank AF085181, *Myxobolus* spp. KAB2001A GenBank AF378342, *Henneguya zschokkei* GenBank AF378344, *Henneguya salminicola* GenBank AF031411, *Myxobolus pseudodispar* GenBank AF380143, *Myxobolus musculi* GenBank AF380141, *Myxobolus cyprini* GenBank AF380140, *Myxobolus hungaricus* GenBank AF448444, *Myxobolus pendula* GenBank AF378340, *Myxobolus pellicides* GenBank AF378339, *Myxobolus bibullatus* GenBank AF378336, *Myxobolus elegans* GenBank AF448445, *Myxobolus algonquinensis* GenBank AF378335.

3. Situation 1 – Cyst Types of *Myxobolus procerus*.

3.1 Light Microscopy

Microscopic examination of trout-perch during necropsy revealed the presence of both intercellular and intracellular cysts. Cysts exist intercellularly within connective tissue associated with muscle as well as within the outer epidermis between dermal scales. The intercellular cysts were white, oval and approximately 1.5-2 mm in size and concentrated around the head and caudal peduncle regions (Fig. 10). Intracellular cysts inside striated muscle cells were dark grey and cigar shaped structures (up to 1mm long) running the length of the muscle cell (Fig. 11). Intracellular cysts were less prone to rupture and could be handled with greater pressure than the intercellular cysts that were more fragile and had to be handled more delicately. Intercellular and intracellular cysts were treated separately so as to avoid crossover contamination.

Spores of both cyst types were typically pyriform in shape, tapering anteriorly to a knob-like end. The polar capsules were a narrow pyriform shape, with a pore-like intercapsular appendix (Fig. 12). The sutural ridge was thin, with some spores having 3-4 posteriorly located sutural ridge folds.

Table 4 summarizes the statistical comparison of morphometrics obtained from intercellular and intracellular cysts. The histogram in Figure 13 provides an illustration of the distribution of spore length in both cyst types. There were no statistically significant differences in spore morphometrics, and the number of polar filament coils in the spores, from intracellular cysts within individual fish or between the five fish sampled. Similarly, the same applied to spores from

intercellular cysts. However, spores from intercellular cysts were significantly longer than spores from intracellular cysts.

3.2 Molecular analysis

Polymerase Chain Reactions using myxozoan general primers produced products of approximately 1.6 Kb (Fig. 14). Primer set 18e-Myxgen2r (18r) was more consistent and therefore PCR products from this primer set were used for further molecular analysis. Subsequent primer sets were used to “walk” the 18S region of *Myxobolus procerus* isolated from both cyst types (Table 2). PCR products were used in TOPO cloning reactions and white colonies indicating possible transformants were screened using the methods discussed above. Positive transformants were sequenced and those clones with “reliable” sequence data were aligned and analysed. Analysing individual clones for sequence heterogeneity provided an indication of variability within different cyst types. Individual clones from each reaction were analysed and regions with poor sequence data removed to provide a reliable region to identify sequence differences. Table 3 shows the number of base pairs of each clone that was compared. As indicated, there were no differences in SSU 18S rDNA sequence between those clones of *Myxobolus procerus* analysed.

3.3 Basic Local Alignment Search (BLAST) Results

Comparison of the consensus sequence (Figs. 15 and 16) for intracellular and intercellular forms of *M. procerus* with myxozoan sequences submitted to GenBank showed that they are indeed myxobolids with a high degree of similarity to *Myxobolus exiguum* (93%) Accession # AF021878.1, *M. muelleri* (93%) Accession # AY129317.1, *Aurantiactinomyxon mississippiensis* (90%) Accession # AF021878.1, *Henneguya exilis* (89%) Accession # AF021881.1 and *H. ictaluri* (89%) Accession # AF195510.1 (Table 5). The remaining 8 sequences producing significant alignments with the consensus sequences of *M. procerus* from both intercellular and intracellular cysts types are listed in Figures 17 and 18.

3.4 Clustal X Alignment of SSU 18S rDNA

A total of 989 base pairs from consensus sequences for both intercellular and intracellular cysts types were compared using Clustal X software (Fig. 19). There were 20 base pairs difference (2.1% of total) in SSU18S rDNA sequence between *M. procerus* within the intracellular cysts and *M. procerus* within intercellular cysts. Of these 20 base pair differences 10 were due to base substitutions and the remaining 10 due to the presence or absence of a nucleotide. Differences in sequence could be attributed to *Taq* polymerase error; however, according to the manufacturer the enzyme is responsible for very little error. Error rates for thermal resistant DNA polymerases have been calculated at

1.1 X 10⁻⁵ base substitutions/bp (Tindall and Kunkel 1988). This indicates only one error in every 110 Kilobases, a value that is in question in the current work.

4.0 Situation 2 – *Myxobolus neurophilus*

4.1 Light Microscopy

Formalin fixed spores of *M. neurophilus* from the optic tectum of yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*) from Vinegar Lake, Nova Scotia, were pyriform in shape with a bluntly pointed anterior extremity and broadly rounded posterior (Fig. 20). Spores measured $14.40 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.77 \mu\text{m}$ long, $6.96 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.24 \mu\text{m}$ wide ($N=13$), with two similarly sized polar capsules $6.50 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.24 \mu\text{m}$ long and $2.10 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.21 \mu\text{m}$ wide containing 7 – 9 filament coils arranged perpendicular to the capsule length. There was no evidence of an intercapsular appendix, sutural ridge folds, or a mucous coat.

Material collected from the optic tectum of Johnny darter (*Etheostoma nigrum*) from Mykiss Lake, Algonquin Park was tentatively identified by Guilford (1963) as *Myxobolus neurophilus* on the basis of host, developmental site, and morphology of the spores examined and photographed live in the field. Spores were pyriform but with a subtle narrowing at the anterior extremity (Fig. 21). Fresh spores measured $14.40 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.72 \mu\text{m}$ long and $7.40 \mu\text{m} \pm 1.20 \mu\text{m}$ wide, with two similarly sized narrowly pyriform polar capsules $7.50 \mu\text{m} \pm 0.40 \mu\text{m}$ long and $2 \mu\text{m}$ wide. Some spores had what appeared to be a round intercapsular appendix anteriorly as well as 3 – 4 posteriorly located sutural ridge folds. A large

iodinophilous vacuole was present in the sporoplasm. There was no evidence of a mucous coat.

4.2 Molecular Analysis

4.2.1 *Myxobolus neurophilus* from yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*)

Using primer sets Myxgp2f-Act1R and Act3F-MX3 both specific for the Myxozoa, I was able to amplify products of approximately 920bp and 750bp respectively from the neural tissue of yellow perch. Three clones were generated from the 18e-Myxgen2r PCR product only. Each clone was successfully sequenced using M13 forward and reverse primers. After removing unreliable sequence data a total of 723 bp from each of the three clones were aligned and differences between the clones noted (Fig. 22). There were no differences in the consensus sequence from each clone. The resulting 723 bp sequence used for the subsequent BLAST search is illustrated in Figure 23.

4.2.2 *Myxobolus neurophilus* from the Johnny darter (*Etheostoma nigrum*)

Using the same primers as noted above PCR products were generated from the neural tissue of Johnny darter. Products from both primer sets were successfully cloned and sequences from each of three clones from each primer set were compared. Lining up clones 1-3 from the Myxgp2f-Act1r primer set gives 844 bp of sequence with no differences. Lining up clones 1-3 for the Act3F-MX3 primer set gives 750 bp sequence data with two differences in clone 3 sequenced in both forward and reverse directions. Differences were noted at

position 429 with C for a T (questionable) and position 575 with G for an A (uncontested). Lining up all clones gives me 1570 bp with the two differences from clone 3 AM (Fig. 24). The resulting consensus sequence Johnny darter (Fig. 25) was used in a Clustal X alignment against the consensus sequence from yellow perch and trout-perch.

4.2.3 Basic Local Alignment Search (BLAST) Results

BLAST results for each consensus sequence from Johnny darter and yellow perch are illustrated in Figures 26 and 27. Sequences obtained from PCR reactions with DNA isolated from yellow perch were most similar to *Henneguya zschorkei* (Accession # AF378344), *Henneguya weishanensis* (Accession # AY165182), *Henneguya ictaluri* (Accession # AF195510) and *Neoactinomyxum* sp. (Accession # AF378353). Sequences obtained from Johnny darter BLAST'ed with a high degree of similarity against *Henneguya weishanensis* (Accession # AY165182), *Henneguya ictaluri* (Accession # AF195510) and *Neoactinomyxum* sp. (Accession # AF378353) and *Tetraspora discoidea* (Accession # AF306793).

4.2.4 Clustal X Alignment of SSU 18S rDNA

Sequences generated by amplification of the SSU 18S rDNA from all of the species of *Myxobolus* studied were aligned using Clustal X. Ambiguous regions were removed and sequences aligned using Clustal X. The alignment between *Myxobolus* species isolated from Johnny darter and the yellow perch resulted in an 8% difference noted (54/690) (Fig. 28). The differences noted were confirmed using the accompanying chromatogram from data generated by the MegaBace

sequencer. The results suggest that the species of *Myxobolus* isolated from Johnny darter is a different species from *M. neurophilus* isolated from yellow perch. The consensus sequence from Johnny darter was also compared to the consensus sequences generated from the SSU 18S rDNA from spores within each cyst type of *M. procerus*. A total of 989 base pairs of the SSU 18S rDNA from both the darter and trout-perch were aligned with a 53 base pair difference noted (or 5.3 % sequence difference) between darter and *M. procerus* intracellular cysts and a 56 base pair difference (5.6%) between darter and *M. procerus* intercellular cyst types (Fig. 29). What is interesting is that the sequence variation between the myxozoans from the darter and the trout-perch is less than that between the darter and the yellow perch. The consensus sequence from the yellow perch was aligned against consensus sequences from the trout-perch and the differences were significant at > 25% sequence difference (Fig. 30) and clearly indicates a separate species of *Myxobolus*.

5.0 Phylogenetic tree of species of *Myxobolus* identified in this thesis

In my thesis I have provided a molecular comparison between myxozoan SSU 18S rDNA isolated from yellow perch, trout-perch and Johnny darter. Using these three species their position within the phylogeny of the Myxozoa was determined. The phylogenetic tree confirms the presence of three separate species that have been identified in the present work (Fig. 31).

Using three algorithms of analysis, neighbour-joining, parsimony and maximum likelihood the topology of the trees remained unchanged (See

Appendix E and F). The phylogenetic tree places *Myxobolus* sp. from Johnny darter within a clade that includes *Henneguya lesteri* with strong bootstrap support. *Myxobolus procerus* isolates from intercellular and intracellular cyst types are also closely aligned with *Myxobolus* sp. from Johnny darter, once again with high bootstrap support. However, sequence data from *M. procerus* of trout-perch and *Myxobolus* sp. of Johnny darter remain significantly different suggesting that they are in fact separate species. *Myxobolus neurophilus* from yellow perch occupies an independent position from those species sequenced to date. This sequence is more closely related to *Myxobolus* species KAB 2001A and *Myxidium* species. The position of isolates from Johnny darter and yellow perch in the phylogenetic tree suggests that they are in fact different species of *Myxobolus*.

Further information on *Myxobolus* species used in the phylogenetic tree is given in Appendix G. The Clustal X alignment of all the species of *Myxobolus* used in creation of the phylogenetic tree is illustrated in Appendix H.

6.0 Discussion

Of the recent advances in biological research few have created a greater impact than those involving molecular biology. This “so-called” cutting edge technology has created, arguably, a “new” taxonomy based upon information acquired through analysis of the genotype of an organism. The meeting of morphological and molecular data has not come without controversy. On one side are the traditional taxonomists who feel that studies must remain focused on

morphology to address issues of diversity, especially in areas in which molecular analysis comes with too great a financial commitment. Indeed funding for molecular based projects is a concern leading researchers to speculate as to where this funding will come from (Mallet and Willmott 2003). Seberg et al. (2003) asks the question “what has the molecular revolution really achieved for taxonomy?” A significant quantity of data has become available for phylogenetic analyses however the practice of using a single specimen as representative of the taxon can create havoc in taxonomy (Seberg et al. 2003). Opponents however, concede that the information to be gained is a welcome and at times essential component to the construction of real taxonomic schemes. A final word on this side of the controversy; questions have been raised concerning the trend towards reducing taxonomy of all organism to this impoverished state by replacing existing methods with a system that uses only a tiny fraction of an organisms genome to classify and identify the organism in question (Lipscomb et al. 2003). On the alternate side there are those more adamant who feel that it is not only advantageous but also compulsory to add molecular information to current taxonomy. Proponents of molecular taxonomy are convinced that all hopes for a reliable classification lie in the incorporation of molecular data to in effect generate a taxon “barcode ” (Hebert et al. 2002). The present work is very much a participant in this debate for taxonomic questions are addressed that are explained using both techniques of traditional taxonomy and molecular biology.

The first situation addresses the significance of two cyst types of *M. procerus* in trout-perch. In the original species description of this parasite, Kudo

(1934) described only large intercellular cysts from trout-perch in Illinois. Cone et al. (1997) described what was considered to be a variant of *M. procerus* from Lake Superior involving the majority of the cysts being intracellular in muscle cells with relatively few large intercellular cysts being produced. The present study of host tissue from the St. Lawrence River, Quebec, similarly found both cyst morphotypes co-existing within the single host species. The fact that the two cyst types do not exist independently of each other further suggests polymorphism in cyst development for *M. procerus*.

In contrast to what was reported by Cone et al. (1997) the present morphological comparison of spores from the two cyst types observed that spores from the small, intracellular cysts were shorter than those from the large, intercellular cysts. It appears that site of development has an effect on the morphology of the spores being produced. How does this come about? The life cycle of *M. procerus* is unknown. However, it is assumed that fish acquire infections from invasive actinosporeans released from oligochaetes (Kent et al. 2001). The migrating infective sporoplasm enters individual striated muscle cells and develops or lodges between cells and develops, forming the two cyst types. Implications are that there may be a physical limitation on spore size as a direct effect of the environment within which the spores are located. As might be expected spores contained within the smaller intracellular cysts are indeed shorter than those within the larger intercellular cysts. What the present work suggests is that during development there may be certain physical or chemical limitations in the way of nutrients available to the developing spore that would

affect growth. Previous work has suggested that it is possible that spore dimensions could vary due to developmental temperature, site of infection, host fish parameters and spore age (Yokoyama et al. 1997). Morphological examinations of spores of *Myxobolus koi* in the gills of common carp identified large and small cysts correlated with several distinct differences in their seasonality and mode of development (Yokoyama et al. 1997). It is tempting to suggest that the material studied from the two cyst types of *M. procerus* reflects the process of speciation.

The molecular data acquired in the present work supports the conclusion of ongoing ecophenotypic variation in spores of *M. procerus* depending on cyst type. The sequence data suggests a high degree of homology within the region of the genome that was sequenced. As indicated there is only a 2.1% difference in the SSU 18S rDNA between spores contained within each cyst type. The conclusion is that this is a single species with phenotypic variation. The first reported example of two morphologically distinct spore types that were indistinguishable genetically was described for the aurantiactinomyxons by Hallett et al. (2002). The authors examined a small region of the parasite genome near the 5' end and contend that only a 358-bp region was sufficient to provide information on the variability inherent in different species (Hallett et al. 2002.) Their findings indicate a shared homology between morphologically distinct aurantiactinomyxons of only 42-44% of their bases (Hallett et al. 2002).

The second hypothesis examined in the present thesis involves a presumed single species of *Myxobolus* occupying the same specific tissue but in

separate hosts. Guilford (1967) described *M. neurophilus* in the optic tectum of its parent host the yellow perch. This description is now considered inadequate by present standards because of the lack of accurate photomicrographs of spores in this early work. Guilford (1963) also reported the parasite from the tectum of Johnny darter (*Etheostoma nigrum*) though this was a peremptory conclusion for he failed to provide any morphological information to support the conclusion. Assuming, as Guilford (1963) did, that the species of *Myxobolus* within the neural tissue of Johnny darter was the same as that described for yellow perch, I attempted a detailed analysis of specific genetic regions of the isolates. On a morphological basis the spores of both myxobolids are very similar, however, the SSU 18S rDNA sequence information differs significantly. Using this single genetic region as a taxon criteria places doubt on classifying this particular parasite from Johnny darter as *M. neurophilus*. In fact, it implies that the material collected from Johnny darter is a new species of *Myxobolus*.

Unfortunately we did not have sufficient material for a reliable morphological comparison between spores of *M. neurophilus* from yellow perch and those isolated from Johnny darter. The available material reveals that the spores differ slightly in shape; those of *M. neurophilus* from yellow perch do not have the indent in the shell as it tapers toward the anterior extremity as seen with the presumed new species in Johnny darter. What is interesting is that in this specific feature, spores of *Myxobolus* sp. from Johnny darter are very similar to *M. procerus*. A detailed analysis of the pyriform shape of these myxobolids needs to be completed to reveal the importance of these observations. Recent

information from Dr. Mark Ridgeway in Ontario suggests that there may presently not be any yellow perch in Mykiss Lake, thus supporting the conclusion of a separate species of *Myxobolus* in Johnny darter.

DNA extractions were performed on pooled spores and therefore the possibility of variation within individual samples becomes an issue. To address this a representative number of clones generated from PCR reactions using specific and general myxozoan primers were sequenced and aligned to identify any variations that may exist. Table 3 indicates the clones of *M. procerus* that were aligned to identify sample variation. As indicated, within each cyst phenotype there were no sequence variations suggesting there was no variability within samples. Alignment of clones from those species isolated from yellow perch and Johnny darter are illustrated in Figures 68 and 72 respectively. There are no differences within the three clones of SSU 18S rDNA isolated and sequenced from the yellow perch. There was however two differences noted in clone #3 with primers Act3F-MX3 amplified from Johnny darter. Sequence data from this clone was ambiguous and not as "clean" as that obtained from clones 1 and 2 with the same primer. Thus the consensus sequence from clones 1 and 2 of Johnny darter were used for the alignment against the yellow perch sequences. Differences in clone # 3 from Johnny darter can be attributed to mispriming by the *Taq* polymerase or may be sequencing error resulting in base substitutions however infrequently they do occur. Errors due to *Taq* polymerase is statistically low and not considered a reliable source of sequence variation however this manufacturers claim is not always substantiated.

The phylogenetic tree illustrates the taxonomic placement of a series of myxobolids based upon analysis of SSU 18S rDNA. The tree in Figure 31 is very similar to and defines topologies resembling those generated by Dyková et al. (2002) using the same SSU 18S rDNA sequences that I used in my analysis.

Using the phylogenetic tree as a method of classifying the myxobolids raises many interesting questions. Phylogenetic analyses using the 18S rDNA have grouped morphologically distinct organisms into clades of similar species bringing into question the division of parasites into genera based solely on polar capsule numbers (Whipps et al. 2003). The two morphotypes of *Myxobolus procerus* spores from trout-perch are grouped identically with high bootstrap support. The isolate from Johnny darter falls in with *M. procerus* suggesting a genetic link thus supporting the morphological similarities previously noted. This clade is assigned high bootstrap support, which enhances the reliability of the grouping.

It must be noted that BLAST results do not provide the same information as the phylogenetic analysis program. The BLAST program identifies those sequences that are sufficiently similar to the sequence of interest as compared against the international database at NCBI. The phylogenetic tree program PAUP then provides an illustrated look at the relationships of each of these sequences using a chosen algorithm. This indicates the variability in sequence analysis results that are dependant upon the chosen algorithm.

Myxobolus neurophilus from yellow perch appears independently and more closely aligned to *Myxobolus* sp. in GenBank than to the isolates from

Johnny darter. In fact the yellow perch isolate is not far removed from other brain dwellers including *Myxobolus insidiosus*, *M. arcticus* and *M. neurobius*, the latter two species isolated from the neural tissue of salmon. *Myxobolus neurobius* is also found in the spinal cord of trout and salmon distributed throughout British Columbia and Newfoundland (Lom and Dyková 1992).

The species examined in this thesis all have classic pyriform shaped spores, a characteristic that traditional taxonomy would use to group them together. The molecular data however draws a different picture by examining the SSU 18S rDNA of those species studied. In a less conserved region this would not appear significant but within highly conserved genetic regions differences are significant.

The present work questions the feasibility of clarifying species based on spore morphology or molecular data alone. In my thesis I have identified what appears to be three separate species of *Myxobolus* based upon comparison of morphological and molecular data. What provides the defining criterion when molecular and morphological data disagree? Research by Whipps et al. (2003) identifies a variant of *Kudoa permulticapsula* that is significantly different in morphology than any species of *Kudoa* previously described. However based on the SSU 18S rDNA sequence the authors contend that assigning the myxozoan to a new species (or family) would be unacceptable (Whipps et al. 2003). This thesis suggests that conclusions based solely on the analysis of a single genetic region place doubt on an accurate classification of species of *Myxobolus*.

A reliable taxonomic division cannot be defined unless data from both methods are thoroughly examined. In cases when the molecular data from a single genetic region seriously contradicts morphological information it is suggested that other regions of the genome be explored. Molecular biology has provided a sensitive tool with which to examine an organism at a level separate from traditional techniques. Targeting either conserved or variable genes allow examinations into the similarities between species at precise levels of molecular differentiation. However molecular techniques like traditional methods are simply tools to be used in taxonomy. If the data is sound both morphological and molecular data should be used synergistically and not competitively.

Certainly more information will become available as new techniques are discovered and existing techniques improved however the present state of taxonomy can only be enriched by inclusion of the methods discussed in the present work.

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8. FIGURES

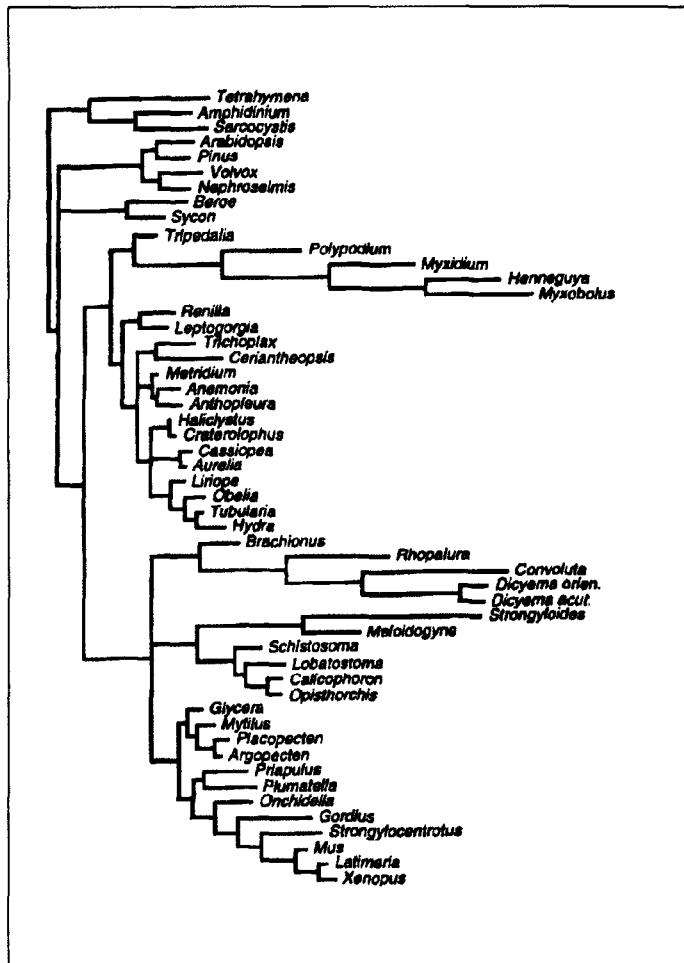


Figure 1. Parsimony analysis of a taxonomically more inclusive molecular data set results in support for the monophyly of the myxozoans with *Polypodium hydriiforme* as well as for the phylum Mesozoa (from Siddall and Whiting, 1999).

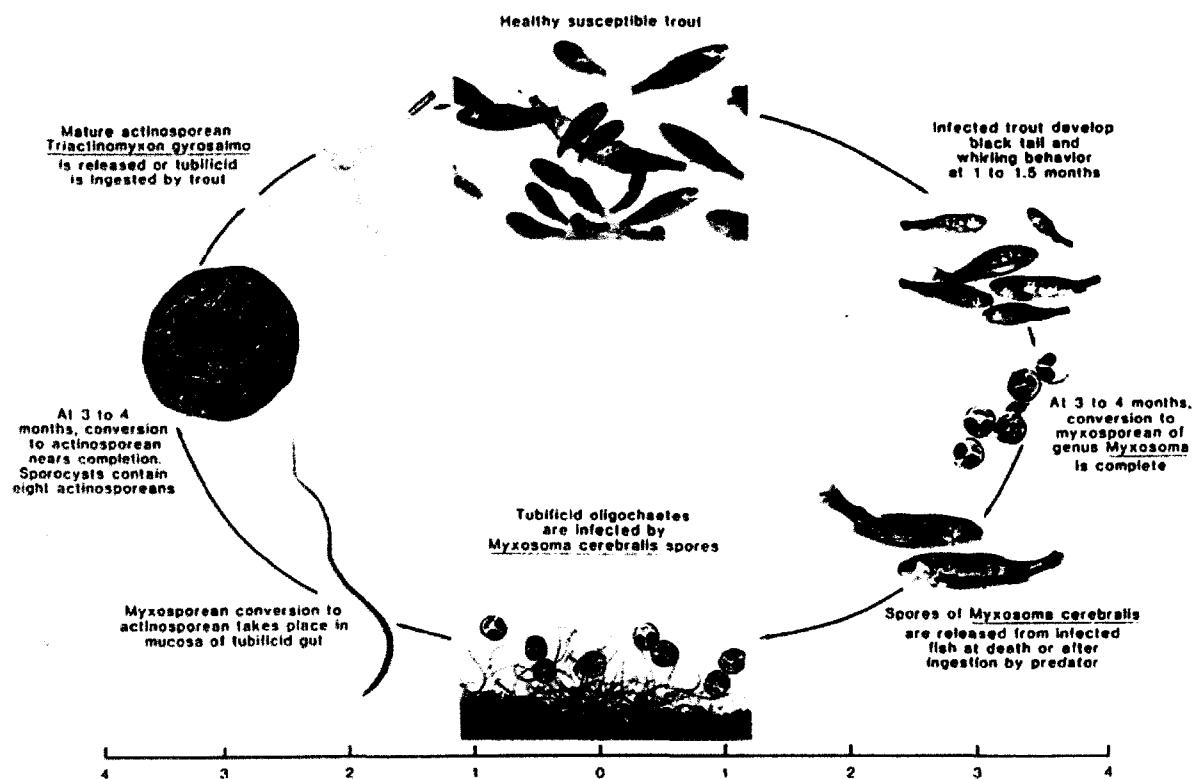


Figure 2. Biphasic life cycle of a myxozoan. From Wolf and Markiw, Science, 1984.



Figure 3. Trout-perch (*Percopsis omiscomaycus*)



Figure 4. Yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*)

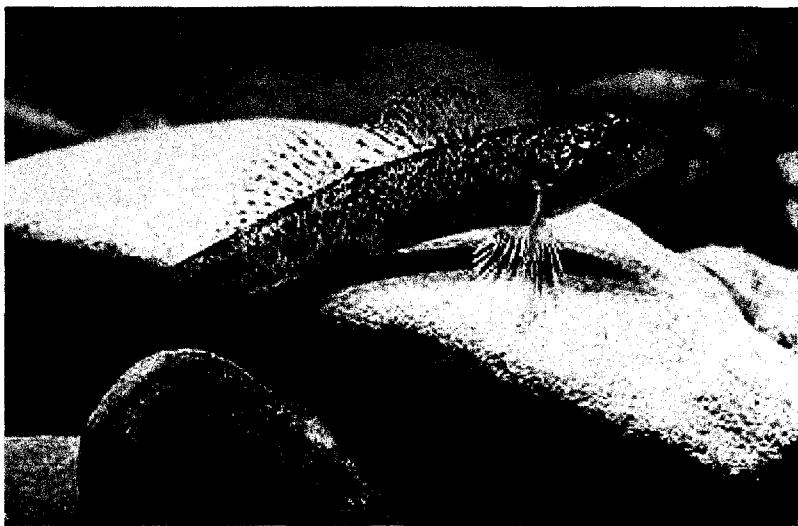


Figure 5. Johnny darter (*Etheostoma nigrum*)

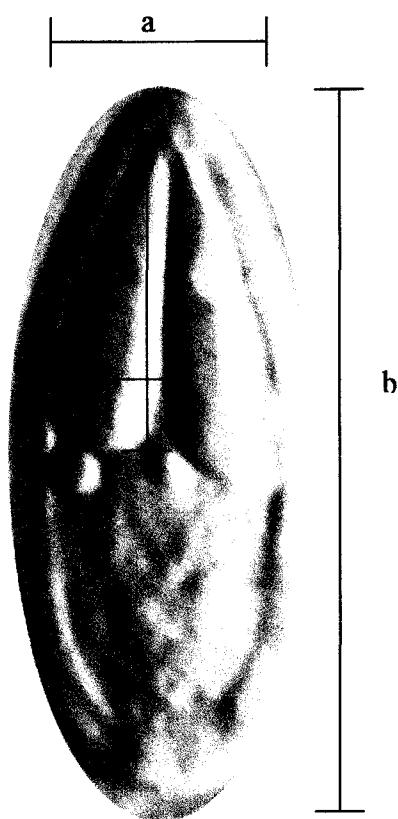


Illustration of spore measurements. a and b indicate width and length respectively. Width of polar capsules inside spores were measured in the same way.

Figure 6. Spore measurement schematic

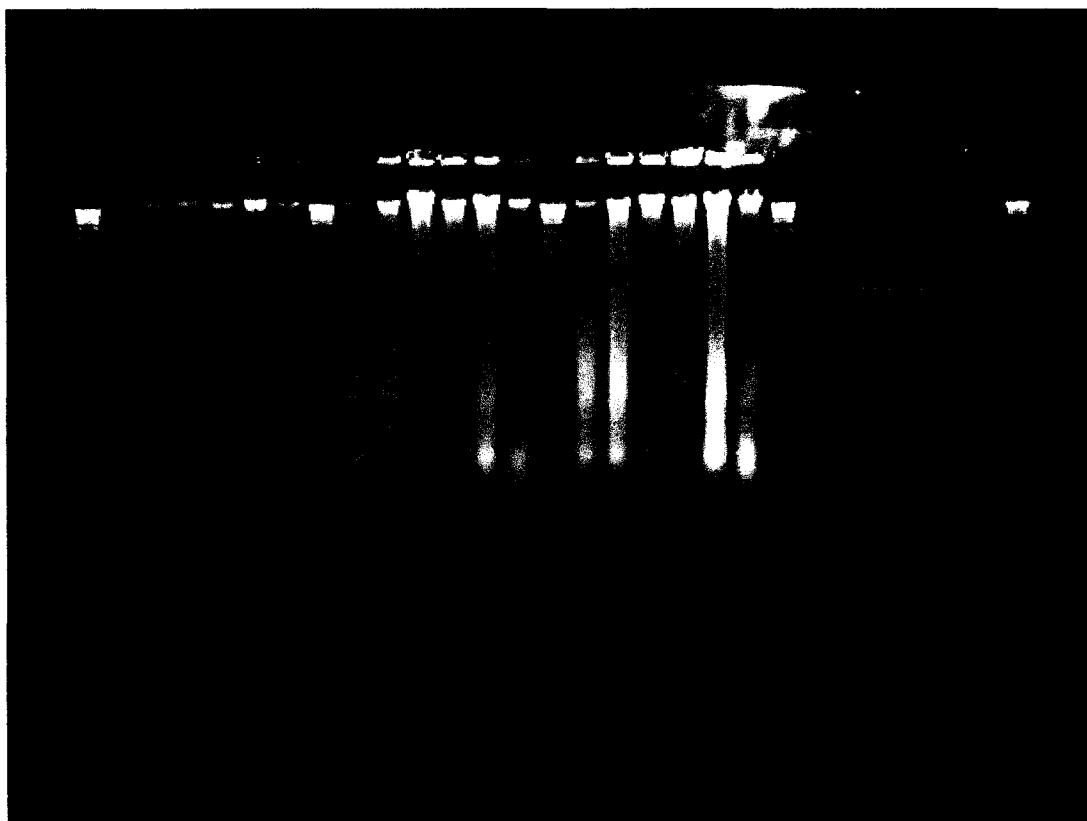


Figure 7. DNA extraction of species of *Myxobolus* using a traditional phenol:chloroform:isoamyl alcohol method. Lanes at right contain pGEM DNA at known concentrations of 10 – 100 nanograms DNA. High molecular weight DNA is evident at the top of the gel with some degradation throughout the lanes. Marker is supercoiled DNA ladder.



Figure 8 a and b. Screening of transformants using Qiagen mini prep kit on left and simple protoplasting method on right. High molecular weight DNA is indicated by comparison with Mass ladder. Inserts are calculated by size of PCR product + Vector. Example: 1.6 kb PCR product + 3.9 kb vector = 5.5 Kb fragment.

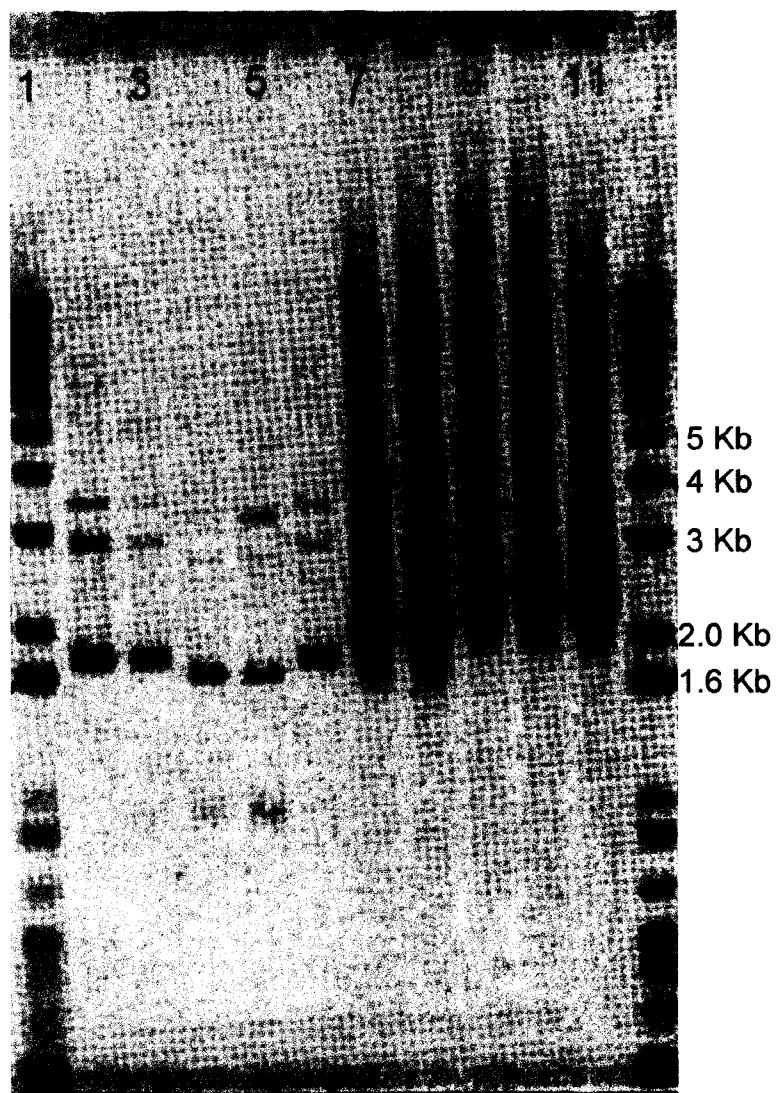


Figure 9. M13 PCR for screening of transformants. Lanes 1 and 12 contain 1 kb+ ladder. The primers amplify regions between M13 forward and reverse and presence of insert is determined by the size of the PCR product + intervening primer sequence. Positive products at between 1.6kb and 2kb are indicated.

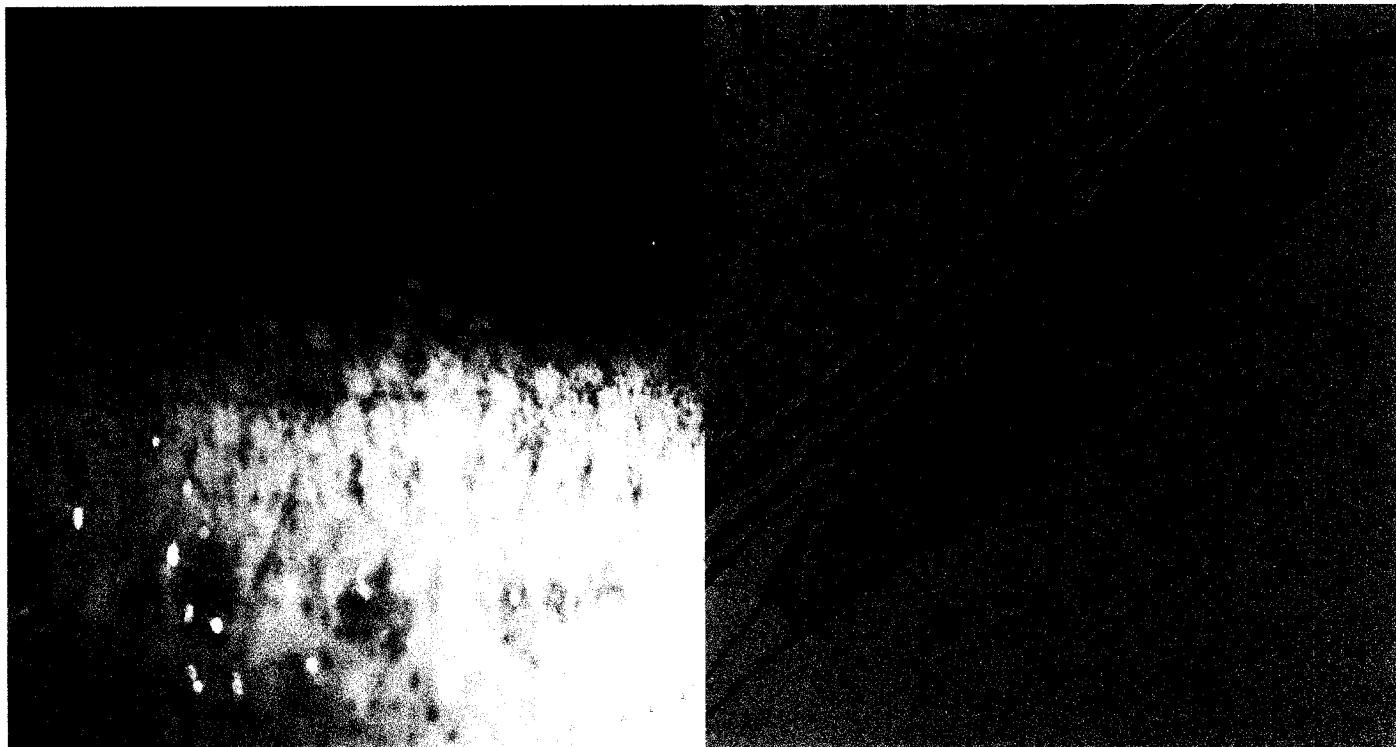


Figure 10. Intercellular cysts of *Myxobolus procerus*. The large cysts containing the parasitic spores in the left illustration are photographed on the surface of the trout-perch alongside the dorsal fin. The picture on the right illustrates a cross-sectional view of the intercellular cysts lying just beneath the epithelium of the host.

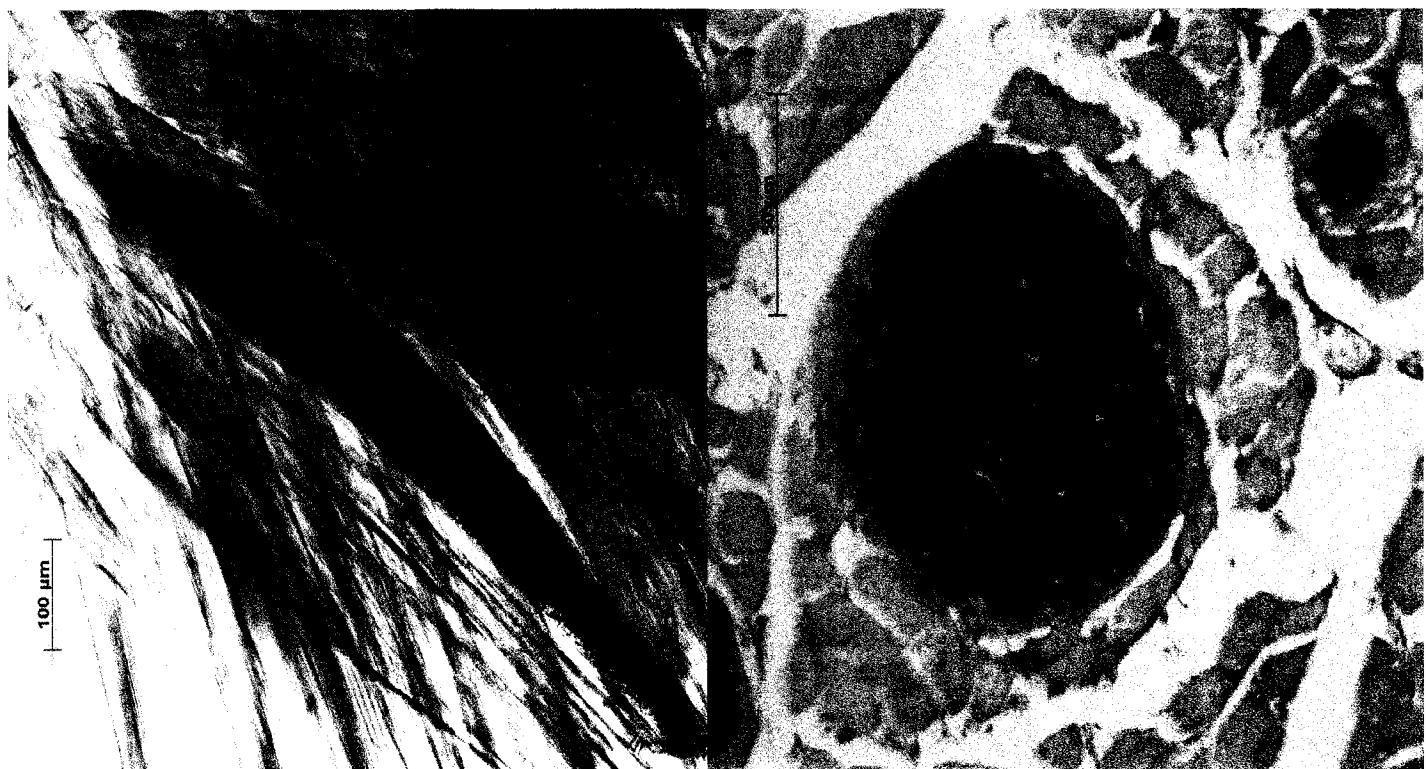


Figure 11. Intracellular cysts of *Myxobolus procerus*. The cyst lies inside of the cell of its host and is clearly fusiform in shape. The picture on the right is a cross sectional view of the developing cyst. Spores are visible as dark oval bodies inside of the cyst.



Figure 12. Spores of *Myxobolus procerus*. The top three spores are from the small intracellular cyst. The bottom three from the large intercellular cysts. Note the elongated spore shapes of those from the larger cysts. Scale bar at left is 10 μm .

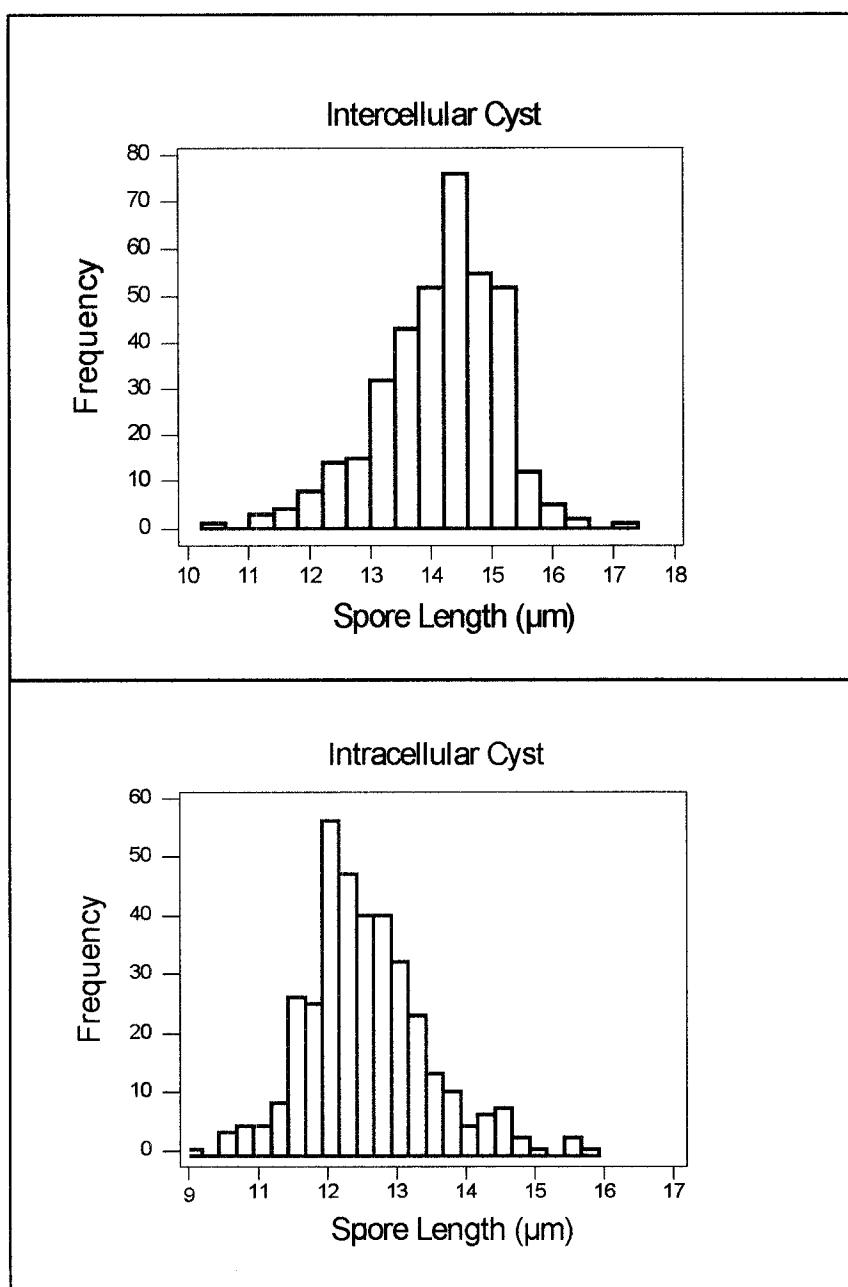


Figure 13. Frequency distributions of spore length within two cyst types of *Myxobolus procerus*. Spores in the larger intercellular cysts have a mean length of 14.5 μm while the smaller intracellular spores have a mean length of 12.0 μm .

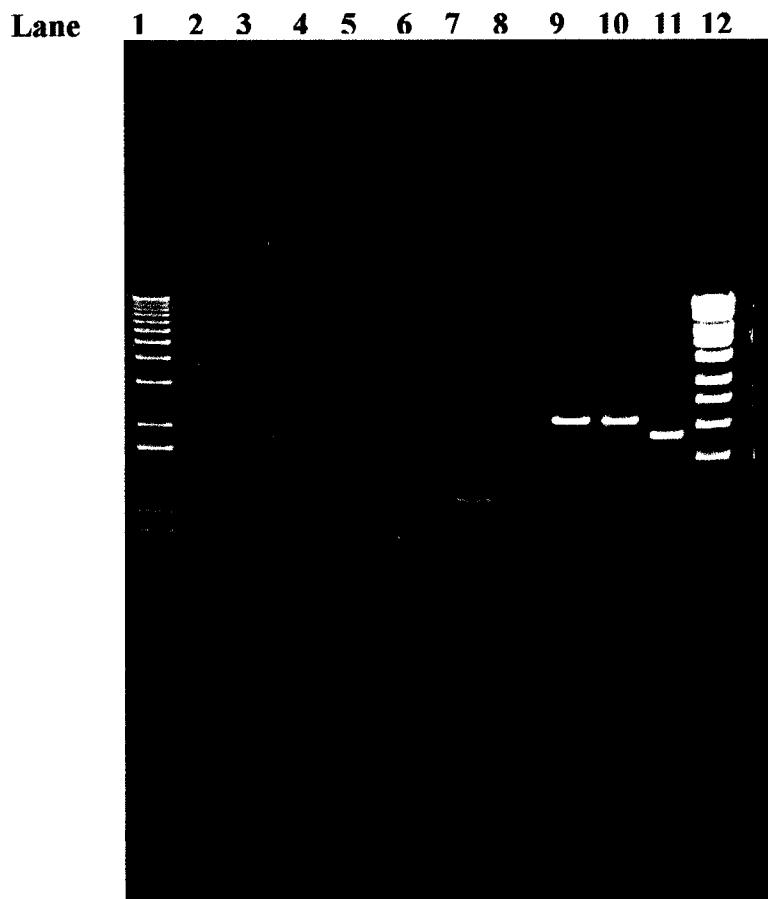


Figure 14. PCR products following amplification of SSU 18S rDNA from species of *Myxobolus*. PCR product using MX3-MX5 primer sets are illustrated in lanes 2-5. Lanes 6-8 with 18e-18m primer set. Lanes 9-11 with primers 18e-Myxgen2r. Lane 1 – 1kb + ladder. Lane - 12 Mass Ladder.

CTGCGGACGGCTCAGTATATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTATGGTTATTGGATAACCGTG
GGAAATCTAGAGCTAATACATGCTATAATGTTGGGTGCGCTGCATTGCCGCATT
ATTAGAGAAATACCAATCGCATGAGCAATCATGTTGGTGAATCTAGATAACTTGCTGATCGC
ATGGCCTTGAGCCGGCGACATTTCGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTATCACCTTGATGCTAGTGA
TTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTAACGGTAACGGAGGATCAGGTTCGATCCCGAGAGGGAGCC
TTAGAAACGGCTACCACATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAGGCGCGCAAATTACCCAAATCCAGACAA
TGGGAGGTGGTGACGAAGAGTACCGGATGACTGATATATTATTAGTCAGTCTGGAATGAAAT
CAATTAAAGCAATTGAGTTGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGTGCAGCAGCCGCGGT
AATTCCAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTCAAAGTTGCTGCGCTTAAAACGCTCGTAGTTGGATGAG
AATCTATATATCGGATAGTTATCTACTAGATTAAGGCTAATTATTACTTATTCGGTGTGCT
TATGGTATCCGGACAATATTGATATTGGTTCAGCTAGTGATAACATTAACGGTATGTAGTA
ATTGCGTATGAGGATGACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGAAGGTCGTGCTCATGGGATGTGC
TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGTCTAAAGCAGGCGTGTGCTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAAC
AATAGTGTAGATGTGATTGAAGATGGTAGTGTATTATTACAATGTAATAGTATACTACTACAA
TATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTCCGTATTGGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGAG
CGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTGGACCTGCACAAG

Figure 15. *Myxobolus procerus* intercellular SSU 18S rDNA consensus sequence.

CTGGCGACGGCTCAGTAAATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTATGGTTATTGGATAACCGT
GGAAATCTAGAGCTAATACATGCTATAATGTTGGGTGTTGCTGCATTAGCCGCATT
TATTAGAGAATAACCAATCGCATGAGCAATCATGTGTGGTGAATCTAGATAACTTGCTGATCG
CATGGCCCTTGAGCCGGCAGATTGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTATCACCTGATGCTAGTGT
ATTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTAACGGGTAACGGAGGATCAGGGTTGATCCCAGGAGAGGGAG
CCTTAGAAACGGCTACCACATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAGGCGCGCAAATTACCAATCCAGAC
AATGGGAGGTGGTGACGAAGAGTACCGGATGACTGATATATTATTAGTCAGTCTGGAAATGAA
ATCAATTAAAGCAATTGAGTTGAGTAACACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGTGCCAGCAGCCGCG
GTAATTCCAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTCAAAGTTGCTGCCTAAAACGCTCGTAGTTGGATG
AGAAACTACATATCGGATAGTTATTACTAGATTAGGACTAATTATTACATATTCCTGTGATG
CTTATGGTATCCGGATAATAGTGTATTGGTTCAACTAGTGATAAACATTAAACTGGTATGTAG
TAATTGCGTATGAGGATGACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGAAGGTCGTCTCATGGGATGT
GCCTTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGTCTCAAAGCAGGCGTGATGCCTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAAC
GAACAATAGTGTAGATGTATTGAAGATGGTAGTGATTATTACAATGTAATAGTATACTACT
ACAATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTTCCGTATTGGGGTACTGATTAAGA
GGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGTATTGCAGCGAGAGTGAATTCTGACCTGCCAAG

Figure 16. *Myxobolus procerus* intracellular small subunit 18S rDNA consensus sequence.

Sequences producing significant alignments		Bit Score	E Value
gi 4103271 gb AF021878.1 <i>Aurantiactinomyxon mississippiensis</i> 18S rDNA	420	e-114	
gi 4103274 gb AF021881.1 <i>Henneguya exilis</i> 18S small subunit rRNA	414	e-112	
gi 11066099 gb AF195510.1 <i>Henneguya ictaluri</i> small subunit rRNA	414	e-112	
gi 23429474 gb AY129317.1 <i>Myxobolus exiguum</i> 18S ribosomal RNA	394	e-106	
gi 23429470 gb AY129314.1 <i>Myxobolus muelleri</i> 18S ribosomal RNA	394	e-106	
gi 23429476 gb AY129318.1 <i>Myxobolus bizerti</i> 18S ribosomal RNA	391	e-105	
gi 23429467 gb AY129312.1 <i>Myxobolus episquamalis</i> 18S ribosomal RNA	375	e-100	
gi 21729516 gb AF378341.2 <i>Myxobolus spinacurvatura</i> 18S ribosomal RNA	359	6e-96	
gi 13172451 gb AF306794.1 AF306794 <i>Henneguya lesteri</i> 18S ribosomal RNA	351	1e-93	
gi 13172453 gb AF306791.1 AF306791 <i>Endocapsa rosulata</i> 18S ribosomal RNA	323	3e-85	

Figure 17. BLAST results for SSU 18S rDNA from spores of *Myxobolus procerus* - Intercellular cyst types of trout-perch.

Sequences producing significant alignments	Bit Score	E Value
gi 4103271 gb AF021878.1 <i>Aurantiactinomyxon mississippiensis</i> ...	436	e-119
gi 4103274 gb AF021881.1 <i>Henneguya exilis</i> 18S small subuni...	430	e-117
gi 11066099 gb AF195510.1 <i>Henneguya ictaluri</i> small subunit...	430	e-117
gi 23429474 gb AY129317.1 <i>Myxobolus exiguum</i> 18S ribosomal ...	412	e-112
gi 23429470 gb AY129314.1 <i>Myxobolus muelleri</i> 18S ribosomal...	412	e-112
gi 23429476 gb AY129318.1 <i>Myxobolus bizerti</i> 18S ribosomal ...	406	e-110
gi 23429467 gb AY129312.1 <i>Myxobolus episquamalis</i> 18S ribos...	392	e-106
gi 21729516 gb AF378341.2 <i>Myxobolus spinacurvatura</i> 18S rib...	377	e-101
gi 13172451 gb AF306794.1 AF306794 <i>Henneguya lesteri</i> 18S ri...	367	2e-98
gi 13172453 gb AF306791.1 AF306791 <i>Endocapsa rosulata</i> 18S r...	339	6e-90

Figure 18. BLAST results for SSU 18S rDNA from spores of *Myxobolus procerus* - Intracellular cyst types of trout-perch.

Intercellular CTGCGGACGGCTCAGTATATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTATGGTTA
 Intracellular CTGCGGACGGCTCAGTAAATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTATGGTTA

Intercellular TTGGATAACCGTGGGAAATCTAGAGCTAATACATGCTATAATGTTGGGTG
 Intracellular TTGGATAACCGTGGGAAATCTAGAGCTAATACATGCTATAATGTTGGGTG

Intercellular TGGTCGCTGCATTCCAGCCGCATTTATTAGAGAATACCAATCGCATGAGC
 Intracellular TGGTCGCTGCATTCCAGCCGCATTTATTAGAGAATACCAATCGCATGAGC

Intercellular AATCATGTGTGGTGAATCTAGATAACTTGTGATCGCATGCCCTTGAG
 Intracellular AATCATGTGTGGTGAATCTAGATAACTTGTGATCGCATGCCCTTGAG

Intercellular CCGGCACATTCGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTACACCTTGATGCTAGTGTA
 Intracellular CCGGCACATTCGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTACACCTTGATGCTAGTGTA

Intercellular TTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTAACGGGTAACGGAGGATCAGG -TTCGATCCCG
 Intracellular TTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTAACGGGTAACGGAGGATCAGGTTCGATCCCG

Intercellular GAGAGGGAGCCTTAGAAACGGCTACCACATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAGGCGC
 Intracellular GAGAGGGAGCCTTAGAAACGGCTACCACATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAGGCGC

Intercellular GCAAATTACCAATCCAGACAATGGGAGGTGGTGACGAAGAGTACCGGAT
 Intracellular GCAAATTACCAATCCAGACAATGGGAGGTGGTGACGAAGAGTACCGGAT

Intercellular GACTGATATATTATTAGTCAGTCTGGAATGAAATCAATTAAAGCAATTGA
 Intracellular GACTGATATATTATTAGTCAGTCTGGAATGAAATCAATTAAAGCAATTGA

Intercellular GTTGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGTGCCAGCAGCCGCGGTAAATT
 Intracellular GTTGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGTGCCAGCAGCCGCGGTAAATT

Intercellular CAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTCAAAGTTGCGCTTAAACGCTCGTAGTT
 Intracellular CAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTCAAAGTTGCGCTTAAACGCTCGTAGTT

Intercellular GGATGAGAAATCTATATATCGGATAGTTATCTACTAGATTAAAGGCTAATT
 Intracellular GGATGAGAAACTACATATCGGATAGTTATCTACTAGATTAAAGGCTAATT

Intercellular ATTACTTATTCGCGTATGGTATCCGGACAATATTGATATTGGT
 Intracellular ATTACATATTCGCGTATGGTATCCGGACAATATTGATATTGGT

Intercellular TCAGCTAGTGATAAACATTAAACTGGTATGAGTAATTGCGTATGAGGATG
 Intracellular TCAACTAGTGATAAACATTAAACTGGTATGAGTAATTGCGTATGAGGATG

Intercellular ACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGAAGGTGCGTCTCATGGGATGTGC -TTG
 Intracellular ACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGAAGGTGCGTCTCATGGGATGTGCCTTG

Intercellular AGTAAATCAGAGTGTCAAAGCAGGCGTATGCCCTGAATGTTGATAGCAT
 Intracellular AGTAAATCAGAGTGTCAAAGCAGGCGTATGCCCTGAATGTTGATAGCAT

Intercellular GGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGATGTGTATTGAAGATGGTAGTGTATTATTAC
 Intracellular GGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGATGTGTATTGAAGATGGTAGTGTATTATTAC

Intercellular AATGTAATAGTATACTACTACAATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGA
 Intracellular AATGTAATAGTATACTACTACAATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGA

Intercellular TGTTGGTCCGTATTGGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGATTG
 Intracellular TGTTGGTCCGTATTGGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGATTG

Intercellular GTATTTGGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTGGACCTGCACAAG
 Intracellular - TATT-- GCAGCGAGAG -TGAA -TTCT -- GACCTGC - CAAG

Figure 19. Clustal X alignment of *Myxobolus procerus* small subunit 18S rDNA obtained from spores contained within intercellular and intracellular cysts in trout-perch. Differences are noted in red.

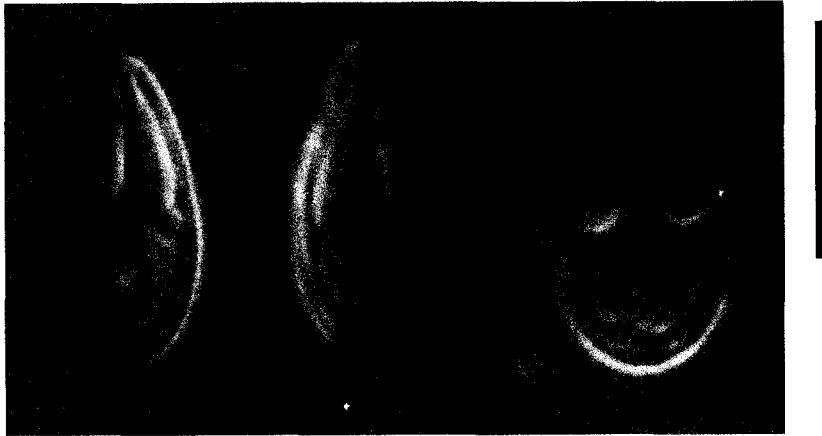


Figure 20. Spores of *Myxobolus neurophilus* from yellow perch. Polar capsules appear as raised oval shaped structures uneven in size. Scale bar at right is 10 μm .



Figure 21. Spores of *Myxobolus* sp. from Johnny darter. Scale bar at right is 10 μm .

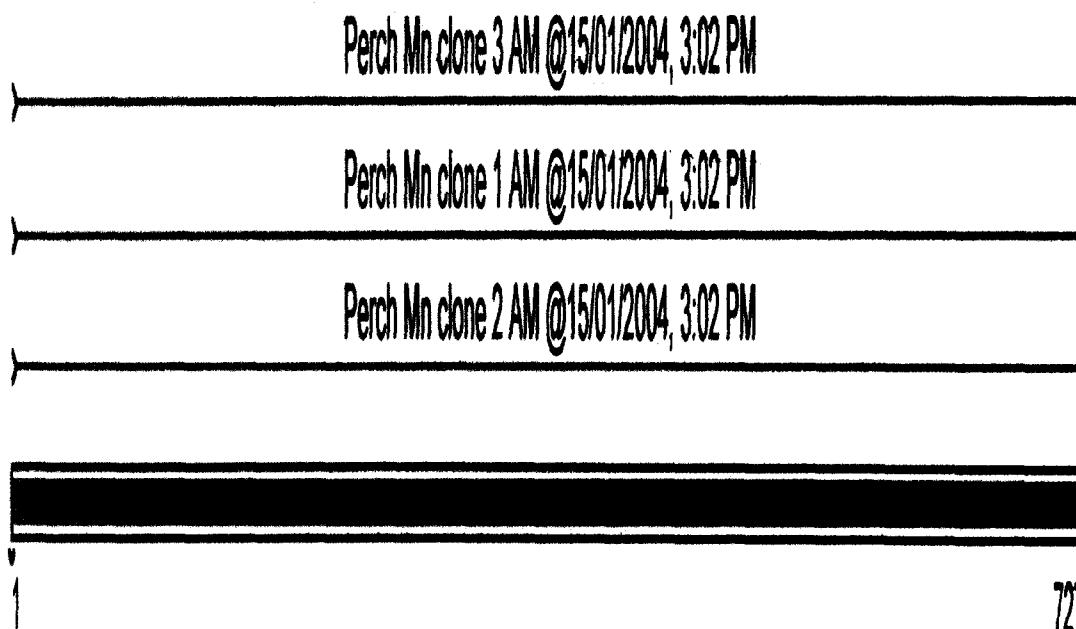


Figure 22. Clones of *Myxobolus neurophilus* from yellow perch. Three clones from a single primer set with ambiguous regions removed. There were no differences.

TGCAATGTTGACTGGAGGGAAAGTGCAACTTCAACACCCATCCACACCAAGCATGTCATAA
ACACACCCAATGCTTCAGAGTATCTCTTACACCTTACCAACAATTCAAATCATATCAATACA
GACCTGTTACAGTCTATAAAGAAGATTGAATTACTCCAGCTCGTCAAATGGAGATTGTGAT
CTCGTCCGTTACCGGAATAAACCTGACAAATCCTCACGAACTAAGAACGCCATGCACCA
CCAATCACCAGATCATGTAAGATCTTCGGTCTGACAATCCTTTGATGTCCTGATCCGGTAAG
TTTCCCCTGTTGAGTCAAATTAAAGCCGCAGGCTCACCCTGGTGGTGCCTTCCGTCAAT
TCCTTAAGTTTCAGCCTTGCACCATACTCCCCCGCAACCGAAAAACTTAGG:TTTCCC
GGGGGACCAACCCAAGCCGTAATAATAAGGCATAGGACTAATCCGGTCTGGCATAGTTA
CAGTGAGAACTAGGACGGTATCTGATCGTCTCGAACCTCTCACTATCGTTCTGATTAATG
GATACGGTCTGGACAAATGCCTTCGCATTGTTAGTCTTGGCAGGTCCAAGAATTTCACCT
CTCGCTGCCAATACCAATGCCCAACCGCTCCTTAATCAGTTACCCAAATACGGAACC
AACATCCGTAATTGGCGGTCGGTGGCATATTGAAG

Figure 23. DNA sequence of small subunit 18S rDNA from yellow perch isolates.

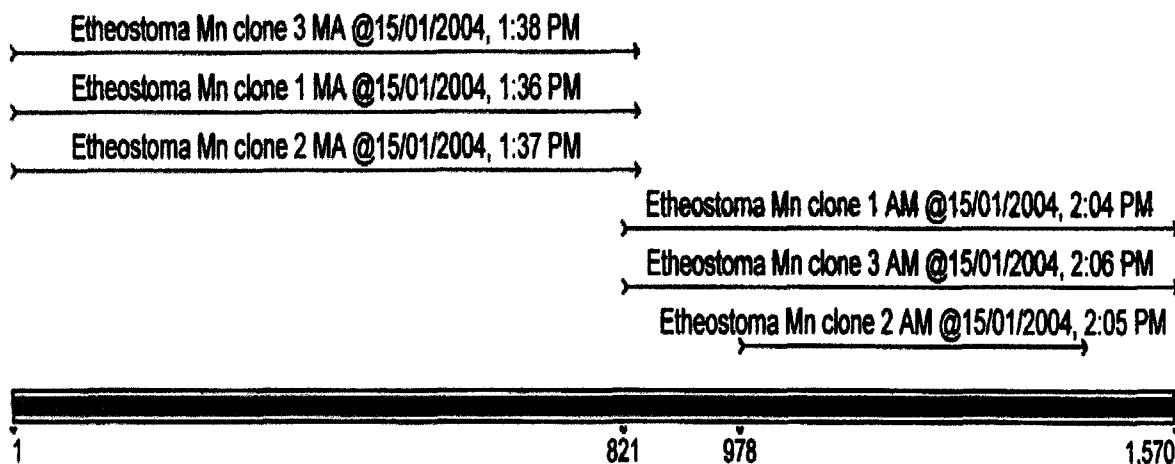


Figure 24. Clones of *Myxobolus* sp. from Johnny darter. Three clones from each of two primer sets with ambiguous regions removed. Differences are noted in text.

CTAACATGCTGGATGTAGCTTGCACATTGGCCGCATTATTAGATAATACCAATCACATGA
GCAATCATGTGTGATGAATCTAGATAACTTGCTGATCGCATGACCTTGTGTCGGCGACATT
CGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTATCACTGATGCTAGTGTATTGAACTAGCATGGAGTTACGGGT
AACGGAGGATCAGGGTCGATCCCAGAGAGGGAGCCTAGAAACGGCTACCACATCCAAG
GAAGGCAGCAGGCCGCAAATTACCAATCCAGACAATGGGAGGTGGTACCGAAGAGTAC
CGGATGACTAAAAAATTTCAGTCAGTCTGGATGAAATCAATTAAAGCAATTGAGTTGAGT
AACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGTGCAGCAGCCGCGTAATTCCAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGT
TCAAAGTTGCTGCCTGAAACGCTCGTAGTTGGATGAGAAACTACACATTGGATAGTTATT
TCTAGGTTATAGACTACATATTTCGTATATCTGTGATGCTTCAGTGTCCAGATAATATGGGT
ATTAGTTGAACTAGTAGTAACATATAACTGGTGTGAGTAATTGCGTATGAGAATGATCATTG
ACCTTGAGTGTGTTGAAGATCGTGTCTATGGGATGTGCCTTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAA
AGCAGGCGTTAGCCTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGATGTATTGAA
GATGGTAGTATGTTATTATAACTTAATAATATACTACTACAATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATT
ACGGATGTTGGTCCGTATTGGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATT
GGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTGGACCTGCCAAGGACTAACAAATGCGAAGGCATTGTC
AGACCGTATCCATTAAATCAAGAACGATAGTGAGAGGTTGAGACGATCAGATACCGTCTA
GTTCTCACTGTAACATATGCCGACCCGGGATTAGTCCTATGCCATTTCAGGCTTGGGTT
GGTCCCCCTGGAAACCTAAAGTTTCGTTGCGGGGGAGTATGGTCGCAAGGCTGAAA
CTTAAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGACCACCAAGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATTGACTAA
CACGGGAAAACCTACCGGATCAGGACATCAAAGGATTGTGAGACCGAAGATCTTACATGAT
CTGGTGAUTGGTGGTGCATGGCCGTTCTAGTTGCTGAAGTGATTGTCAGGTTATTCCGG
TAACGGACGAGATCACAATCTCCATTGACGAACGGAGTAAATGCAAATAGTCATAATTAA
TGTAAAAGATTGATTGTGATATGTTGCAATTGTTGGTAAATGTGAAAGATATAATCATAAT
GATGAAATATAGGGTAAAAACTATTGAATTAGAATGAGTATGGAAGTTATTTCACCTCCA
GTTAAACAGTGTAGTTAACCTTAACTGTGTGCTGTATCATGGAGAGACAACGGAAATAAT
AAAAATCGAGGAA

Figure 25. DNA sequence of small subunit 18S rDNA myxobolid sp. from Johnny darter.

Sequences producing significant alignments	Bit Score	E Value
gi 18071158 gb AF378344.1 <i>Henneguya zschorkei</i> 18S ribosoma...	<u>428</u>	e-117
gi 27369410 gb AY165182.1 <i>Henneguya weishanensis</i> 18S ribos...	<u>420</u>	e-114
gi 11066099 gb AF195510.1 <i>Henneguya ictaluri</i> small subunit...	<u>412</u>	e-112
gi 18071167 gb AF378353.1 <i>Neoactinomyxum</i> sp. KAB-2001 18S ...	<u>412</u>	e-112
gi 13172455 gb AF306793.1 AF306793 <i>Tetraspora discoidea</i> 18S...	<u>412</u>	e-112
gi 13172454 gb AF306792.1 AF306792 <i>Triactinomyxon</i> sp. 18S r...	<u>412</u>	e-112
gi 13172451 gb AF306794.1 AF306794 <i>Henneguya lesteri</i> 18S ri...	<u>412</u>	e-112
gi 4103271 gb AF021878.1 <i>Aurantiactinomyxon mississippiens...</i>	<u>404</u>	e-110
gi 13172452 gb AF306790.1 AF306790 <i>Sphaeractinomyxon ersei</i> ...	<u>404</u>	e-110
gi 4103274 gb AF021881.1 <i>Henneguya exilis</i> 18S small subuni...	<u>396</u>	e-107
gi 21729516 gb AF378341.2 <i>Myxobolus spinacurvatura</i> 18S rib...	<u>396</u>	e-107
gi 18071170 gb AF378356.1 <i>Aurantiactinomyxon</i> sp. KAB-2001 ...	<u>391</u>	e-105
gi 18071166 gb AF378352.1 <i>Raabeia</i> sp. KAB-2001 18S ribosom...	<u>391</u>	e-105
gi 18071151 gb AF378337.1 <i>Myxobolus ichkeulensis</i> 18S ribos...	<u>391</u>	e-105
gi 23429476 gb AY129318.1 <i>Myxobolus bizerti</i> 18S ribosomal ...	<u>375</u>	e-101

Figure 26. BLAST results for small subunit 18S rDNA sequence from yellow perch isolates against those sequences available in GenBank.

Sequences producing significant alignments	Bit Score	E Value
gi 27369410 gb AY165182.1 <i>Henneguya weishanensis</i> 18S ribos...	434	e-118
gi 11066099 gb AF195510.1 <i>Henneguya ictaluri</i> small subunit...	426	e-116
gi 18071167 gb AF378353.1 <i>Neoactinomyxum</i> sp. KAB-2001 18S ...	426	e-116
gi 13172455 gb AF306793.1 AF306793 <i>Tetraspora discoidea</i> 18S...	426	e-116
gi 13172454 gb AF306792.1 AF306792 <i>Triactinomyxon</i> sp. 18S r...	426	e-116
gi 13172451 gb AF306794.1 AF306794 <i>Henneguya lesteri</i> 18S ri...	426	e-116
gi 4103271 gb AF021878.1 <i>Aurantiactinomyxon mississippiens...</i>	418	e-113
gi 13172452 gb AF306790.1 AF306790 <i>Sphaeractinomyxon ersei ...</i>	418	e-113
gi 4103274 gb AF021881.1 <i>Henneguya exilis</i> 18S small subuni...	410	e-111
gi 21729516 gb AF378341.2 <i>Myxobolus spinacurvatura</i> 18S rib...	410	e-111
gi 18071170 gb AF378356.1 <i>Aurantiactinomyxon</i> sp. KAB-2001 ...	404	e-109
gi 18071166 gb AF378352.1 <i>Raabeia</i> sp. KAB-2001 18S ribosom...	404	e-109
gi 23429472 gb AY129315.1 <i>Myxobolus ichkeulensis</i> 18S ribos...	404	e-109
gi 23429474 gb AY129317.1 <i>Myxobolus exiguum</i> 18S ribosomal ...	402	e-109
gi 23429470 gb AY129314.1 <i>Myxobolus muelleri</i> 18S ribosomal...	402	e-109

Figure 27. BLAST results for myxobolid small subunit 18S rDNA sequence from Johnny darter against those sequences available in GenBank.

Perch GTTCCGTATTGGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATT
 Etheostoma GTTCCGTATTGGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATT

Perch TGGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTTGGACCTGCCAAGGACTAACAAATGCGA
 Etheostoma TGGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTTGGACCTGCCAAGGACTAACAAATGCGA

Perch AGGCATTTGCCAGACCGTATCCATTAATCAAGAACGATAGTGAGAGGTT
 Etheostoma AGGCATTTGCCAGACCGTATCCATTAATCAAGAACGATAGTGAGAGGTT

Perch CGAAGACGATCAGATAACCGTCTAGTTCTCACTGTAAACTATGCCGACCC
 Etheostoma CGAAGACGATCAGATAACCGTCTAGTTCTCACTGTAAACTATGCCGACCC

Perch GGGATTAGTCCTATGCCCTATTATTACGGCTGGGTTGGCCCCCTGGGA
 Etheostoma GGGATTAGTCCTATGCCCTATTATTACGGCTGGGTTGGCCCCCTGGGA

Perch AACCTAAAGTTTCGGTTGCAGGGGGAGTATGGTCGCAAGGCTGAAACT
 Etheostoma AACCTAAAGTTTCGGTTGCAGGGGGAGTATGGTCGCAAGGCTGAAACT

Perch TAAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCACCACCAGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAAT
 Etheostoma TAAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCACCACCAGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAAT

Perch TTGACTCACACGGAAAACCTACCGGATCAGGACATCAAAGGATTGTC
 Etheostoma TTGACTCACACGGAAAACCTACCGGATCAGGACATCAAAGGATTGTC

Perch AGACCGAAGATCTTACATGATCTGGTATTGGTGGCATGGCGTTCTT
 Etheostoma AGACCGAAGATCTTACATGATCTGGTATTGGTGGCATGGCGTTCTT

Perch AGTCGTGAAGTGATTGTCAGGTTATTCCGTAACGGACGAGATCACA
 Etheostoma AGTCGTGAAGTGATTGTCAGGTTATTCCGTAACGGACGAGATCACA

Perch ATCTCCATTGACGAGCTGGAGTAAATGCAAATCTCTTATAGACTGTA
 Etheostoma ATCTCCATTGACGAACGGAGTAAATGCAAATAGTCATAATTATTGTA

Perch ACAGGTCTGTAT- TGATATG- ATTTGAATTGTTGTAAGGTGTGAAAGAG
 Etheostoma AAAGATCTGATTGTGATATGTATTGCATTGTTAAAATGTGAAAGAT

Perch ATACTC-----TGAAGCATTGGGTGTGTTATGAC- ATGCTTGGTGTG
 Etheostoma ATAATCATAATGATGAAATATAGGGTA-----AAAACATA TTGAATTAG

Perch GATGGGTGTTGAAGTTGCACTTCCCTCCAGTCAAACATTGCATGG
 Etheostoma AATGAGTATGGAAGTTATTTACCTCCAGT TAAACAGTGTATAG

Figure 28. Clustal X alignment of *Myxobolus* SSU 18S rDNA Isolated from yellow perch and Johnny darter. Data was obtained from sequencing of PCR products using myxozoan specific primers Act3F-MX3. Differences are noted in red.

Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	GATAACCGTGGAAATCTAGAGCTAATACATGCTATAATGTTGGGTG GATAACCGTGGAAATCTAGAGCTAATACATGCTATAATGTTGGGTG GATAACCGTGGAAATCTAGAGCTAATACATGCTAACATGCTGGATG
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	TGGTCGCTGCATTAGCCGCATTATTAGAG-AATACCAATCGCATG TGGTCGCTGCATTAGCCGCATTATTAGAG-AATACCAATCGCATG TAGCTTGCTACATTGCCGCATTATTAGATTAATACCAATCACATG
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	AGCAATCATGTGTGGTGAATCTAGATAACTTGCTGATCGCATGCCCTT AGCAATCATGTGTGGTGAATCTAGATAACTTGCTGATCGCATGCCCTT AGCAATCATGTGTGATGAATCTAGATAACTTGCTGATCGCATGACCTT-
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	GAGCCGGCGACATTCGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTATCACCTTGATGCTAGT GAGCCGGCGACATTCGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTATCACCTTGATGCTAGT GTGTCGGCGACATTCGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTATCACCTTGATGCTAGT
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	GTATTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTAACGGGTAACGGAGGATCAGG-TTCGATC GTATTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTAACGGGTAACGGAGGATCAGGGTTCGATC GTATTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTTACGGGTAACGGAGGATCAGGGTTCGATC
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	CCGGAGAGGGAGCCTAGAAAACGGTACCAACATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAG CCGGAGAGGGAGCCTAGAAAACGGTACCAACATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAG CCGGAGAGGGAGCCTAGAAAACGGTACCAACATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAG
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	GCGCGCAAATTACCAATCCAGACAATGGGAGGTGGTGACGAAGAGTAC GCGCGCAAATTACCAATCCAGACAATGGGAGGTGGTGACGAAGAGTAC GCGCGCAAATTACCAATCCAGACAATGGGAGGTGGTGACGAAGAGTAC
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	CGGATGACTGATATTATT-AGTCAGTCTGGAATGAAATCAATTAAAGC CGGATGACTGATATTATT-AGTCAGTCTGGAATGAAATCAATTAAAGC CGGATGACTAAAAAATTAGTCAGTCTGGAATGAAATCAATTAAAGC
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	AATTGAGTTGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGTGCCAGCAGCCGCG AATTGAGTTGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGTGCCAGCAGCCGCG AATTGAGTTGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGTGCCAGCAGCCGCG
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	TAATTCCAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTAAAGTTGCTGCCCTAAACGCTC TAATTCCAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTAAAGTTGCTGCCCTAAACGCTC TAATTCCAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTAAAGTTGCTGCCCTAAACGCTC
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	GTAGTTGGATGAGAAATCTATATCGGATAGTTACTAGATTAAAGG GTAAGTTGGATGAGAAACTACATATCGGATAGTTACTAGATTAGGA GTAAGTTGGATGAGAAACTACACATTGGATAGTTATTCTAGGTTATAGA
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	CTAATTATTA-CTTATTCCTGATGCTTATGGTATCCGGACAATA TTGA CTAATTATTA-CATATTCCTGATGCTTATGGTATCCGGATAATA GTGA CTACATATTCGTATATCTGTGATGCTTCAGTGTCCAGATAATATGGG
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	TATTGGTCAGCTAGTGATAACATTAAACTGGTATGTAGTAATTGCGTAT TATTGGTCAGCTAGTGATAACATTAAACTGGTATGTAGTAATTGCGTAT TATTAGTTGAACTAGTAGTAACATATACTGGTGTGAGTAATTGCGTAT
Intercellular Intracellular Etheostoma	GAGGATGACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGAAGGTCGTCTCATGGGATG GAGGATGACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGAAGGTCGTCTCATGGGATG GAGAATGATCATTGACCTTGAGTGTGTTGAAGATCGTGTCTCATGGGATG

Intercellular	TGCCTTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGCCTGATGCCTGAATGTTG
Intracellular	TGCCTTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGCCTGATGCCTGAATGTTG
Etheostoma	TGCCTTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGCCTGATGCCTGAATGTTA
Intercellular	ATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGATGTATTGAAGATGGTAGTGTAA
Intracellular	ATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGATGTATTGAAGATGGTAGTGTAA
Etheostoma	ATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGATGTATTGAAGATGGTAGTATGAA
Intercellular	TTATTACAATGTAATAGTATACTACTACAATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAA
Intracellular	TTATTACAATGTAATAGTATACTACTACAATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAA
Etheostoma	TTATTATAACTTAATAATATACTACTACAATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAA
Intercellular	TTACGGATGTTGGTCCGTATTGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGGAGCGGTTGG
Intracellular	TTACGGATGTTGGTCCGTATTGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGGAGCGGTTGG
Etheostoma	TTACGGATGTTGGTCCGTATTGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGGAGCGGTTGG
Intercellular	GGGCATTGGTATTGGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTTGACCTGCACAAG
Intracellular	GGGCATTGGTATTGGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTTGACCTGCACAAG
Etheostoma	GGGCATTGGTATTGGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTTGACCTGC-CAAG

Figure 29. Clustal X Alignment of *Myxobolus procerus* SSU 18S rDNA from both cyst types in trout-perch with homologous region isolated from Johnny darter. Differences are noted in red. There are 52 differences out of a total of approximately 989 basepairs or a 5.2% difference.

Intercellular	TCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTATGGTTA
Intracellular	TCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTATGGTTA
Perch	CCA--TGCAAT--GTTGACTG----GA---
Intercellular	TTGGATAACCGTGGGAAATCTAGAGCTAACATGCTATAATGTTGGGTG
Intracellular	TTGGATAACCGTGGGAAATCTAGAGCTAACATGCTATAATGTTGGGTG
Perch	--GGGAAAGTGC---AACTCAACACCCATCCACACCA-----AGCA
Intercellular	TGGTCGCTGCATTCAGCCGCATTATTAGAGAATACCAATCGCA--TGA
Intracellular	TGGTCGCTGCATTCAGCCGCATTATTAGAGAATACCAATCGCA--TGA
Perch	TG--TCA-TAAACACACCCA-ATGCTTCAGAGTATCTCTTCACACCTTA
Intercellular	GCAATCATGTGTGGTGAATCTAGATAACTTGTGATCGCATGGCCTTG
Intracellular	GCAATCATGTGTGGTGAATCTAGATAACTTGTGATCGCATGGCCTTG
Perch	CCAACAATTCAAATCATATCAATACAGACCTGTT-----ACAGTCTATA
Intercellular	AGCCGGCGACATTCGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTATCACCTTGATGCTAGTG
Intracellular	AGCCGGCGACATTCGATTGAGTTCTGCCCTATCACCTTGATGCTAGTG
Perch	AA--GAAGAT-----TTGAATT-----ACTCCAGCT
Intercellular	TATTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTAACGGTAACGGAGGATCAGG-TTCGATCC
Intracellular	TATTGAACTAGCATGGGAGTAACGGTAACGGAGGATCAGGTTGATCC
Perch	CGTAAA-----TGGAGATTGTG-----ATCTCG-TCCGTTAC
Intercellular	CGGAGAGGGAGCCTTAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAGG
Intracellular	CGGAGAGGGAGCCTTAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGGAAGGCAGCAGG
Perch	CGGAATA--AACCTGACAAATCACT-TCACGAACTAAGAACGGC--CATG
Intercellular	CGC-GCAAATTACCAATCCAGACAATGGGAGGTGGT--GACGAAGAGTA
Intracellular	CGC-GCAAATTACCAATCCAGACAATGGGAGGTGGT--GACGAAGAGTA
Perch	CACCACCAATCACCAGATC-----ATGTAAGATCTCGGTCTGACAATC
Intercellular	CCG--GATGAC-TGATATATTATTAGTCAGTCTGGAATGAAATCAATTAA
Intracellular	CCG--GATGAC-TGATATATTATTAGTCAGTCTGGAATGAAATCAATTAA
Perch	CTTTTGATGTCCTGATCCGTA--AGTTT-TCCCGTGTGAGTCAAATTA
Intercellular	AGCAATTGAGTTGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGGCCAGCAGCCG
Intracellular	AGCAATTGAGTTGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAAGTCTGGGCCAGCAGCCG
Perch	AGCCGCAGGCT---CCACCCCTGG-----TGGTGCC--CTTCCG
Intercellular	CGGTAATTCCAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTCAAAGTTGCTGGCCTAAAACG
Intracellular	CGGTAATTCCAGCTCCAGTAGCGTGTCTCAAAGTTGCTGGCCTAAAACG
Perch	T--CAATTCC---TTTAA-----GTTTCAGCCTTGCAC-CATACTCCC
Intercellular	CTCGTAGTTGGATGAGAATCTATATATCGGATAGTTATCTACTAGATTAA
Intracellular	CTCGTAGTTGGATGAGAAACTACATATCGGATAGTTATTTACTAGATTAA
Perch	CCCGCAACCGAA---AAACTTTA---GG-----TTTCCCAGG---G
Intercellular	AGGCTAATTATTACTTATTCCGTGATGCTTATGGTATCCGGACAATATT
Intracellular	GGACTAATTATTACATATTCCGTGATGCTTATGGTATCCGGATAATAGT
Perch	GGACCAACC---CAAG---CCGTAATAAT-AAGGCATAGGACTAACCCC
Intercellular	GATATTGGTTCAGCT---AGTGATAACATTAAACTGGTATGTAGTAATTG
Intracellular	GATATTGGTTCAACT---AGTGATAACATTAAACTGGTATGTAGTAATTG
Perch	GG-GTCGGCATAGTTACAGTGAGAAC--TAGGACGGTATCTG---ATCG

Intercellular	CGTATGAGGATGACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGAAGGTCGTGTCTCATG
Intracellular	CGTATGAGGATGACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGAAGGTCGTGTCTCATG
Perch	TCTTCGA-----ACCTCTCACTAT-----CGTT-----CTTGATTAATG
Intercellular	GGATGTGC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGCGTGATGCCTGAA
Intracellular	GGATGTGCCTTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGCGTGATGCCTGAA
Perch	G-ATACGGTCTGGACAAAT----GCCTTC---GCATTGTTAGTCCT---
Intercellular	TGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGATGTGTATTGAAGATGGTA
Intracellular	TGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGATGTGTATTGAAGATGGTA
Perch	-----TGGCA---GGTCCAAGAAT-----TTCACC-----
Intercellular	GTGTATTATTACAATGTAATAGTATACTACTACAATATGCAACACCGACC
Intracellular	GTGTATTATTACAATGTAATAGTATACTACTACAATATGCAACACCGACC
Perch	---TCTCGCTGC----CAA----ATACCA-----ATGC--CCCCAACC
Intercellular	GCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CCGTATTGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGAGCG
Intracellular	GCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CCGTATTGGGTACTGATTAAGAGGAGCG
Perch	GCTCCTCTTA---ATCAGTTACCCAAATACGGAACC---AACATCCGTA
Intercellular	GTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGCAGCGAGAGGTGAAATTCTTGGACCTGCA
Intracellular	GTTGGGGGCATTG-TATT--GCAGCGAGAG-TGAA-TTCT--GACCTGC-
Perch	ATTGGCGG--TCGGTGTT--GCA-----TAT-----TG--
Intercellular	CAAG
Intracellular	CAAG
Perch	-AAG

Figure 30. Clustal X alignment of *Myxobolus procerus* SSU 18S rDNA from both cyst types in trout-perch with homologous region isolated from yellow perch. As is evident there is a marked difference in the sequences. Differences are noted in red.

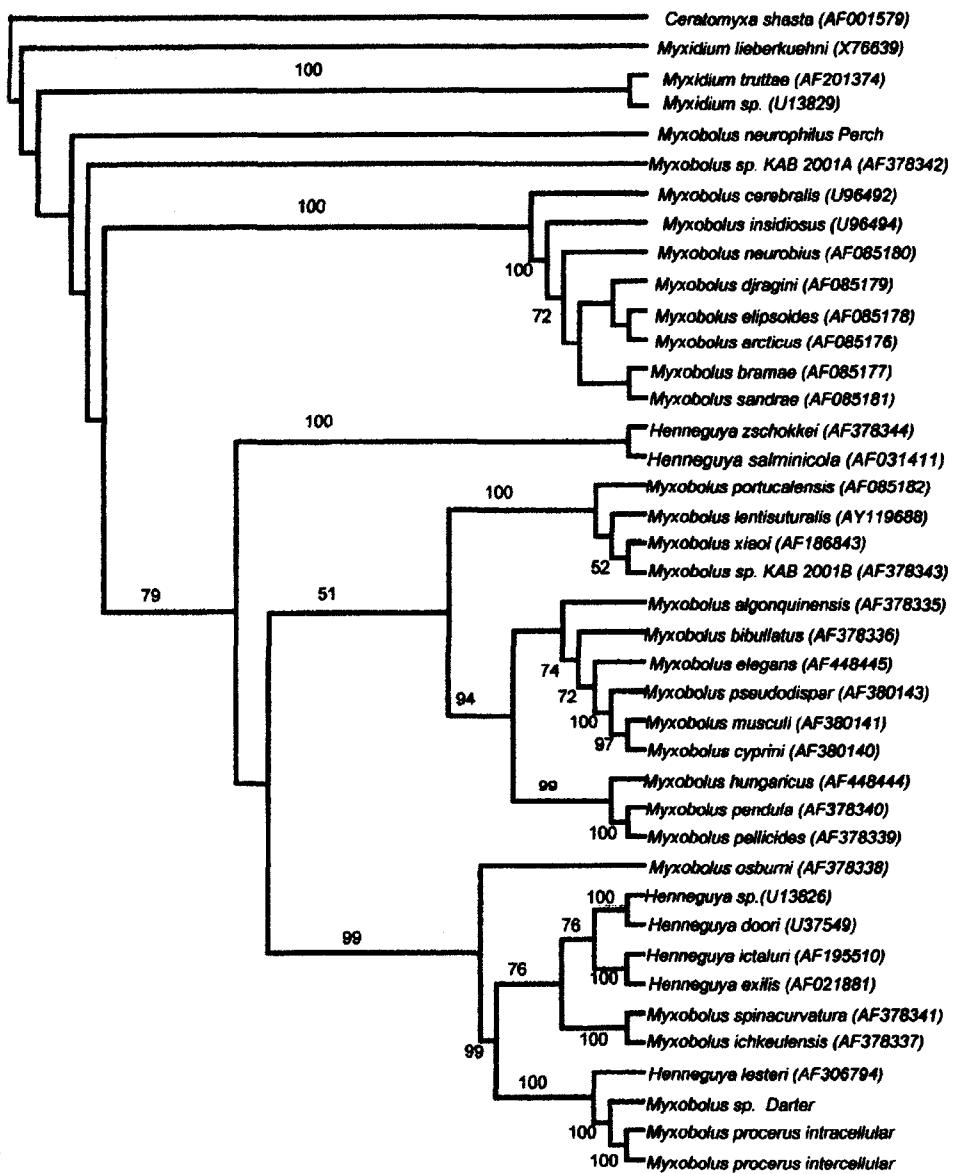


Figure 31. Neighbour-joining tree illustrating SSU 18S rDNA sequences of myxosporeans including data acquired from those species of *Myxobolus* included in the present work. The tree is rooted at *Ceratomyxa shasta*. Bootstrap values and GenBank Accession number (in parentheses) are included.

9. TABLES

Myxosporean	Fish host	Actinosporean	Invertebrate host	References
<i>Myxobolus cerebralis</i>	<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>Tubifex tubifex</i>	Wolf and Markiw 1984
<i>Myxobolus cotti</i>	<i>Cottus gobio</i>	triactinomyxon	mixed oligochaetes	El-Matbouli and Hoffmann 1989
<i>Myxobolus pavlovskii</i>	<i>Hypophthalmichthys molitrix</i>	hexactinomyxon	mixed oligochaetes	Ruidisch et al. 1991
<i>Myxobolus cultus</i>	<i>Carassius auratus</i>	raabeia	<i>Branchiura sowerbyi</i>	Yokoyama et al. 1995
<i>Myxobolus carassii</i>	<i>Leuciscus idus</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>Tubifex tubifex</i>	El-Matbouli and Hoffmann 1993
<i>Myxobolus arcticus</i> (Canada)	<i>Oncorhynchus nerka</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>Stylodrilus herringianus</i>	Kent et al. 1993b
<i>Myxobolus arcticus</i> (Japan)	<i>Oncorhynchus masu</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>Lumbriculus variegatus</i>	Urawa 1994*
<i>Myxobolus dirjagini</i>	<i>Hypophthalmichthys molitrix</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>T. tubifex</i>	El-Mansy and Molnár 1997a
<i>Myxobolus portcaleensis</i>	<i>Anguilla anguilla</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>T. tubifex</i>	El-Mansy et al. 1998a
<i>Myxobolus hungaricus</i>	<i>Abramis abramis</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>T. tubifex, L. hoffmeisteri</i>	El-Mansy and Molnár 1997b
<i>Myxobolus dispar</i>	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	raabeia	<i>T. tubifex</i>	Molnár et al. 1999a
<i>Myxobolus pseudodispar</i>	<i>Rutilus rutilus</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>T. tubifex, L. hoffmeisteri</i>	Székely et al. 1999, 2000
<i>Myxobolus hystrae</i>	<i>Abramis brama</i>	triactinomyxon	<i>T. tubifex</i>	Eszterbauer et al. 2000
<i>Henneguya exilis</i>	<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	Aurantiactinomyxon jani-szewskiae	<i>Dero digitata</i>	Lin et al. 1999
<i>Henneguya ictaluri</i>	<i>Ictalurus punctatus</i>	aurantiactinomyxon	<i>D. digitata</i>	Burle et al. 1991; Styer et al. 1991; Pote et al. 2000
<i>Hoferellus carassii</i> (Germany)	<i>Carassius auratus</i>	aurantiactinomyxon	mixed species	El-Matbouli et al. 1992b
<i>Hoferellus carassii</i> (Japan)	<i>Carassius auratus</i>	neoactinomyxon	<i>B. sowerbyi</i>	Yokoyama et al. 1993
<i>Hoferellus cyprini</i>	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	aurantiactinomyxon	<i>Nais sp.</i>	Grossheider and Körting 1992
<i>Thelohanellus nikolskii</i>	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	aurantiactinomyxon	<i>B. sowerbyi</i>	Székely et al. 1998
<i>Thelohanellus hovorkai</i>	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	aurantiactinomyxon	<i>B. sowerbyi</i>	Yokoyama 1997; Székely et al. 1998; Anderson et al. 2000
<i>Sphaerospora renicola</i>	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>	undetermined	<i>unknown B. sowerbyi</i>	Grossheider and Körting 1993; Molnár et al. 1996b
<i>Sphaerospora truttae</i>	<i>Salmo trutta</i>	echinactinomyxon	<i>L. variegatus</i>	Özer and Wootten 1999
<i>Ceratomyxa shasta</i>	<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	tetractinomyxon	<i>Manayunkia speciosa</i>	Bartholomew et al. 1997
Zschokkella sp.	<i>Carassius auratus</i>	echinactinomyxon	<i>B. sowerbyi</i>	Yokoyama et al. 1993
Zschokkella novae	<i>Carassius carassius</i>	siedleckella	<i>T. tubifex</i>	Uspenkaya 1995
<i>Myxidium giardi</i>	<i>Anguilla anguilla</i>	aurantiactinomyxon	<i>T. tubifex</i>	Benajiba and Marques 1993
PKX	<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	Tetracapsula bryosalmonae	<i>Plumatella sp. and Fredericella sultana</i>	Longshaw et al. 1999

* Urawa, S. 1994. Life cycle of *Myxobolus arcticus*, a myxosporean parasite of salmonid fishes. In: Program and Abstracts Int'l. Symposium, Aquat. Animal Health Seattle, WA. 4-8 Sept. 1994. University of California, Davis, p. W-10.3.

Table 1. A summary of life cycles of myxozoans (Kent et al., 2000).

Primer	Sequence	Annealing Temperature (°C)	Reference
MX5	5' ctgcggacggctcagtaaatcagt 3'	55	Kent et al., 2001
MX3	5' ccaggacatcttagggcatcacaga 3'	55	Kent et al. 2001
18e	5' ctggttgatcctgccagt 3'	55	Hillis and Dixon 1991
18g	5' ggttagtagcgacgggcggtgtg 3'	55	Hillis and Dixon 1991
Myxgen2r	5' caratgcyytcgcwyttgtta 3'	55	Kent et al., 2000
18r	5' ctacggaaaccttgttacg 3'	55	Whipps et al. 2003
MX3-1n	5' tgtatcatggagagacaacg 3'	55	This paper
MX3-3n	5' cattcaggcatcacgcctgc 3'	55	This paper
18M-3n	5' ggtttacactccctttccg 3'	55	This paper
Myxgp2F	5' tggataaccgtggaaa 3'	55	Kent et al. 2001
Act1R	5' aatttcacctctcgctgcca 3'	55	Hallet and Diamant 2001
Act3F	5' catggaacgaacaat 3'	55	Hallet and Diamant 2001

Table 2. Primer sequences used to amplify SSU 18S rDNA from isolates of myxobolids.

<i>Myxobolus procerus</i> intercellular	Primer	Number of clones	Differences/base pairs sequenced
	18e	3	0/647
	MX3	3	0/752

<i>Myxobolus procerus</i> intracellular	Primer	Number of clones	Differences/base pairs sequenced
	MX3	3	0/631
	Myxgen2r (18r)	2	0/473

Table 3. Aligning clones of *Myxobolus procerus*. There are no differences within those clones generated for each primer set noted.

In (μM)	<i>Myxobolus procerus</i> Intercellular cyst type	<i>Myxobolus procerus</i> Intracellular cyst type	Kruskal-Wallace
Spore length	14.13 (0.97)	12.50 (0.91)	0.000
Spore width	6.22 (0.55)	6.22 (0.57)	0.748
Polar Capsule 1 Length	5.94 (0.61)	5.81 (0.62)	0.486
Polar Capsule 1 Width	1.71 (0.30)	1.76 (0.39)	0.573
Polar Capsule 2 length	5.89 (0.62)	5.82 (0.65)	0.329
Polar Capsule 2 Width	1.71 (0.30)	1.73 (0.28)	0.939

Table 4. Statistical analysis for *Myxobolus procerus* spore measurements - ANOVA. *Myxobolus procerus* morphotypes of intercellular and intracellular spores average dimensions. Measurements are of distinct spore types as viewed under light microscopy. The only statistically significant difference between the spores was in spore length.

	<i>Myxobolus exiguum</i>	<i>Myxobolus muelleri</i>	<i>Aurantiactinomyxon mississipiens</i>	<i>Henneguya exilis</i>	<i>Henneguya ictaluri</i>
<i>Myxobolus procerus</i> Intracellular Cyst	276/296 (93%)	276/296 (93%)	353/392 (90%)	356/397 (89%)	356/397 (89%)
<i>Myxobolus procerus</i> Intercellular Cyst	268/287 (93%)	268/287 (93%)	355/397 (89%)	355/397 (89%)	355/397 (89%)

Table 5. BLAST results of SSU 18S rDNA consensus sequences from spores within each cyst type.

Phylum Myxozoa

Class Myxosporea

Order Bivalvulida (marine and freshwater, with two valves to spore)

Suborder Variisporina (marine and freshwater, mostly coelozoic)

Includes *Ceratomyxa*, *Chloromyxum*, *Hoferrellus*, *Myxidium*, *Myxobilatus*, *Ortholinea*, *Parvicapsula*, *Polysporoplasma*, *Sinuolinea*, *Sphaerospora*, *Zschokkella*,

Suborder Platysporina (marine and freshwater, mostly histozoic)

Includes *Myxobolus*, *Henneguya*, and *Thelohanellus*

Suborder Sphaeromyxina (marine, with ribbon-like polar filaments in polar capsules at opposing end of spore)

Sphaeromyxa

Order Multivalvulida (marine, with greater than 2 spores valves)

Includes *Hexacapsula*, *Kudoa*, *Trilospora*, and *Unicapsula*

Class Malacosporea (freshwater, with soft valves, parasites of bryozoans; one order, family and genus)

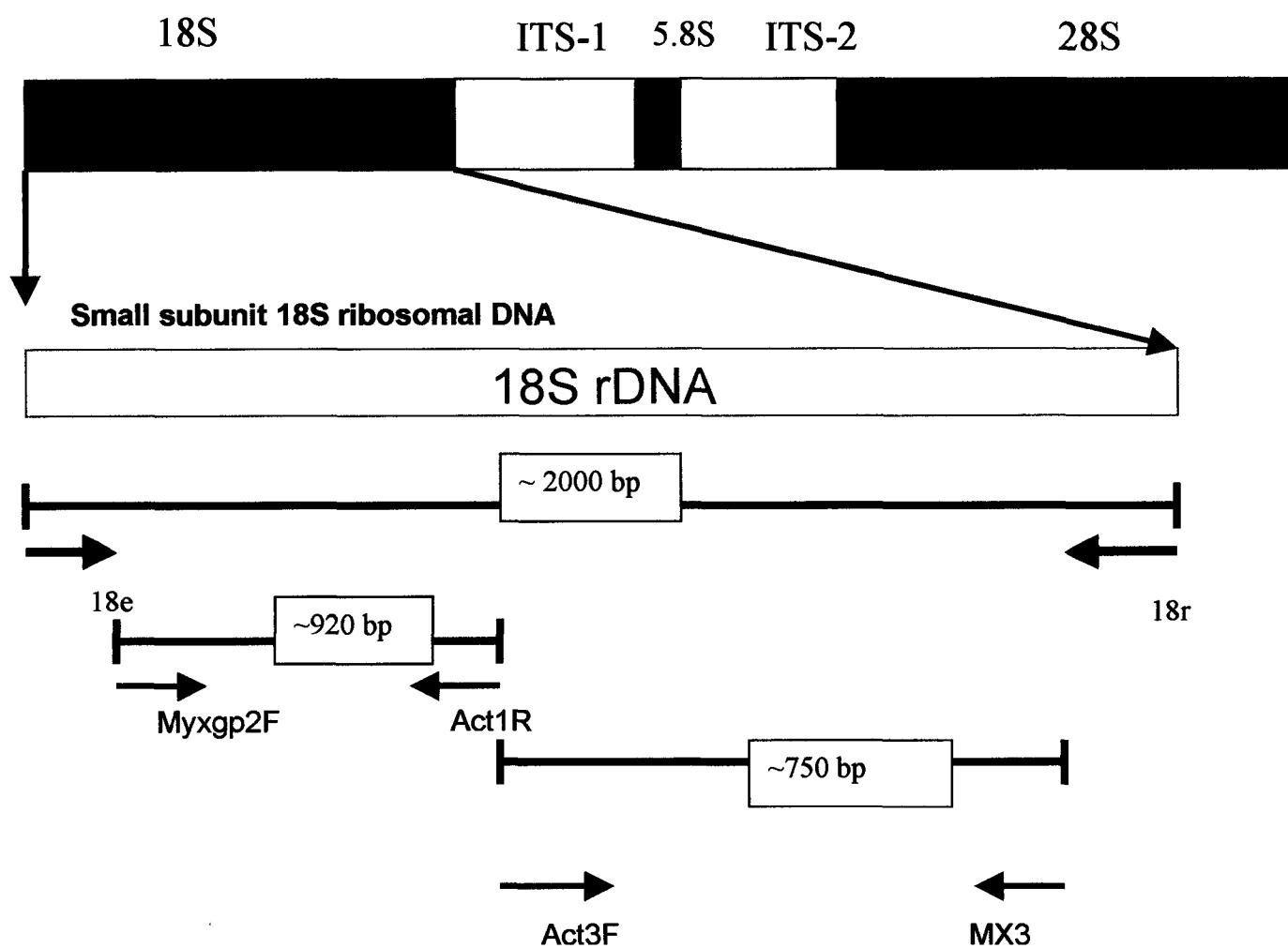
Order Malacovalvulida

Tetracapsula (with 4 polar capsules)

Table 6. Abbreviated classification of the class Myxosporea based primarily on Lom and Dyková (1992).

10. APPENDICES

Appendix A Ribosomal DNA



Appendix B Glossary

ANOVA (Analysis of variance): Used to uncover the main and interaction effects of categorical independent variables (called "factors") on an interval dependent variable.

Algorithm: A procedure or formula for solving a problem.

Bit-score: An indication of the relatedness of the sequence in question to the sequences it is aligned against. The higher the bit score the greater the similarity.

Bootstrapping: A method in which one takes a sub sample of the sites in an alignment and creates trees based on those sub samples. That process is iterated multiple times (usually 1000) and the results are compiled to allow an estimate of the reliability of a particular grouping.

Capsulogenic: Cells that are to become the polar capsules.

Coelozoic: Cavity dwellers that attach to walls or float freely in cavities such as urinary or gall bladder. Typically invade epithelial cells in early stages.

Ectoparasitic: Parasites that live on the outside of the body of the host.

Endoparasitic: Parasites that live on the inside of the body of the host.

E-Value: The number of matches to the current nonredundant sequence database that are expected by chance alone. The smaller the E value, the more likely that the similarity is "real".

Fusiform: Spindle-shaped; tapering from the middle towards each end

Heterogeneity: Having the characteristic of containing dissimilar constituents.

Heuristic: As an adjective, heuristic pertains to the process of gaining knowledge or some desired result by intelligent guesswork rather than by following some pre-established formula.

Homogeneity: Having the characteristic of containing similar constituents.

Histozoic: Intracellular tissue dwellers, found in solid tissues such as cartilage or Muscle.

In situ Hybridization: A method of detecting the presence of specific nucleic acid sequences within a cytological preparation. A DNA or RNA probe is labeled radioactively or chemically and hybridized to a cytological preparation to detect RNA or to a denatured cytological preparation to detect DNA. The hybridization is detected by autoradiography (for radioactive probes) or by chromomeric reactions or fluorescent (for chemically-labeled probes).

Intercellular: That existing between cells.

Intracellular: That existing inside cells.

Intergenic: taking place or existing between neighboring genes.

Long-Branch Abstractions: An artifact of phylogenetic analyses of taxa with differing evolution rates.

Maximum likelihood: A method of creating phylogenetic trees by maximizing the likelihood of observing the data.

Monophyletic: Derived from a single ancestral line.

Morphology: The comparison of the forms of organisms and their parts in order to identify homologous structures.

Myxosporea: A subphylum of the Kingdom Protista, characterised by the presence of spores of multicellular origin, usually with two or three valves, two or more polar filaments, and an amoeboid sporoplasm; parasitic in lower vertebrates, especially common in fishes. Important genera include *Ceratomyxa*, *Henneguya*, *Leptotheca*, *Myxidium*, and *Myxobolus*.

Neighbour joining: A method of constructing phylogenetic trees by manipulating a distance matrix reducing it in size at each step then reconstructing the tree from that series of matrices.

Ontogeny: The development or course of development, especially that of an individual organism.

p Value: The probability of getting something more extreme than your result, when there is no effect in the population.

Parsimony: In effect, this rule states that if there exists two answers to a problem or a question, and if, for one answer to be true, well-established laws of logic and science must be re-written, ignored, or suspended in order to allow it to be true, and for the other answer to be true no such accommodation need be made, then the simpler-the second-of the two answers is much more likely to be correct.

Phylogeny: The evolution of a genetically related group of organisms as distinguished from the development of the individual organism.

Polar capsule: Apical, thick walled vesicle of a myxozoan spore containing spirally coiled, extrusible polar filament.

Polar filament: Tube-like structure coiled within the polar capsule of myxozoans. Serves as anchor for hatching spore (cf. polar tube of microsporeans).

Polymerase: Any enzyme which catalyses the formation of a polymer, esp. a polynucleotide. For example the enzyme responsible for deoxyribonucleotide incorporation is designated as 'polymerase'.

Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR): An in vitro DNA synthesis procedure in which two oligonucleotides annealed to a DNA template oriented so that the primers direct DNA synthesis on complementary, opposing strands towards each other. With successive cycles of DNA synthesis, denaturation, and repriming, the region between the primers accumulates exponentially as a double-stranded DNA fragments with the ends consisting of the oligonucleotide primers.

Polyphyletic: Composed of members that originated, independently, from more than one evolutionary line.

Pseudoplasmodium: A plasmodium with vegetative and generative nuclei in the same cell.

Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism: Restriction fragment length polymorphism is the identification of specific restriction enzymes that reveal a pattern difference between the DNA fragment sizes in individual organisms.

Ribosomal RNA: Ribosomes are the site of protein synthesis in the cell. The sizes of various subunits of the ribosome are given in Svedberg units. In all organisms, the ribosomes are made up of two subunits of unequal size. In eukaryotes, there are 4 segments of rRNAs (18S piece in the smaller subunit and 5.8S and 28S in the larger subunit).

Taxon: A taxonomic group, as a genus or species.

Topology: The way in which constituent parts are interrelated or arranged.

Svedberg Unit (ex.18S): The Svedberg is a unit that measures the rate at which a particle sediments in a sucrose solution during ultra centrifugation..

Taq Polymerase - A DNA polymerase that is very stable at high temperatures, isolated from the thermophilic bacterium *Thermus aquaticus*. Very useful in PCR

reactions which must cycle repetitively through high temperatures during the denaturation step.

Triploblast: An organism having three primary germ layers

Vector: A bacteriophage, phage or plasmid that transfers genetic material from one bacterium to another; also, a used to transfer extraneous DNA into a cell.

X-Gal: Chromogenic substrate for the enzyme beta-galactosidase yielding an intense blue colour. Very widely used in blue-white colour selection of bacteria containing recombinant plasmids, and in histochemistry of tissues or cells expressing beta-galactosidase as a reporter gene.

Appendix C List Of Reagents

DNA Extraction

- i. Proteinase K (200µg/ml)
- ii. Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate (10%)
- iii. Sodium Acetate 3 M
- iv. Phenol:Chloroform:Isoamyl alcohol 25:24:1
- v. TE (Tris 10mM – EDTA 1 mM pH 8.0)
- vi. 100% Ethanol
- vii. 70% Ethanol

Polymerase Chain Reaction – 50 µL reaction

- i. *Taq* Polymerase (1.25U)
- ii. Magnesium buffer (1.5mM)
- iii. 1 X PCR buffer
- iv. dNTP (250 µM each)
- v. Primers 1 µM each
- vi. ddH₂O to 50 µl
- vii. DNA to 300 ng

Gene Clean

- i. Sodium iodide
- ii. Guanidium hydrochloride
- iii. TE (10mM Tris-1mM EDTA pH 8.0)
- iv. Glass milk

Cloning

- i. X-galactosidase (X-gal)
- ii. LB (Luria-Bertani) Broth:
 - a. 1% tryptone
 - b. 0.5% Yeast extract
 - c. 1% NaCl
 - d. pH 7.0
- iii. Carbenicillin (final concentration at 25 µg/ml)

DNA Sequencing

- i. ET dye terminator
- ii. PCR primers (see Materials and Methods)

Appendix D TOPO Cloning Vector

Sequence for TOPO Cloning Vector

AGCGCCCAATACGCAAACCGCCTCTCCCCGCGCGTTGGCCGATTCAATTAGCAGCTGGCA
 CGACAGGTTTCCGACTGGAAAGCGGGCAGTGAGCGCAACGCAATTAAATGTGAGTTAGCTC
 ACTCATTAGGCACCCCAGGCTTACACTTATGCTTCCGGCTCGTATGTTGTGGAATTGT
 GAGCGGATAACAATTTCACACAGGAAACAGCTATGACCATGATTACGCCAAGCTATTTAGGT
 GACCGGTTAGAATACTCAAGCTATGCATCAAGCTTGGTACCGAGCTGGATCCACTAGAAC
 GGCGCCAGTGTGCTGGAATTGCCCTTAAGGGCGAATTCTGCAGATATCCATCACACTGG
 CGGCCGCTCGAGCATGCATCTAGAGGGCCAATTGCCCTATAGTGAGTCGTATTACAATT
 ACTGGCCGTCGTTTACAACGTCGTGACTGGAAAACCCTGGCGTACCCAACTTAATGCC
 TTGAGCACATCCCCCTTCGCCAGCTGGCGTAATAGCGAAGAGGCCGACCGATCGCC
 TTCCCAACAGTTGCGCAGCCTACGTACGGCAGTTAAGGTTACACCTATAAAAGAGAGA
 GCCGTTATCGTCTGTTGTGGATGTACAGAGTGATATTATTGACACGCCGGGGGCGACGGAT
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 GTGGTGCAATCGGGGATGAAAGCTGGCGCATGATGACCACCGATATGCCAGTGTGCC
 GTCTCCGTTATCGGGGAGAAGTGGCTGATCTCAGCCACCGCGAAAAATGACATAAAAACG
 CCATTAACCTGATGTTCTGGGGAAATAAAATGTCAGGCATGAGATTATCAAAAGGATCTCA
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 AGGCTATTGGCTATGACTGGCACAACAGACAATCGGCTGCTCTGATGCCGCCGTGTTCC
 GGCTGTCAGCGCAGGGCGCCCGGTTCTTTGTCAGAAGACCGACCTGTCGGTGCCTGAA
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 AATGGCCGCTTCTGGATTATCGACTGTGGCCGGCTGGGTGTGGCGGACCGCTATCAGG
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 CCTGGACGAGCTGTACGCCGAGTGGTCGGAGGGCTGTCCACGAACTTCCGGGACGCC
 CGGGCGGCCATGACCGAGATCGGCGAGCAGCCGTGGGGAGGGAGTTGCCCTGCGCG
 ACCCGGCCGCAACTCGGTGCACTTCGTGGCCGAGGAGCAGGACTGACACGTGCTAAAC
 TTCATTTTAATTAAAGGATCTAGGTGAAGATCCTTTGATAATCTCATGACCAAAATCCC
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 CTGTAGCACCGCCTACATACCTCGCTCTGCTAATCCTGTTACCAAGTGGCTGCTGCCAGTGG

CGATAAGTCGTGTCTTACCGGGTTGGACTCAAGACGGATAGTTACCGGATAAGGCGCAGCGG
 TCGGGCTGAACGGGGGGTTCGTGCACACAGCCCAGCTGGAGCGAACGACCTACACCGAA
 CTGAGATACTACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGCGCCACGCTTCCGAAGGGAGAAAGGCG
 GACAGGTATCCGTAAGCGCAGGGTCGGAACAGGAGAGCGCACGAGGGAGCTTCAGG
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 ACGGTTCCCTGGCTTTGCTGGCCTTGCTCACATGTTCTTCCTGCGTTATCCCCTGATTC
 TGTGGATAACCGTATTACCGCCTTGAGTGAGCTGATAACGCTCGCCGAGCCGAACGACC
 GAGCGCAGCGAGTCAGTGAGCGAGGAAGCGGAAG

The TOPO TA Cloning System

The TOPO TA Cloning System (TOPO Cloning) is a method for cloning polymerase chain reaction (PCR) products into a plasmid vector

PCR is a method, which essentially isolates a specific segment of DNA by amplification. PCR uses specific primers, which allow *Taq* DNA polymerase to make copies of only a specific segment. *Taq* DNA polymerase is used for its ability to withstand the high heat (95C) necessary for the many cycles of PCR. A unique aspect of *Taq* DNA polymerase is that it adds a single deoxyadenosine (A) to the 3' ends of PCR products. The resulting products of PCR are many copies of a specific DNA sequence with 3' A overhangs.

TOPO Cloning ligates the PCR product into the pCR 2.1-TOPO plasmid vector (vector) with topoisomerase I. This can be done quickly and efficiently because of the unique aspects of the vector. The vector has been engineered to be a linearized plasmid with 3' deoxythymidine (T) overhangs that is activated by being covalently bonded to topoisomerase I. The 3' A overhangs of the PCR product complement the 3' T overhangs of the vector and allow for fast ligation with the already present topoisomerase I. The plasmid can then be transformed into competent bacterial cells.

Other useful features of the vector are its ampicillin and kanamycin resistance markers, lacZ reporter gene, T7 promoter, EcoR I sites flanking the PCR insertion site, and the f1 origin of replication. The ampicillin and kanamycin resistance inserts in the plasmid allow for quick selection of bacterial colonies that take up the vector plasmid during transformation. The lacZ gene in bacteria causes colonies to have a blue color. If PCR DNA is inserted in the vector it will insert in the middle of the lacZ gene causing the colonies to be white and easily selected. The T7 promoter region in the vector allows for *in vitro* RNA transcription/translation by the T7 phage. If T7 phage infects the bacteria it will make proteins from the DNA sequence of the vector and insert which allows scientists to sequence the subsequent protein and therefore DNA sequence of the insert. The EcoR I sites on either side of the insert enable the insert to be easily removed by EcoR I restriction enzymes. The f1 origin of replication is a necessary component of the plasmid and makes single-strand rescue possible.

The entire TOPO Cloning process can be done in only five minutes at room temperature with 95% efficiency. This is much faster and less complicated than the PRIME PCR Cloner Cloning System we used in lab and most other cloning

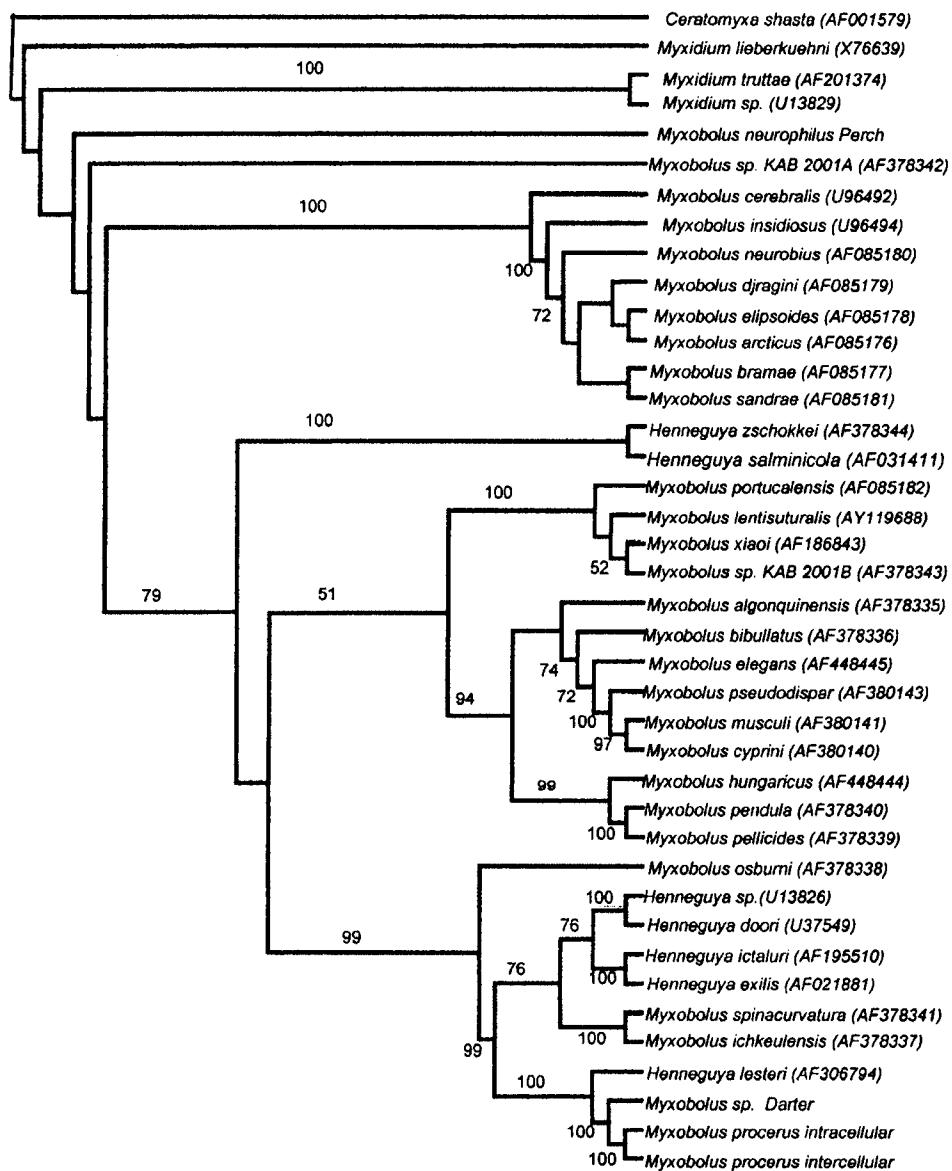
procedures. TOPO Cloning system is ideal for scientists that need to quickly clone PCR products into bacteria.

Reference:

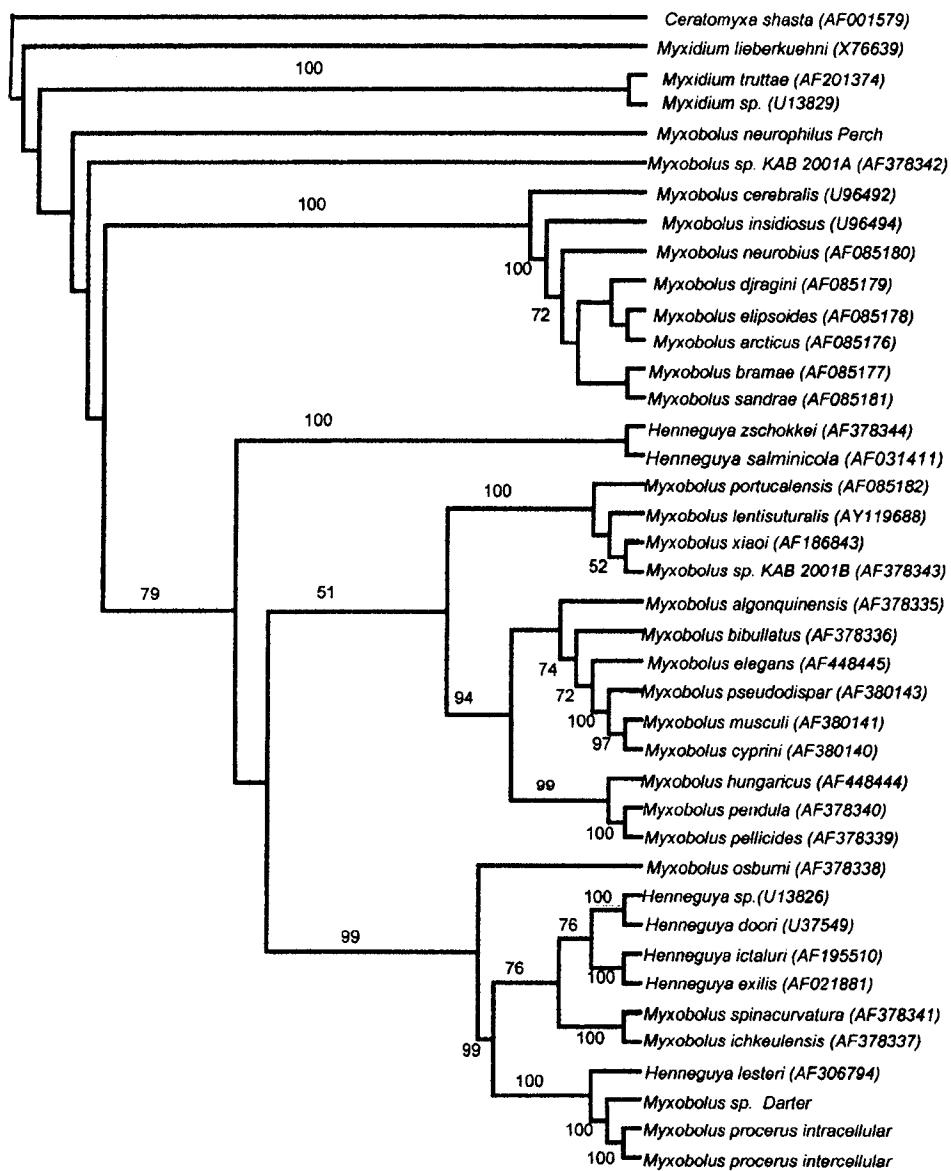
Campbell NA, Biology. 4th ed. Menlo Park, CA: The Benjamin/Cummings Publishing Company, Inc.; 1996. p 379-380.

Hoover C, 1998 July 8. Invitrogen web catalog.

Appendix E Likelihood tree



Appendix F Parsimony Tree



Appendix G Information on *Myxobolus* Sp. used in phylogenetic tree

1. *Myxidium* species

Myxidium truttae GenBank AF201374 *Myxidium* sp. GenBank U13829, *Myxidium lieberkuehni* GenBank X766390,

Host: *Perca flavescens*, *Melanogrammus aeglinus*, *Oncorhynchus*

Site: kidney, intestine, urinary bladder, gall bladder.

Distribution: AB, BC, ON

2. *Henneguya* species

Henneguya sp. GenBank U13826,

Henneguya lesteri GenBank AF306794,

Henneguya doori GenBank U37549,

Henneguya ictaluri GenBank AF195510,

Host: *Coregonus*, *Luxilis*, *Oncorhynchus*

Site: gills or not specified

Distribution: AB, ON

3. *Henneguya salminicola* GenBank AF031411

Host: *Oncorhynchus* sp.

Site: muscle cysts

Distribution: BC

4. *Henneguya exilis* GenBank AF021881

Host: *Ameirus, Ictalurus*

Site: gills

Distribution: ON

5. *Henneguya zschokkei* GenBank AF378344

Host: *Coregonus, Cottus, Prosopium, Rhinichthys, Richardsonius, Thymallus*

Site: muscle, gills, kidney

Distribution: BC, ON

6. *Myxobolus osburni* GenBank AF378338

Host: *Lepomis gibbosus*

Site: mesenteries

Distribution: ON

7. *Myxobolus neurobius* GenBank AF085180

Host: *Oncorhynchus, Prosopium, Salmo, Salvelinus*

Site: brain, spinal cord

Distribution: BC, NF

8. *Myxobolus arcticus* GenBank AF085176

Host: *Oncorhynchus* sp.

Site: brain

Distribution: BC

9. *Myxobolus musculi* GenBank AF380141

Host: *Notemigonus crysoleucas*

Site: eye, heart, kidney, muscle, ureters, urinary bladder

Distribution: ON

10. *Myxobolus pendula* GenBank AF378340

Host: *Semotilus atromaculatus*, *Sematolilus margarita*

Site: gills

Distribution: ON

11. *Myxobolus pellicides* GenBank AF378339

Host: *Semotilus atromaculatus*

Site: gills

Distribution: ON

12. *Myxobolus bibullatus* GenBank AF378336

Host: *Catostomus*, *Cottus*, *Mylocheilus*, *Ptychocheilus*

Site: gall bladder, muscle, kidney

Distribution: BC, NS , ON

13. *Myxobolus* sp.

Myxobolus lentisuturalis GenBank AY119688, *Myxobolus* KAB-2001B GenBank AF378343, *Myxobolus xiaoi* GenBank AF186843, *Myxobolus portucalensis* GenBank F085182, *Myxobolus cerebralis* GenBank U96492, *Myxobolus insidiosus* GenBank U96494, *Myxobolus elipsoides* GenBank AF085178, *Myxobolus djragini* GenBank AF085179, *Myxobolus bramae* GenBank AF085177, *Myxobolus sandrae* GenBank AF085181, *Myxobolus* sp. KAB2001A GenBank AF378342, *Myxobolus pseudodispar* GenBank AF380143, *Myxobolus cyprini* GenBank AF380140, *Myxobolus hungaricus* GenBank AF448444, *Myxobolus elegans* GenBank AF448445, *Myxobolus algonquinensis* GenBank AF378335

Host: All of the above

Site: gills, fins, gall bladder, intestine, heart, kidney, liver, brain, spinal cord, gonads

Distribution: BC, MB, NB, NS, ON

14. *Ceratomyxa shasta* GenBank AF001579

Host: *Oncorhynchus* sp.

Site: pyloric caeca, intestine, gall bladder

Distribution: BC, YT

15. *Myxobolus procerus*

Host: *Percopsis omiscomaycus*

Site: skin, muscle

Distribution: ON

16. *Myxobolus ichkeulensis* GenBank AF378337

Host: ND

Site: gill arches

Distribution: Mugil, Mediterranean Sea: off coast of Tunisia

17. *Myxobolus spinacurvatura* GenBank F378341

Host: ND

Site: mesenteries and blood

Distribution: Mugil, Mediterranean Sea: off coast of Tunisia

Appendix H Clustal X alignment of species of *Myxobolus*.

```

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Melipoides      -----
Mdjragini       -----
Mbramae         -----
Mneurobius     -----
Marcticus       -----
Msandrae        -----
Minsidiosus    -----
Mcerebralis    -----AGATATA CGCTTTCTCTAAGACTAAGC
Mlentisuturalis -ACCTGGTTGATCCTGCCAGTGAGCGTACGCTTTCTCAAGGACTCAGCC
Mxiaozi        -----GAGCGTACGCTTTCTCAAGGACTCAGCC
Myxo.           -----
Mportugalensis -----
Mmusculi        -----
Mcypriini       -----
Mpseudodispar  -----
Mbubullatus    -----AGAACATGCTATTCTGAAGATTAAGCC
Melegans        -----
Mpendula        -----CCCTTGGGAAGAACATGCTATTCTCAAAGACTAAGCC
Mpellicides    -----CCCTTGGGAAGAAA-ATGCTATTCTCAAAGACTAAGCC
Mhungaricus    -----
Myxiditruttae  -----
Myxidium        -----TGGCATATGCTCGTCTCTAAGATT-AAGC
Ethclone1AM    -----
Ethclone3AM    -----
Ethclone2AM    -----
Mdiaphanus     -----
M.lieberkuehni AACCTGGTTGATCCTGCCAGTAATCATATGCTTGTCTCTAAGCTT-AAGC
Myxosp.         -----
Hennzschokkei  -----
Hennsalminicola -----AACACATACGCTGTTTCTAAGACT-AAGC
Ethclone2MA    -----
Ethclone3MA    -----
Ethclone1MA    -----
Myxobrocerus   -----
Mbrocerus      -----
Henneguya      -----TTCCGTATTCTGCCAGTGGGCATACGCTCTTTAAAGATTAGC
Hsp.            -----GCGTATACGCTCTTTAAAGATTAAGC
Hdoori          -----ATGC-----
Hennictaluri   -----AACCTGGTTGATCCTGCCAGTGCGTATACGCTCTTTAAAGACTAAGC
Hennexilis     -----AACCTGGTTGATCCTGCCAGTGCGTATACGCTCTTTAAAGATTAAGC
Mspinacurvatura -----
Michkeulensis  -----
Mosburni        -----ACGCTGTTCTAAAGATTAGC

```

Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-----
Malgonquinensis	----- AAGATTAAGC
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsooides	-----
Mdjragini	-----
Mbramae	-----
Mneurobius	-----
Marcticus	-----
Msandrae	-----
Minsidiosus	----- GYCGGCTC
Mcerebralis	CATGCATGTTNAAGTTCATACGTAGTAAAACGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Mlentisuturalis	ATGCAAGTGTAAAGTCATACGATTAAAAGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Mxiaoai	ATGCAAGTGTAAAAGTCATACGATTAAAAGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Myxo.	-----
Mportucalensis	-----
Mmusculi	-----
Mcyprini	-----
Mpseudodispar	-----
Mbibullatus	-TGTAGGTGCCAA-GTTCATACAATATTATTGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Melegans	-----
Mpendula	ATGCACGTGCCAA-GTTCATACGATCTTATCGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Mpellicides	-TGCACGTGCCAA-GTTCATACGATCTTATCGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Mhungaricus	-----
Myxiditruttae	-----
Myxidium	CATGCATGTCTGAGTTCATACCTAGTTAA-CGTGAGACTGCGAAAGGCTC
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	CATGCATGTCTAACAT--TTAA-TGTGAGACTGCGAAAGGCTC
Myxosp.	-----
Hennzschokkei	CATGCAGGTGCTACAGTACATACGTGAATTCTGTGAGACTGCGGAAGGCTC
Hennsalminicola	CATGCAGGTGCTACACTACATACGTGAATTCTGTGAGACTGCGGAAGGCTC
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	----- CTGCGGACGGCTC
Mprocerus	----- CTGCGGACGGCTC
Henneguya	CATGCATGTGCCAG-TTCATACATTAAAAATGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Hsp.	CATGCAGGTGCTAG-TTCATACATATGTAATGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Hdoori	---CAGGTGCTAGCTTCATACATATGTAATGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Hennictaluri	CATGCATGTGCCAG-TTCATACATATTAAATGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Hennexilis	CATGCAAGTGCTAG-TTCATACATATTAAATGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Mspinacurvatura	-----
Michkeulensis	-----
Mosburni	CATGCAAGTGAAAG-TTCAAACATTAAAATGTGAGACTGTGGACGNCTC
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	----- TTAAATGATGAAACTGCGAAGGCCTC
Malgonquinensis	CATGTATGTGCCAAGTTCATACG---TTAGACGTGAGACTGCGGACGGCTC
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----

Melipsoides	-----TATCATCTATTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mdjragini	-----TATCATCTATTTGNTTGCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mbramae	-----TATCATCTATTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATCCCCG
Mneurobius	-----TATCATCTATTTGNTTGCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Marcticus	-----TATCATCTATTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Msandrae	-----TATCATCTATTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Minsidiosus	AGTAAATCAGTYATCATCTATTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mcerebralis	AGTAAATCAGTTATCATCTATTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCN
Mlentisaturalis	AGTAAATCAGCAATGATCTATGATTGTAGAGACCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mxiao1	AGTAAATCAGCGATGATCTATGATTGTACAT--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Myxo.	-----GATGATCTATCTGATTGTACAT--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mportucalensis	-----CATGATCTATCTGATTGTATAG--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mmusculi	-----GAT-ATCTATTTGATTGTCTAA-CCTA--TGGATAACCG
Mcyprini	-----GAT-ATCTGTTGATTGTCTAA-CCTA--TGGATAACCG
Mpseudodispar	-----GAT-ATCTGTCGATTGTCTAT-CCTA--TGGATAACCG
Mbibullatus	AGTAAATCAGTGATTATCTGTTGATTGTATAA-CCCCATTGGATAACCG
Melegans	-----GAT-ATCTATTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mpendula	AGTATATCAGTGATTATCTGTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mpellicides	AGTATATCAGTGATTATCTGTTGATTGTCTA--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Mhungaricus	-----GAT-ATCTGTTGATTTTCTTC-GCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Myxiditruttae	-----
Myxidium	AGTACATCAGTTATAGTTATTCGATTGT-GAATCCAC-ATGGATAACCG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	AGTAAATCAGCTATAATCTATTTGATTGTTAACCCCA-GTGGATAACCG
Myxosp.	-----CTATTTGATTGT-ACAGCCA-ATGGATAACCG
Hennzschokkei	AGTAAATCAGTTATCATCTATTTGATTGT-CTAGCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Hennsalminicola	AGTAAATCAGTTATCATCTATTTGATTGT-CTAGCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	AGTATATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTATGGTTAT--TGGATAACCG
Mprocerus	AGTAAATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTATGGTTAT--TGGATAACCG
Henneguya	AGTATATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTAAGGTTAT--TGGATAACCG
Hsp.	AGTATATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTCAGGTTAT--TGGATAACCG
Hdoori	AGTATATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTGAGGTTAG--TGGATAACCG
Hennictaluri	AGTATATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTAAGGTTAT--TGGATAACCG
Hennexilis	AGTATATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTTAAGGTTAT--TGGATAACCG
Mspinacurvatura	-----
Michkeulensis	-----TATAATCTGCTCGATTGTATAAGGTTAT--TGGATAACCG
Mosburni	AGTAAATCAGTTATAATCTGCTCGATTGTCAAGGTTAT--TGGATAACCG
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	AGTAAATCAGTTATCGTCTGTTCGATCGATACATGCCA--TGGATAACTG
Malgonquinensis	AGTAAATCAGTGACAATCTATTTGATTTCCTCT--CCCA-TTGGATAACCG
Perchclone1AM	-----CTAGCCATGCAATGTTGACTG-----G
Perchclone2AM	-----CTAGCCATGCAATGTTGACTG-----G
Perchclone3AM	-----CTAGCCATGCAATGTTGACTG-----G
Melipsoides	TGGGNAATCTAGNGCTAATAC--ATGCAG-----TTTTGAGTT
Mdjragini	TGGGNAATCTAGNNCTAATAC--ATGCAG-----TTTTGNANT
Mbramae	TGGGAAAATCTAGANNTNTTC--NTNCAG-----TTTTGAGAT
Mneurobius	TGGGNAATCTAGNGCTAATAC--ATGCAG-----TTTTGAGNT
Marcticus	TGGGAAAATCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAG-----TTTTGAGAT
Msandrae	TGGGAAAATCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAG-----TTTTGAGAT
Minsidiosus	TGGGAAAATCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAG-----TCTTGGGAT

<i>Mcerebralis</i>	NNGGGAAATCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAG-----TTTGGG-C
<i>Mlentisuturalis</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATCGGTTGAAATTACG---TGG---
<i>Mxiaozi</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATCGGTTGATATAACGATATTGGAGT
<i>Myxo.</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATCGGTTGATATAATGTATTGGAG-
<i>Mportucalensis</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATCGGTTA-ATCGTACAGGTAGCT-
<i>Mmusculi</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-----GTTTATGG---
<i>Mcyprini</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-----GTAAATGG---
<i>Mpseudodispar</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-----GTTTATGG---
<i>Mbibuslatus</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-----GTTCATGGCG
<i>Melegans</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAA-----GTATTGGCAG
<i>Mpendula</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAA-----ATAATTGGCGT
<i>Mpellicides</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAA-----ATAATTGGCGT
<i>Mhungaricus</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAG-----TTTATTGGTCT
<i>Myxiditruttae</i>	-----
<i>Myxidium</i>	TGG-AAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAGAAAAT---CTTTCAAGGTG
<i>Ethclone1AM</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone3AM</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone2AM</i>	-----
<i>Mdiaphanus</i>	-----
<i>M.lieberkuehni</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-A-----CTAACCGTG
<i>Myxosp.</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCACA-----CTTATTGAAA
<i>Hennzschokkei</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGTAGTTAA-----TTGGTGGTGT
<i>Hennsalminicola</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGTAGTTAA-----TTGGTGGTGT
<i>Ethclone2MA</i>	-----CTA-----ACATGCTGGATG
<i>Ethclone3MA</i>	-----CTA-----ACATGCTGGATG
<i>Ethclone1MA</i>	-----
<i>Myxobrocerus</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCTA-----TAATGTTGGTG
<i>Mprocerus</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCTA-----TAATGTTGGTG
<i>Henneguya</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGC-A-----GTTGCGGTGGT
<i>Hsp.</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-----CGCCTCGGTT-A
<i>Hdoori</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCAA-----CGCCTCAGTTG
<i>Hennictaluri</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-----CCTCTCGCGAA
<i>Hennexilis</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-----CCTCTCGTCGCG
<i>Mspinacurvatura</i>	-----CTAATAC--ATGTA-----ATTGGGGA
<i>Michkeulensis</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGTA-----ATT-GGGAG
<i>Mosburni</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGCA-----GTTGTGAGGG
<i>Muvuliferus</i>	-----
<i>Ceratomyxa</i>	TGGCAAA-CCTAGAGCTAATAC--ATGAAA-----ATTCTTGTGTT
<i>Malgonquinensis</i>	TGGGAAA-TCTAAAGCTAATAC--GTGCGG-----TATCTTGGCG
<i>Perchclone1AM</i>	AGGGAAAGTGCAACTTCAACACCCATCCAC-----
<i>Perchclone2AM</i>	AGGGAAAGTGCAACTTCAACACCCATCCAC-----
<i>Perchclone3AM</i>	AGGGAAAGTGCAACTTCAACACCCATCCAC-----
<i>Melipsoidea</i>	AG-----CGT-AA-GTTGTC-----TCACGGCAT-TTA-TTGG-
<i>Mdjragini</i>	AG-----CGT-AA-GTTGTC-----TCACNGCAT-TTA-TTGGG
<i>Mbramae</i>	AG-----CGT-AA-GTTGTC-----TCACGGCAT-TTA-TTGG-
<i>Mneurobius</i>	AG-----CGT-AA-GTTGTC-----TCACGGCAT-TTA-TTGG-
<i>Marcticus</i>	AG-----CGT-NAAGTTGTC-----TCACGTCAT-TTA-TTGG-
<i>Msandrae</i>	AG-----CGT-AA-GTTGTC-----TCACGGCAT-TTA-TTGG-
<i>Minsidiosus</i>	AG-----CGT-AA-GTTGTC-----TCACGGCAT-TTA-TTGG-
<i>Mcerebralis</i>	AG-----CGTTAAAATGTGTC-----TCACGGCAT-TTA-TTGG-
<i>Mlentisuturalis</i>	TG---GGTAA--AATCAT-CA-----CGTAAAGCAT-TTA-TTGG-
<i>Mxiaozi</i>	TG---TGTTAGCAATAATGCAATGAATTGTCGTTAACGAT-TTA-TTAG-
<i>Myxo.</i>	-G---CATTGAAAAGATGTACTTGAATA-CATTAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
<i>Mportucalensis</i>	TG---CGCTGCC----TGT-----TGAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
<i>Mmusculi</i>	-----TCG---GGCTTGCT-----CGGCCAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
<i>Mcyprini</i>	-----TCG---GGCTTGCT-----CGGCCAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-

Mpseudodispar	-----TCG---GGCTTGCT-----TGGCCAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Mbibullatus	CAAATCTTTG---GGTTG-----TGTCAAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Melegans	TA--CCCTCG---GG--TGC-----TGTCAAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Mpendula	TG---CTGCAAGGCGCG-----CCAAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Mpellicides	TG---CTGCAAGGCGCG-----CCAAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Mhungaricus	TG---TCGAAAGGCTTGA-----TCAAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Myxiditruttae	-----ATC---ATTC-----AGGGTGTGATGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Myxidium	AG---CATC---ATTGTG-----AAGGTGTGATGCAT-TTAATTAG-
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	CC---TGTC---AAAGGG-----GTGCGGTAGCAT-TTA-TTGG-
Myxosp.	GG---CGTC---AAAACC-----TATCAAGGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Hennzschokkei	AG---TATTTATATTGT-----CCACCAATGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Hennsalminicola	AG---TATTTATATTGT-----CCACCAATGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Ethclone2MA	TA---GCTTGCTACATTT-----GGCC---GCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Ethclone3MA	TA---GCTTGCTACATTT-----GGCC---GCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	TG---GTTCGCTGCATTC-----AGCC---GCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Mprocerus	TG---GTTCGCTGCATTC-----AGCC---GCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Henneguya	TG---CTTTCGGGCGACT-----GGCGT-GGCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Hsp.	CG---GTTCC-GCCGTGA-----ACCGAATGCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Hdoori	CG---GTTC--GCCGCGA-----GCTGAATGCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Hennictaluri	AA---GCTT--GCTTTTC-----GTCGATTGCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Hennexilis	AA---GCTT--GCTTTTC-----GTCGATTGCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Mspinacurvatura	TG---ATTTCGGTCGTT-----CTCGTGGCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Michkeulensis	CG---GTTTCGGCCGT-----CTCATGGCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Mosburni	CA---AC-----CTCATGGCAT-TTA-TTAGA
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	CG---GCAAA-----GAAGCAT-TTATCCAG-
Malgonquinensis	TA---TCTTCGGGTACG-----TCAAAGCAT-TTA-TTAG-
Perchclone1AM	-----ACCAAGCATGTCA--TAA-
Perchclone2AM	-----ACCAAGCATGTCA--TAA-
Perchclone3AM	-----ACCAAGCATGTCA--TAA-
Melipsoidea	ACAAAACCAACTAC-CGA-CGTANCAGCTT--GCTGTTGCGACGCGTA--
Mdjragini	ACAAAACCAACTAC-CGA-CGTANCAGCTT--GCTGTTGCGTCGCGTA--
Mbramae	ACAAAACCAACTAC-CGA-CGTANCAGCTT--GCTGTTGCGACGCGTA--
Mneurobius	ACAAAACCAACTAC-CGA-CGTANCAGCTT--GCTGTTGCGACGCGTA--
Marcticus	ACAAAACCAACTAC-CGA-CGTACCAGCTT--GCTGTTGCAACCGTA--
Msandrae	ACAAAACCAACTAC-CGA-CGTAGCAGCTT--GCTGTTGCGACGCGTA--
Minsidiosus	ACAAAACCYACTAC-CGA-CGTAGCAGTT--GCTGTTGCGACGCGTN--
Mcerebralis	ACTAAACCAACTAC-CGT-TGCATTGGTTACGCTGATGTAGCGAGTA--
Mlentisaturalis	TAGAAACCAACTGT-TGG-TGCATGTAACAGTGTG---CCA---ATAT-
Mxiaozi	AATAAACCAACTGC-TAA-TGTATGTGATA-TGCA---TTA---GTGT-
Myxo.	TGTAAACCAACTAT-TGT-AATATGTGATA-TATT---ACA---GTGT-
Mportucalensis	AGCAA-CCAGGCCAC-TGTGTGCATGGGTAACAAACATACA---GTGT-
Mmusculi	TTTTAACCAATTAC-TGC---TT---GCA-----GTA--
Mcyprini	TTTTAACCAATGAC-TGC---GCAAGCA-----GTA--
Mpseudodispar	TTTTAACCAATTAC-TGC---GCAAGCA-----GTA--
Mbibullatus	ACTTTACCAACTAT-TAC---ATGGGCAAC-----CATGTA---GTA--
Melegans	ACCAAACCAACTGT-TGT---GCGATCATTG---GTCGTACA---GCA--
Mpendula	ACTTAACCATCTAC-TGT---GTG-GCAAC-----ATACA---GTA--
Mpellicides	ACTTAACCATCTAC-TGT---GTG-GCAAC-----ATACA---GTA--
Mhungaricus	ACTTAACCATCTAC-TGC---GTG-GCAAC-----ACGTG---GTA--
Myxiditruttae	ATTAAGCCAGTCAA-CGATGTGGTA---TTTACG-TATTGCATTGTTGT

Myxidium	ATTAACCAATCAT-TGTTCAATAG---TTTAGGCTATTGTCATTGT
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	A--AATACCAACTT-TGGCGAGTGGGTTAAACTTGCTCGTCCAGATA-
Myxosp.	ACTAATACCAACTG-TATGTTAGTGG---TTAACGCTTCTGACGTACAA-
Hennzschokkei	ATGAAGCAA-CTG-GTGTGTTGGGG---TGCAAATCTCCAACTTGTA-
Hennsalminicola	ATGAAGCAA-CTG-CTTGTGTTGGGG---TGCAAATCTCCAACTTGTA-
Ethclone2MA	TAA-TACCAAT---CACATGAGCAATCAT-----GTGTG
Ethclone3MA	TAA-TACCAAT---CACATGAGCAATCAT-----GTGTG
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobrocerus	GAA-TACCAAT---CGCATGAGCAATCAT-----GTGTG
Mprocerus	GAA-TACCAAT---CGCATGAGCAATCAT-----GTGTG
Henneguya	GAA-TACCAATGGCACGTACGAGAGATCGT-----GCGAG
Hsp.	GCGATACCAATGA--TGTACGTGAGTACAT-----GT---
Hdoori	GCGATACCAACCA--TGCACGTGAGTGCA-----
Hennictaluri	GCGATACCAACCG--TGTGTT---ACACAC-----GT---
Hennexilis	GCGATACCAACCG--TGTGC---AAACAC-----GT---
Mspinacurvatura	CAATTACCAATCG--TGGGC--AACCCAT-----GT--
Michkeulensis	CAATTACCAATCG--CGGGC--AACCCGT-----GT--
Mosburni	TAATTACCAATTGAATGAGAGTAAATCTC-----ATTCA
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-CTAAACCAATCGG--GCCCTAAAACCCA-----GTA--
Malgonquinensis	ACTAAACCACCTAC-TATGCTCCGGCATA-----GTA--
Perchclone1AM	ACACACCCAA-----
Perchclone2AM	ACACACCCAA-----
Perchclone3AM	ACACACCCAA-----
Melipsoides	--AGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAT-GGCCTA-ATG--CCG
Mdjragini	--AGGTGAATCTAGNTAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAT-GGCCTA-ATG--CCG
Mbramae	--AGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAT-GGCCTA-GTG--CCG
Mneurobius	--AGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAT-GGCCTA-NTG--CCG
Marcticus	--AGGTGAATCTAAATAACT-TTGCTNATCGTAT-GGCCTA-TTG--CCG
Msandrae	--AGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAT-GGCCTA-NTG--CCG
Minsidiosus	--YGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTATTGGCCTA-GTG--CCG
Mcerebralis	--AGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAT-GGCCTA-TAG--CCG
Mlentisuturalis	--GGATGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAGTGGCGTA-ATA-GCCG
Mxiao1	--GGGTGAGTCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAGTGGCATA-ATA-GCCG
Myxo.	--GGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTAGTGGCGTA-ATATGCCG
Mportucalensis	--GGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TGTCTGATCGTAGTGGC-CA-TGAAGCCG
Mmusculi	--AGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTA-TGGCTT-G----CCA
Mcyprini	--AGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGCA-TGGCTCT-G----CCA
Mpseudodispar	--AGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGA-CGGCTT-G----CCG
Mbubullatus	--AGGCGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GTG--CCG
Melegans	--AGGTGAATCTGGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTA-TGGCCTA-GAG--CCG
Mpendula	--AGGCGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTA-TGGCCTA-GTG--CCG
Mpellicides	--AGGCGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTA-TGGCCTA-GTG--CCG
Mhungaricus	--AGGCGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GTG--CCG
Myxiditruttae	TGTGGTGAGTCTGGATAACT-GTGCCGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GAG--CCG
Myxidium	TGTGGTGAGTCTGGATAACT-GTGCCGATCGTA-TGGCCTA-GAG--CCG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	---GGTGAATCTGGATAACT-G-GCTGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GTG--CTG
Myxosp.	---GGTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCCGATCGCA-TGGCTTC-GGG--CCG

Hennzschokkei	---GGGGAGTCTAGATAACT-GTGCAGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GTG--CTG
Hennsalminicola	---GGTAGTCTAGATAACT-GTGCAGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GTG--CTG
Ethclone2MA	----ATGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGCA-TGACCTT-GTG--TCG
Ethclone3MA	----ATGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGCA-TGACCTT-GTG--TCG
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	----GTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGCA-TGGCCTTGAG--CCG
Mprocerus	----GTGAATCTAGATAACT-TTGCTGATCGCA-TGGCCTTGAG--CCG
Henneguya	CGGGGTGAATCTAGATAACT-GTGCAGATCGCA-TGGCCTT-GAG--CCG
Hsp.	----GGTGAATCTAGATAACT-GTGCAGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GAG--CTG
Hdoori	-----AATCTAGATAACTCGTGAGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GAG--CTG
Hennictaluri	---GGCGAATCTAGATAACT-GTGCAGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GAG--CTG
Hennexilis	---GGCGAATCTAGATAACT-GTGCAGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GAG--CTG
Mspinacurvatura	---GGCGAATCTAGATAACTTG-GCAGATCGTA-TGGCCTT-GAG--CCG
Michkeulensis	---GGTGAATCTAGATAACTTA-GCAGATCGTA-TGGCCTA-GTG--CCG
Mosburni	--GGTTGAATCTAGATAACT-ATGCAGATCGTA-CGGCCTC-GTG--CTG
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	---GGTGAATCTAGATAACT-GTGCCGATCGTT--GCTTT-ATG--CG
Malgonquinensis	---AGGGAATCTGGATAACT-CTGCTGATCGTA-TGGCCTA-GTG--CCG
Perchclone1AM	----TGCTTCAGAGTATCTCTTACACCTTACCAACAAT-----TCA
Perchclone2AM	----TGCTTCAGAGTATCTCTTACACCTTACCAACAAT-----TCA
Perchclone3AM	----TGCTTCAGAGTATCTCTTACACCTTACCAACAAT-----TCA
 Melipsoides	GCGTC-TTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATT-AACTT--GTTGGTANTA
Mdjragini	GCGNAGTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATT-AACTT--GTTGGTAGTA
Mbramae	GCGACGTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATT-AACTT--GTTGGTAGTA
Mneurobius	GCGNCNTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATT-AACTT--GTTGGTAGTA
Marcticus	GCAACTTNCATTGAA-TTNCTGCC-TATT-AACTT--GTNGGTATTA
Msandrae	GCGACNTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATT-AACTT--GTTGGTAGTA
Minsidiosus	GCGACGTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGYCCCTATT-AACTT--GTTGGTAGRA
Mcerebralis	GCCACGTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATT-AACTA--GTTGGTAGTA
Mlentisaturalis	GCGACATTCAGTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Mxiaoai	GCGACATTCAGTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Myxo.	GCGACGTTCAAGTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Mportucalensis	GCGACATTCAGTGAAATCTCTGCC-TATC-AACTT--GTTGGTAAGG
Mmusculi	GCGACATTCATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Mcyprini	GCGACGTTCAATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Mpseudodispar	GCGACGTTCAATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Mbibullatus	ACGACGTTCAATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTT--GTTGGTAAGG
Melegans	GCGACGTTCAATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTA--GTTGGTAATG
Mpendula	ACGACGTTCAATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Mpellicides	ACGACGTTCAATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Mhungaricus	ACGACGTTCAATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AATTG--GTTGGTAAGG
Myxiditruttae	GCGACATTCGATTAAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTT--GTTGGTAAGG
Myxidium	GCGACATTCGATTAAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTT--GTTGGTAAGG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	ACGACGTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTT--GTTGGTAAGG
Myxosp.	GCGACGTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTT--GTTGGTAAGG
Hennzschokkei	ACGACGTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTA--GTTGGTAAGG
Hennsalminicola	ACGACGTTCAATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTA--GTTGGTAAGG
Ethclone2MA	GCGACATTCGATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AC-TT--GATGCTAGTG
Ethclone3MA	GCGACATTCGATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AC-TT--GATGCTAGTG
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	GCGACATTCGATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-ACCTT--GATGCTAGTG
Mprocerus	GCGACATTCGATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-ACCTT--GATGCTAGTG

Henneguya	GCGACATTCGATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-ACCTA--GATGCAAGTG
Hsp.	ACGACGTTCGATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTT-TGTCGACAGTG
Hdoori	ACGACGTTCGATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTCATGTCGACAGTG
Hennictaluri	ACGACATTCGATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTC-TGTTGGCAGTG
Hennexilis	ACGACATTCGATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTC-TGTTGGCAGTG
Mspinacurvatura	GCGACGTTCGATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTATTGTCGGTAGTG
Michkeulensis	GCGACGTTCGATTGAA-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTATTGTCGGTAGTG
Mosburni	ACGACGATTGAG-TTTCTGCCT-TATC-AGCTT-TGTCGTGGCGG
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	GCGATATTCGATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATC-AACTT-GTTGGTATGG
Malgonquinensis	GCGACGTTCAATTGAG-TTTCTGCC-TATCCAACCTT-GTTGGTAAGG
Perchclone1AM	A-ATCATATCAATACAG-----ACCTGTTAC-AGTCT-ATAAAGAAGA
Perchclone2AM	A-ATCATATCAATACAG-----ACCTGTTAC-AGTCT-ATAAAGAAGA
Perchclone3AM	A-ATCATATCAATACAG-----ACCTGTTAC-AGTCT-ATAAAGAAGA
-----	-----
Melipsoides	TANTTGCCTAC-CAAGGTTGCGACGGGTGACGGGAATCAGG---GTTC
Mdjragini	TANTTGCCTAC-CAAGGTTGCGACGGGTGACNGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mbramae	TAGTTGCCTAC-CAAGGTTGCGACGGGTGACCGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mneurobius	TAGTTGCCTAC-CAAGGTTGCGACGGGTGACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Marcticus	TANTTGCCTAC-CACGGTTGCGACGGGTGACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Msandrae	TAGTTGCCTAC-CAACGTTGCGACGGGTGACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Minsidiosus	TAGTTGCCTAC-CAARGTTCCGACGGGTGACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mcerebralalis	TAGAACGCTAC-CAAGGTTGCGATGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mlentisuturalis	TAGTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGTAACGGGTAAACGGGGATCAGG---GTTC
Mxiaozi	TAGTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGTAACGGGTAAACGGGGATCAGG---GTTC
Myxo.	TAGTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGTAACGGGTAAACGGGGATCAGG---GTTC
Mportucalensis	TAGTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTACAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mmusculi	TATTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGTAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mcyprini	TATTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGTAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mpseudodispar	TATTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGTAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mbibullatus	TATTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGCAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Melegans	TATTGGATTAC-CAAGGTAGCAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mpendula	TATTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGCAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mpellicides	TATTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGCAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mhungaricus	TATTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGCAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Myxiditruttae	TCGTTGCTTAC-CAAGGTGATTACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Myxidium	TAGTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTGAT-ACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	TAGTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGTAACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Myxosp.	TAGATGCTTAC-CAAGGTGGCGACGGGTAAACGGGGATCAGG---GTTC
Hennzschokkei	TAGATGCTAAC-CAAGGTTGTGACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Hennsalminicola	TAGTAGTCAC-CAAGGTTGTGACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Ethclone2MA	TATTGAACTAG-CATGGGAGTTACGGGTAAACGGAGGATCAGG---GTTC
Ethclone3MA	TATTGAACTAG-CATGGGAGTTACGGGTAAACGGAGGATCAGG---GTTC
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	TATTGAACTAG-CATGGGAGTAACGGGTAAACGGAGGATCAGG---TTC
Mprocerus	TATTGAACTAG-CATGGGAGTAACGGGTAAACGGAGGATCAGG---GTTC
Henneguya	TATTGTACTTG-CATGGGGTCACGGGTGACGGAGGATCAGG---GTTC
Hsp.	TAGTGGACTGC-CGAGGTTTTACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Hdoori	TAGTGGACTGC-CGAGGTTTTACGGGTAAACGGGG-AATCAGG---GTTC
Hennictaluri	TAGTGGACTGC-CAAGGTTTTACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Hennexilis	TAGTGGACTGC-CAAGGTTTTACGGGTAAACGGGGAAATCAGG---GTTC
Mspinacurvatura	TAGTGGACTAC-CGAGGTTTTACGGGTGACGGGGATCAGG---GTTC
Michkeulensis	TAGTGGACTAC-CGAGGTTTTACGGGTGACGGGGATCAGG---GTTC

Mosburni	TGAGGGCCCCA-CGTGGCAGTGACGAGTACGGGTGAATAAGG----GTTT-----
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	TATTGGCCTAC-CAAGGTTTGACGGGTAACGGGAATCAGG----GTTC
Malgonquinensis	TATTGGCTTAC-CAAGGTTGCAACGGGTAACGG-GAATCAGG----GTTC
Perchclone1AM	TTTGAATTACTCCAGCTCGTCA----AATGGAGATTGTGATCTCGTCC
Perchclone2AM	TTTGAATTACTCCAGCTCGTCA----AATGGAGATTGTGATCTCGTCC
Perchclone3AM	TTTGAATTACTCCAGCTCGTCA----AATGGAGATTGTGATCTCGTCC
Melipsooides	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCATGGGAAGGC
Mdjragini	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCATGG-AAGGC
Mbramae	GATTCCGGACAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCATGGNAAGGC
Mneurobius	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCATGGGAAGGC
Marcticus	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCATGG-AAGGC
Msandrae	GATTCCGGAGNGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCATGGGAAGGC
Minsidiosus	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAAAAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCATGG-AAGGC
Mcerebralis	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCATGG-AAGGC
Mlentisaturalis	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mxiaozi	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Myxo.	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mportucalensis	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mmusculi	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAATCGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mcyprini	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAATCGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mpseudodispar	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAATCGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mbibullatus	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Melegans	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mpendula	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-GAGGC
Mpellicides	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-GAGGC
Mhungaricus	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Myxiditruttae	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-ACGGC
Myxidium	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTCAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-ACGGC
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAATGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-GAGGC
Myxosp.	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAATGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-ACGGC
Hennzschokkei	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAATTGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Hennsalminicola	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAATTGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Ethclone2MA	GATCCCAGAGAGGGAGCCTTAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Ethclone3MA	GATCCCAGAGAGGGAGCCTTAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobrocerus	GATCCCAGAGAGGGAGCCTTAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mprocerus	GATCCCAGAGAGGGAGCCTTAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Henneguya	GATCCCAGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Hsp.	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Hdoori	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Hennictaluri	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Hennexilis	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mspinacurvatura	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Michkeulensis	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Mosburni	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATNCAAGG-AAGGC
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-TTCTAAGG-AAGGC
Malgonquinensis	GATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCTGAGAAACGGCTACCAC-ATCCAAGG-AAGGC
Perchclone1AM	GTTACCGGAAT--AACCTGACAATCACT-TCACGAACTAAGA-ACGGC
Perchclone2AM	GTTACCGGAAT--AACCTGACAATCACT-TCACGAACTAAGA-ACGGC
Perchclone3AM	GTTACCGGAAT--AACCTGACAATCACT-TCACGAACTAAGA-ACGGC

Melipsoides	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACACTGGGGAGGTGGTGACGA
Mdjragini	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-ANACACTGGGGAGGTGGTGACGA
Mbramae	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AG-CACTGGGG-GGTGGTGACGA
Mneurobius	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACACTGGGGAGGTGGTGACGA
Marcticus	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACACTGGGGAGGTGGTGACGA
Msandrae	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACACTGGGGAGGTGGTGACGA
Minsidiosus	AGCAGGCGC-CCAAATTACCCYATCCYAGANACCAGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Mcerebralis	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACACTGGGGAGGTGGTGACGA
Mlentisuturalis	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACACTGGGGAGGTGGTGACGA
Mxiao1	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAGTGGG-AGGTGGCGACGA
Myxo.	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAGTGGG-AGGTGGCACGA
Mportucalensis	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACACTGGGG-AGGTAGTAACGA
Mmusculi	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Mcyprini	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Mpseudodispar	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Mbibullatus	AACAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Melegans	AACAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Mpendula	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Mpellicides	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Mhungaricus	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Myxiditruttae	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Myxidium	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACACTGGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-ACAATGTGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Myxosp.	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Hennzschokkei	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATTC-AGACAGTGAG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Hennsalminicola	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATTC-AGACAGTGAG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Ethclone2MA	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Ethclone3MA	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Mprocerus	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Henneguya	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Hsp.	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Hdoori	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Hennictaluri	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Hennexilis	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Mspinacurvatura	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Michkeulensis	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Mosburni	AGCAGGCGC-GAAAATTACCAATCC-AGACAATGGG-AGGTGGTGACGA
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	AGCAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCC-AGACATTGGG-AGTAGTGACGA
Malgonquinensis	AACAGGCGC-GCAAATTACCAATCT-AGACAGTAGG-AGGTGGTGAAAGA
Perchclone1AM	--CATGCACCACCAATCACCAGATC-----ATGT-----A
Perchclone2AM	--CATGCACCACCAATCACCAGATC-----ATGT-----A
Perchclone3AM	--CATGCACCACCAATCACCAGATC-----ATGT-----A
Melipsoides	NAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGCCCT-TA-GGGTC--GCTAGC-TTGGATGG-
Mdjragini	GAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGCCCT-TA-GGGTC--GCTAGC-TTGGATGG-
Mbramae	NAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGCCCT-TA-GGGTC--GCTAGC-TTGGATGG-
Mneurobius	NAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGCCCT-TA-GGGTC--GCTAGC-TTGGATGG-
Marcticus	NAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGCCCT-TA-GGGTC--GCTAGC-TTGGATGG-
Msandrae	GAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGCCCT-TA-GGGT---GCTAGC-TTGGATGG-

Minsidiosus	GNAAGTACTAAGTGGTGGCCCT-TA-GGGTC--GCTAGC-TTGGRATGG-
Mcerebralis	GAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGCCCT-TA-GGGTC--GCCAGC-TTGGAATGG-
Mlentisuturalis	GAA-TTACTGAGTGGTAGCCAT-AATGG-TT--ATCGAC-TTAAATGA-
Mxiaozi	GAA-TTACTAAGTGGTAGCCTT-TATGG-TT--ATCGAC-TTAAATGA-
Myxo.	GAA-TTACTGGGTGGTAGCCTT-TATGG-TT--ATCGAC-TTAAATGA-
Mportucalensis	GAA-TTACTGAGTAGTGGTCCG-AATGGGCT--ACTAGT-TTGGAATGA-
Mmusculi	GAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGTT----ATTTACT--ACCAGC-TTGGAATGG-
Mcyprini	GAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGTT----ATTTACT--ACCAGC-TTGGAATGG-
Mpseudodispar	GAA-GTACTAAGTGGTGGTT----ATTTACT--ACCAGC-TTGGAATGG-
Mbibullatus	GAA-GTACTAAGTAGTGGTCC--AATGGATT--ACTAGC-TTGGAATGA-
Melegans	GAA-TTACTAAGTGGTGGCCT--TATG-GCT--ACCAGC-TTGGAATGA-
Mpendula	GAA-GTACTTAGTGGTGACC----AAATGGT--CCCAAC-TTGGAATGA-
Mpellicides	GAA-GTACTTAGTGGTGACC----AAATGGT--CCCAAC-TTGGAATGA-
Mhungaricus	GAA-GTACCGGGTGGTGGTC----AATGACT--ACCAAC-TTGGAATGA-
Myxiditruttae	GAA-ATACCAGGTCGTTCCC---AAAAGGAT--TCGACA-CTGGAATGA-
Myxidium	GAA-ATACCAGGTCGTTCCC---AAAAGGAT--TCGACA-CTGGAATGA-
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	GAA-ATATTAGTCGTTTCCCTCAGGGAAT--GCGATA-CTGAAATGA-
Myxosp.	GAA-ATACTAGTCAGTGTCTC--AAAAGGAC--GCTGAT-CTGGAATGG-
Hennzschokkei	GAA-TTACCAAGTGGTGACC---ATAAGGTT--GCCAAT-TTGGAATGA-
Hennsalminicola	GAA-TTACCAAGTGGTGACC---ATAAGGTT--GCCAAT-TTGGAATGA-
Ethclone2MA	AGA-GTACCGGATGACTAAA--AAATTTTTAGTCAGT-CTGGAATGA-
Ethclone3MA	AGA-GTACCGGATGACTAAA--AAATTTTTAGTCAGT-CTGGAATGA-
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	AGA-GTACCGGATGACTGAT--ATATTATT-AGTCAGT-CTGGAATGA-
Mprocerus	AGA-GTACCGGATGACTGAT--ATATTATT-AGTCAGT-CTGGAATGA-
Henneguya	AAA-GTACCGAATAAC-GCC---AAATGGTT--GTTAGT-TCAGAATGGG
Hsp.	AAA-GTACCAAATGACGCC---TAACGGGT--GTCAGT-TTGGAATGA-
Hdoori	AAA-GTACCAAATGACGCC---TAACGGGT--GTCAGT-TTGGAATGA-
Hennictaluri	AAA-GTACCGAATGGCAGCT---TA-TTGTT--GCCAGT-TTGGAATGA-
Hennexilis	AAA-GTACCGAATGGCAGCT---TA-TTGTT--GCCAGT-TTGGAATGA-
Mspinacurvatura	AAA-GTACCAAGATGACGATC---TAA-GATT--GTCAAT-TTGGAATGG-
Michkeulensis	AAA-GTACCAAGATGACGGTC---AAA-GACT--GTCAAT-CTGGAATGG-
Mosburni	AAA-GTACCGAATCTGCC---TAGTGGTT--AG-AGT-TTGGAATGG-
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	GAA-ATACCGGACTGGATCT----TACGAT--CCAGTACTGGAATGA-
Malgonquinensis	GAA-TTACTAAATGGTGGTCT--TATTGATC--ATTTGT-TTGGAATGA-
Perchclone1AM	AGATCTCGGTCTGACAATCC-----TT-----TTG--ATGT-
Perchclone2AM	AGATCTCGGTCTGACAATCC-----TT-----TTG--ATGT-
Perchclone3AM	AGATCTCGGTCTGACAATCC-----TT-----TTG--ATGT-
Melipsoides	ACGTAAT-TTAAGTAATTG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mdjragini	ACGTAAT-TTAAGTAATTG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mbramae	ACGTAAT-TTAAGTAATTG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mneurobius	ACGTAAT-TTAAGTAATTG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Marcticus	ACGTAAT-TTAAGTAATTG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Msandrae	ACGTAAT-TTAAGTAATTG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Minsidiosus	ACGTAYT-TTAAGTAATTG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mcerebralis	ACGTAAT-TTAAGTAATTG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mlentisuturalis	ACGTGATATTAAGAAATCCG-TTGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mxiaozi	ACGTGAT-TTAAGAAATCCG-TTGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Myxo.	ACGTGAT-TTAAGAAATCCG-TTGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mportucalensis	ACGTGAT-TTAGTACATCCG-ATGAGTAACAACGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mmusculi	ACGTAAT-TTAAGCAATTG-ATGAGTAACACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG

Mcyprini	ACGTAAT-TTAAGCAATTCTG-ATGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG
Mpseudodispar	ACGTAAT-TTAAGCAATTCTG-ATGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG
Mbibullatus	ACGTAAT-TTAAGCAATTCTG-ATGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG
Melegans	ACGTAAT-TTAAGCAATTCTG-ATGAGTAACAACACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG
Mpendula	GGCCAAT-TTAAGAAATTCTG-TCGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG
Mpellicides	GGCCAAT-TTAAGAAATTCTG-TCGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG
Mhungaricus	ACGTAAT-TTAAGCAATTCTG-ATGAGTAACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG
Myxiditruttae	GTGCAAT-TTAAAAATTCA-ACGAGTAACAACACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Myxidium	GTGCAAT-TTAAAAATTCA-ACGAGTAACAACACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	GCACAAT-TTAGAACATTG-TCGAGTAACAACACTGAAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Myxosp.	ACGCAAT-TTAAGCAATTCTG-ATGAGTAACAACACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TA
Hennzschokkei	ACGTAAT-TTAAGAAATTCTG-ATGAGTAGCAACACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-CG
Hennsalminicola	ACGTAAT-TTAAGAAATTCTG-ATGAGTAACAACACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-CG
Ethclone2MA	AATCAAT-TTAAGCAATTGAGTTGAGTAACACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Ethclone3MA	AATCAAT-TTAAGCAATTGAGTTGAGTAACACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	AATCAAT-TTAAGCAATTGAGTTGAGTAACACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mprocerus	AATCAAT-TTAAGCAATTGAGTTGAGTAACACTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Henneguya	AATCAAT-TTAAGCAATTGA-TTGAGTAACGACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Hsp.	AAACAAT-TTAGGAATTGAGTAACGACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Hdoori	AAACAAT-TTAGGAATTGAGTAACGACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Hennictaluri	AAACAAT-TTAAGTAATTGAGTAACGACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Hennexilis	AAACAAT-TTAAGTAATTGAGTAACGACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mspinacurvatura	AATCAAT-TTAAGCAATTGA-TTGAGGAACGACTAGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Michkeulensis	AATCAAT-TTAAGCAATTGA-TTGAGGAACGACTAGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Mosburni	A---CGAT-ANATAAACATGATCGAGAATTCAACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	ACGATAT-GTAATCATTCTG-ATGAGGATCTACTGGAGGGCAA-GTC-TG
Malgonquinensis	ACGTAAC-TTAAGAAATTCTG-TTGAGAAACAACACTGGAGGGCAA-GTCCTG
Perchclone1AM	-CCTGAT-CCG GTAAGTTCCCGTGT-----TGA--GTCAA-----
Perchclone2AM	-CCTGAT-CCG GTAAGTTCCCGTGT-----TGA--GTCAA-----
Perchclone3AM	-CCTGAT-CCG GTAAGTTCCCGTGT-----TGA--GTCAA-----
Melipsoidea	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-G
Mdjragini	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-G
Mbramae	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-G
Mneurobius	GTGCCAGCAGTC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-G
Marcticus	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-G
Msandrae	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-G
Minsidiosus	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-G
Mcerebralis	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-G
Mlentisaturalis	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTACCTCAA-G
Mxiaozi	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTACCTCAA-G
Myxo.	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTACCTCAA-G
Mportucalensis	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTGGC-GTACTTTAAA-G
Mmusculi	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTGGC-GTGATTTAAA-G
Mcyprini	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTGGC-GTGATTTAAA-G
Mpseudodispar	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTGGC-GTGATTTAAA-G
Mbibullatus	GTGCCAACAGCCCCGGTAATTCCAGCTCCAAGTTGT-GTGATTTAAAAG
Melegans	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTGAT-CTCGTTAAA-G
Mpendula	GTGCCAGCAGCCCCGGTAATTCCAGCTTC-AGTGGCCGTGATTTAAA-G
Mpellicides	GTGCCAGCAGCCCCGGTAATTCCAGCTTCAGTGGCCGTGATTTAAA-G
Mhungaricus	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCC-AGTGGC-GTGATTTAAA-G

Myxiditruttae	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGT-GTATTCAAAC-G
Myxidium	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGT-GTATCAAAC-G
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTTCA-GTAGT-GTATATTAAT-G
Myxosp.	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCTAGCTCCA-GTGGT-GTATTTAAT-G
Hennzschokkei	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCGGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-A
Hennsalminicola	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCGGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATTTAAA-A
Ethclone2MA	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTGTCTCAAA-G
Ethclone3MA	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTGTCTCAAA-G
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTGTCTCAAA-G
Mprocerus	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTGTCTCAAA-G
Henneguya	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATCTCAAA-G
Hsp.	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATCTCAAA-G
Hdoori	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATCTCAAA-G
Hennictaluri	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATCTCAAA-G
Hennexilis	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATCTCAAA-G
Mspinacurvatura	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCTA-GTAGC-GTATCCAAA-G
Michkeulensis	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCTA-GTAGC-GTATCCAAA-G
Mosburni	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGC-GTATCGCAAA-G
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGT-GTATATCAAC-A
Malgonquinensis	GTGCCAGCAGCC-GCGGTAAATTCCAGCTCCA-GTAGT-TTGCTTTAAA-G
Perchclone1AM	--ATTA--AGCC-GCAG--GCTCCACCCCTG-GTGGT-GCCCTTCC---G
Perchclone2AM	--ATTA--AGCC-GCAG--GCTCCACCCCTG-GTGGT-GCCCTTCC---G
Perchclone3AM	--ATTA--AGCC-GCAG--GCTCCACCCCTG-GTGGT-GCCCTTCC---G
Melipsoides	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGTAA---GT
Mdjragini	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGTAA---GT
Mbramae	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGTAA---GT
Mneurobius	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGTAA---GT
Marcticus	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGTAA---GT
Msandrae	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGTAA---GT
Minsidiosus	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGTAA---GT
Mcerebralalis	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGTAA---GT
Mlentisuturalis	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACATG--GTTG-GGTC
Mxiao1	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACATG--GTTAAGGAT
Myxo.	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACATG--GTTAGGTAT
Mportucalensis	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCGATGTCA---GT
Mmusculi	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCAAGCGGTGACA---GT
Mcyprini	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCATGCGGTGACA---GC
Mpseudodispar	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCAAGCGGTGTCA---GT
Mbibullatus	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACCCAGTGACA---GT
Melegans	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGCATCA---TC
Mpendula	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGGGATCATGCAGTGATA---TT
Mpellicides	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCATGCAGTGATA---TT
Mhungaricus	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTAGTA---TT
Myxiditruttae	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ACAAGAGAGTAACCTGATG
Myxidium	TTGCTGCGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ACAAGAGAGTAGCTGGAG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	CTGGCGGGTTAAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGA-ATGAC---GAAGCTCGGGA

Myxosp.	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATTAC---GCAGTGTGAGT
Hennzschokkei	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTGGTAG--TTGG-ATGAC---ACAGTCATGAT
Hennsalminicola	TTGCTGCCTTAAACNCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATGAC---ACAGTCATGAT
Ethclone2MA	TTGCTGCCTGAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATGAGAAACTACAC---AT
Ethclone3MA	TTGCTGCCTGAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATGAGAAACTACAC---AT
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATGAGAACTATAT---AT
Mprocerus	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATGAGAAACTACAT---AT
Henneguya	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCATTAACTGTGT---GT
Hsp.	TTGCTGC-CTTAAACGCCCGTAG--T-GG-A-CACGCACGTGT---GT
Hdoori	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCACGTGT---GT
Hennictaluri	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCACATATGC---AT
Hennexilis	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCACATATGC---AT
Mspinacurvatura	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACAAACTATAC---GC
Michkeulensis	TTGCTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACAAACTATAT---TC
Mosburni	NTGCTGCCTTAAACGNTCGTAAGTTGGG-ATCACAGTCTGTGT---GT
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	TTGTTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATAACGAG-----
Malgonquinensis	TTGTTGCCTTAAACGCTCGTAG--TTGG-ATCACGCAGTGATG---TT
Perchclone1AM	TCAATTCCCTTAAG---TTTCAGCCTTGCACCA-----
Perchclone2AM	TCAATTCCCTTAAG---TTTCAGCCTTGCACCA-----
Perchclone3AM	TCAATTCCCTTAAG---TTTCAGCCTTGCACCA-----
Melipsoides	TGGTAAGCTGATTG---AATGGTGCT-----CCAAGTGTGTTG--GTG
Mdjragini	TGGTAAGCTGATTG---AATGGTGCT-----CCAAGTGTGTTG--GTG
Mbramae	TGGTAAGCTGATTG---AATGGTGCT-----CCAAGTGTGTTG--GTG
Mneurobius	TGGTAAGCTGATTG---AATGGTGCT-----CCAAGTGTGTTG--GTG
Marcticus	TGGTAAGCTGATTG---AATGGTGCT-----CCAAGTGTGTTG--GTG
Msandrae	TGGTAAGCTGATTG---AATGGTGCT-----CCAAGTGTGTTG--GTG
Minsidiosus	TGGTAAGCTGATTG---AATGGTGCT-----CCAAGTGTGTTYG--GTG
Mcerebralis	TGGTAGGCTGATCG---AATGGTGCTA-----CTAACTGCTCCA--GCG
Mlentisuturalis	TAGTAAAAAACGT---GTTAGTACGCT-AAATCCTCAAGTGTAGATGTG
Mxiaozi	CAGTGAATTGGCAT---CTAGGTACAAT-AAATCCTCAAGTGTAGATGTA
Myxo.	CAGTGAATTACCAT---GTTGGCACAAA-AAATCCTCAAGTGTAGGTGTG
Mportucalensis	CAGTGAATGGCGC---AAT-GTGAAT-AAACCCTCACCGGTTGATGTG
Mmusculi	TTGTAGTCTCGGGT---TG---GC-----ATTGGCTGCTTC---AG
Mcyprini	CTGTAGTCTCGGGC---TT---GC-----ATTGGCTGCTTC---AG
Mpseudodispar	TTGTAGTCTCGCAT---TA---GT-----ATCTGACTGCTTC---AG
Mbibullatus	CGGTTATTTTCGGT---TAT-ACGCT-----AACTGTGATTT---TG
Melegans	TGGTAATCT-TGAT---AGT-GAGCATA-AAAGCTG--CACTTGAGGAG
Mpendula	CAGTGACCATAAAT---GGT-ACAT-----GTATACGATTTT---CT
Mpellicides	CAGTGACAATAAAT---GGT-ACAT-----GTATACCATTTT---CT
Mhungaricus	CAGTAATCTAGGCC---AAT-GTAT-----GCTGACGATTG---CC
Myxiditruttae	CGGGCGGGGAGTGT---AATTACGCTAT-GTGTTCACTCGTTGGG--TGA
Myxidium	CGG---CGGGAGTGT---AAT-GCTCTGT-GTGTACTGATTAAG--GAA
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	CGATACTTTAACGT---A--TGCTACAT-CAAACCG-----TG
Myxosp.	CGGTCAATTAGCAG---AGCTTCACATT-AAAACCG-----AG
Hennzschokkei	CAGTTGATTGTCAT---GGTTATACATT-AAACTTT-----
Hennsalminicola	CAGTTGATTGTCAT---GGTTATACATT-AAACTTT-----
Ethclone2MA	TGGATAGTTATTATCTAGGTTATAGACT-ACATATTTCTGTATATCTGTG
Ethclone3MA	TGGATAGTTATTATCTAGGTTATAGACT-ACATATTTCTGTATATCTGTG
Ethclone1MA	-----GGTTATAGACT-ACATATTTCTGTATATCTGTG
Myxobprocerus	CGGATAGTTACTAGATTAAGGCT-A-ATTATTACTTATTCCTGTG

Mprocerus	CGGATAGTTATTTACTAGATTAGGACT-A-ATTATTACATATTCCTG
Henneguya	GGGGTAAGTGGAACGATGTT-TGCCCT-ACACCG---ACATGGCCGCG
Hsp.	TGGTGGATGTGCAA---T-C-GTGCTAT-GACCCTCTTCCAGGCACG
Hdoori	TGGTGGATGCGCAT---TGC-GTGCTATTGACCCTCTTCTGGCGCG
Hennictaluri	TGGTGTACTCAAGTGTG-ATGGTA--AACCTAG-GCT--CGGTTTC
Hennexilis	TGGTGTATCCAAGTTGTC-ATGGTA--AGCTTGCT--CAGACT-C
Mspinacurvatura	GAGTTGGTGTGG----TGCTGTATCAA-ATTTATGAA---TCATGCAAG
Michkeulensis	GAGTTGGTGTGG----TGCTGTGCAA-AATTAAAGATTTCCCAGG
Mosburni	GTGTGAATCGGAA---TGGCGTGCCTCAACTTTATAATTACATGCT
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-GGTAAAAT----AATTATATGA-----
Malgonquinensis	CAGTAATCTTAG---AGGGGTGTCGTCAAATGTATCCGTC-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsooides	ATA-A-----ATTTCTA--TTTATTACTAAAACAGTGT-----
Mdjragini	ATA-A-----ATTTCTA--TTTATTACTAAAACAGTGT-----
Mbramae	ATA-A-----ATTTCTA--TTTATTACTAAAACAGTGT-----
Mneurobius	ATA-A-----ATTTCTA--TTTATTACTAAAACAGTGT-----
Marcticus	ATA-A-----ATTTCTA--TTTATTACTAAAACAGTGT-----
Msandrae	ATA-A-----ATTTCTA--TTTATTACTAAAACAGTGT-----
Minsidiosus	ATA-A-----ATTTCTA--TTTATTACTAAAACAGTGT-----
Mcerebralalis	TTG-A-----ATTCACAA-TTCAGTGTGGAGTAGTGT-----
Mlentisuturalis	ACG-GTGTGTTATCACCGTTGCAA--TTTATATGT--TGTGGAGT-----
Mxiao1	GTG-GGGTCTTATCCCTACTACAA--TTTATATGT--TGTGGAGT-----
Myxo.	ACG-GTGTGCTATCACCGTTGCAA--TTTATATAT--TGTGGAGT-----
Mportucalensis	TCT-ACGTTCTACCGTGACACAT--TCAATTGACG-TGAGGAGT-----
Mmusculi	TC-----GATG---CTGATC-----GTGG-----
Mcyprini	TC-----GATG---C-AGCC-----GTGG-----
Mpseudodispar	TC-----GATG---CTTTTC-----GTAG-----
Mbibullatus	TCC-AGATATGCAAATAGATGGCA--CTAATCTGATGGGTAG-----
Melegans	TT-----TTCACGTAAGTGTAAAGGCCGATT-AAAGTGTAGTGCT-----
Mpendula	CCA-C-----CGAGTTTAT--TGAATC-----TGTNCC-----
Mpellicides	CCA-A-----CGAGTTTAT--TGAATC-----TGTACC-----
Mhungaricus	TCA-----GGCGTAT--CGGATC-----TTCATT-----
Myxiditruttae	-TG--CGTTGCTGTTTGCAGAAAGTGAAGCAGTTGCGAGGAGCC-TTTC
Myxidium	GTG-TCGCTCGCTAT---CGAAAGTTA-GCAAGTACTATTGACTATTCC
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	CTG-TAGTATTGCGAACGAGACCACTGCTCTA-GTGGTGCTGCAGTAC
Myxosp.	GCG-TTGTCTTCATGAAAACACGGTACCGTGAACGTGACTCAGCGTCTT
Hennzschokkei	-GA-CTCTTACTGTAGATGTCTAACGACGTATATGGTGTGAGT-----
Hennsalminicola	-GA-CTCTCTACTGTAGATGTCTAACGACGTATATG-TGTTGAGT-----
Ethclone2MA	----ATGCTTCA--GTGTCCAGATAATATGGTATTAGTTGAAC-----
Ethclone3MA	----ATGCTTCA--GTGTCCAGATAATATGGTATTAGTTGAAC-----
Ethclone1MA	----ATGCTTCA--GTGTCCAGATAATATGGTATTAGTTGAAC-----
Myxobprocerus	----ATGCTTATG--GTATCCGGACAATATTGATATTGGTCAGC-----
Mprocerus	----ATGCTTATG--GTATCCGGATAATAGTGTATTGGTCAAC-----
Henneguya	TTGCATGTTCTCAT-GTTTCGTGACA-TGTTGG--TTGGCGGAAC-----
Hsp.	----GTATCATA--CGTGCAGTGGAGCTGAGGGAGTGCCTAATG-----
Hdoori	----GTATCATTACCGTGCAGTGGGCTGGGGAGTGCCTAGTG-----
Hennictaluri	----GTTCTACG---ATTCTCCGAGTAAAGG---TGTGTAAGGC-----
Hennexilis	----GTTCCACG---ATGTTCTGCAGCTAAGG---TGTGCAGCAC-----
Mspinacurvatura	----GTGTCCAC---ATTTGT--ATGATTCT-TATGTGGTGCA-----

Michkeulensis	-----GTGTCATC-----ACTTCGGTAATGATT---TATGTGGTGCA---
Mosburni	-----ATGTAAAA-----TGTGAAAGAGTGCCTATTATTCT-----
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-----
Malgonquinensis	-----ACGTACGGCCATTGACGTACCCGCT-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsoidea	-----GC-TTCTTTCAGTTATT-CGCC-AATT-----TACACTACTTA
Mdjragini	-----GC-TTCTTTCAGTTATT-CGCC-AATT-----TACACTACTTA
Mbramae	-----GC-TTCTTTCAGTTATT-CGCC-AATT-----TACACTACTTA
Mneurobius	-----GC-TTCTTTCAGTTATT-CGCC-AATT-----TACACTACTTA
Marcticus	-----GCCTTCTTTCAGTTATT-CGCC-AATT-----TACACTACTTA
Msandrae	-----GC-TTCTTTCAGTTATT-CGCC-AATT-----TACACTACTTA
Minsidiosus	-----GCCTTCTTTCAGTTATT-CGCC-AATT-----TACACTACTTA
Mcerebralis	-----GCCGTCTTTCAGTTATT-CGCC-AATT-----TACACTACTTA
Mlentisaturalis	-----ACTGCACGTTTTGTTA-GCT-AGGC-----CCAAGTATTG
Mxiao1	-----ACTGCATGTCGATTGTTA-GCT-GAAC-----TTAAGTATTG
Myxo.	-----GCTGCATGTTGATTGTTA-GCT-GAGC-----CTAACTGATTG
Mportucalensis	-----ACATTGTGCTATTGTA-GCT-GATT-----GACATTACTTG
Mmusculi	-----AT-----T-AA-----AACGCA-AGCT-----GTCACTATTAA
Mcyprini	-----AT-----TTAA-----AGCGCA-GGCT-----GTCACTATTAA
Mpseudodispar	-----AT-----T-AA-----AACGCA-AACT-----GTCACTATTAA
Mbibullatus	-----ACCGTAAATAAA-----AACGCC-GAAT-----GTTACTATTG
Melegans	-----CACCG-----ATGGATATTAACGCC-AGGT-----GTTGCTAGTTG
Mpendula	-----ATTT-----TGCCTGTTATGCTGAAT-----GTTACTATTG
Mpellicides	-----ATTT-----TGCCTGTTATGCT-GAAT-----GTTACTATTG
Mhungaricus	-----GGCT-----CAGATGTTATGCT-GAAT-----GCTACTATTG
Myxiditruttae	AGGATGATGCATAGTTGATCACTGTCGACCATGCTGCCAGGTTACTTG
Myxidium	TTGTTGTAGCATAGTAGTAGCACTGTCGACCATGCT-CCAGGCTACTTG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	GGCGTGGCGTATGTTAATA--AACAGTCGTT-----CGGGCTACTAG
Myxosp.	GGTGTGCTGCATGTTGATT--ATCAGCCGGCC-----CACACTACTTG
Hennzschokkei	---TGAAAGTATAACTATGGCAATTGTTGCTGAATG---TGACTAGTTG
Hennsalminicola	---TGAAAGTATAACTATGGCAATTGTTGCTGAATG---TGACTAGTTG
Ethclone2MA	-----TAGTAGAACATATAACTG---GTGTGTAGTAATTG
Ethclone3MA	-----TAGTAGAACATATAACTG---GTGTGTAGTAATTG
Ethclone1MA	-----TAGTAGAACATATAACTG---GTGTGTAGTAATTG
Myxobprocerus	-----TAGTGATAACATTAAACTG---GTATGTAGTAATTG
Mprocerus	-----TAGTGATAACATTAAACTG---GTATGTAGTAATTG
Henneguya	-----GCGTAACAACACATAACCG---ACATGCAGTAATTG
Hsp.	-----TGC-ATCGTAAGCTG---ATACACAGTAATTG
Hdoori	-----TGC-GTCGTAAGCCG---ATACACAGTAATTG
Hennictaluri	-----TTGA-GTAATTAGCCA---GTGCATAGTAATTG
Hennexilis	-----TTGG-GTAAATAGCCA---GTGTGTAGTAATTG
Mspinacurvatura	-----GTGCTGCTACCGTAAGCTA---GTGTATAGTAATTG
Michkeulensis	-----GTGTTGCTAC-GTAAGCTA---GTGTATAGTAATTG
Mosburni	-----TGATTGGAAGCGC---GCGCACAGTAATTG
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-----TGCTCATTGATTA-----TTTGCTCTTTT
Malgonquinensis	-----TCAGATATCATGCTGGACG-----TCGCTAGTTG
Perchclone1AM	-----TACTCCCCC
Perchclone2AM	-----TACTCCCCC

Perchclone3AM	-----TACTCCCCC
Melipsooides	CG-----CGTAAGGATGGCAGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTCGATTGCCG-TG
Mdjragini	CG-----CGTAAGGATGGCAGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTCGATTGCCG-TG
Mbramae	CG-----CGTAAGGATGGCAGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTCGATTGCCG-TG
Mneurobius	CG-----CGTAAGGATGGCAGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTCGATTGCCG-TG
Marcticus	CG-----CGTAAGGATGGCAGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTCGATTGCCG-TG
Msandrae	CG-----CGTAAGGATGGCAGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTCGATTGCCG-TG
Minsidiosus	CG-----CGTAAGGATGGCAGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTCGATTGCCG-TG
Mcerebralis	CG-----CGTAAGGATGGCAGTTG-CCTTAGTCGCTCGATTGCCG-TG
Mlentisuturalis	CG-----TATGGGATGGCAATTGACCTTAAGTGAGTCGATTGTTG-TG
Mxiao1	CA-----TATGGGATGGTAATTGACCTTAAGTGAGTCGATTATG-TG
Myxo.	CA-----TATGGGATGGTATTGACCTTAGTGAGTCGATCATCG-TG
Mportucalensis	CA-----CGTGGGAATGGTCATTGACCTTAGTGAGTGACGATTG-TG
Mmusculi	AT-----CGCAAATATGTTGGTGGCCTTAGTGAGTCGAGCATCA-TA
Mcyprini	AT-----CGCAAATATGTTGGTGGCCTTAGTGAGTCGAGCATCA-TA
Mpseudodispar	AT-----CGCAAATATGTTAGTTGACCTTAATGAGTTGACTATCA-TA
Mbibullatus	CA-----CGCAAGTATGATAGTTGACCTTAATGCGTTGAGTGTC-TG
Melegans	CA-----CGCGAGGATGTCAGTTGGCTTTAGTGACTTGAGGTGTC-TA
Mpendula	CA-----CACAAGTATGGCATTGGCCTTAGTGAGTTGAGTGTC-TG
Mpellicides	CA-----CACAAGTATGGCATTGGCCTTAGTGAGTGAGTGTC-TG
Mhungaricus	CA-----CACAAGTGTGGTATTGGCCTTAAGTGAGTTGAGTATCA-TG
Myxiditruttae	TAATGTTTCGTGAGAATGGTACATGGCTTTATTGTACTGTGTGCTT-TG
Myxidium	TAATGTTTCGTGAGAATGGTATATGGCTTCATTGTACTGTGTATTA-TG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	AT-----TGTGAGAATGGTGAATGGCTTACCGACT--GCTCATCGTG
Myxosp.	TA-----CGTGAGGATGGCGGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTTGACTGTCGTG
Hennzschokkei	CA-----CGTGAGGATGATGGTTGACCTCTGGTGCCTGACTGTTA-TG
Hennsalminicola	CA-----CGTGAGGATGATGGTTGACCTTAGTCGCTTGACTGTTA-TG
Ethclone2MA	CG-----TATGAGAATGATCATTGACCTTGAGTGTGTTGA-AGATCGTG
Ethclone3MA	CG-----TATGAGAATGATCATTGACCTTGAGTGTGTTGA-AGATCGTG
Ethclone1MA	CG-----TATGAGAATGATCATTGACCTTGAGTGTGTTGA-AGATCGTG
Myxobrocerus	CG-----TATGAGGATGACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGA-AGGTCGTG
Mprocerus	CG-----TATGAGGATGACCATTGACCTTAAGTGTGTTGA-AGGTCGTG
Henneguya	CG-----CGTGGGATGGCCTTGACCTTAAGTGCCTGAGTGTGCGTG
Hsp.	CA-----CGTGGGATGGCCTTGACCTTGAGTGTGTCGG-TGATCGTG
Hdoori	CA-----CGTGGGATGGCCTTGACCTTGAGTGTGTCGGGTGATCGTG
Hennictaluri	CA-----CGTGGGATGGCCGTTAGCCTTAGTGCGCTGA-TGGTCGTG
Hennexilis	CA-----CGTGGGATGGTCGTTAGCCTTAGTGCGCTGA-TGATCGTG
Mspinacurvatura	CA-----CGTGAGGATAGACATTGACCTTGAGTGTGAGTAGA-TGTTGTG
Michkeulensis	CA-----CGTGAGGATAGACATTGACCTTGAGTGTGAGTAGA-TGTTGTG
Mosburni	CA-----CGCGAGGATGACCATTGACCTTGAGTGTGAGTGTG-TGGTGGTG
Muvuliferus	-----GA- ACTA-----G
Ceratomyxa	TA-----TTACAAGGGTCAATACTTGCTTAATTGAATTG--TATTG-AA
Malgonquinensis	CA-----CGTGAGATAGATTGTTGGCCTGAAATGTGCCC-G-TATTCTTG
Perchclone1AM	CG-----CAACCGAAAAACTTAG-----G
Perchclone2AM	CG-----CAACCGAAAAACTTAG-----G
Perchclone3AM	CG-----CAACCGAAAAACTTAG-----G
Melipsooides	T-CTTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
Mdjragini	T-CTTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
Mbramae	T-CTTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
Mneurobius	T-CTTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
Marcticus	TACTTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T

<i>Msandrae</i>	T--TTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Minsidiosus</i>	T-CTTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Mcerebralis</i>	T-CTTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Mlentisuturalis</i>	T-CCCAGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Mxiao1</i>	T-CCCAGGAGT-GTGCG-TTGAATAAAACAG-----
<i>Myxo.</i>	T-CCCAGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAACAGAGTGCTAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Mportucalensis</i>	T-CTCACGGGGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Mmusculi</i>	T-TTGCAGGAGTTGTGCC-TTGAATAAAACAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Mcyprini</i>	T-TTGCAGGAGTTGTGCC-TTGAATAAAACAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Mpseudodispar</i>	T-TTGCAGGAGTTGTGCC-TTGAATAAAACAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Mbibullatus</i>	T-CTTGCAGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAANCAGAGTGCTAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Melegans</i>	T-CTTGCAGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAACAGAGTGCTAACGCAGGC-A
<i>Mpendula</i>	T-CTTGTGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAACAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Mpellicides</i>	T-CTTGTGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAANCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Mhungaricus</i>	C-CTTGTGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAACAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Myxiditruttae</i>	T-CTTACGTAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAATGCAAGC--
<i>Myxidium</i>	T-CTTACGTAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAAGC--
<i>Ethclone1AM</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone3AM</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone2AM</i>	-----
<i>Mdiaphanus</i>	-----TTAACGGCGCA-A
<i>M.lieberkuehni</i>	T-CTCGCAGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAACCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-A
<i>Myxosp.</i>	T-CTTACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC--
<i>Hennzschokkei</i>	T-CTCACGGAGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Hennsalminicola</i>	T-CTCACGGAGG-TTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Ethclone2MA</i>	T-CTCATGG-GATGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Ethclone3MA</i>	T-CTCATGG-GATGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Ethclone1MA</i>	T-CTCATGG-GATGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Myxobprocerus</i>	T-CTCATGG-GATGTGC--TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Mprocerus</i>	T-CTCATGG-GATGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-G
<i>Henneguya</i>	T-CTCACGG-GATGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTCAAAGCAGGC-A
<i>Hsp.</i>	T-CTCACGG-G-TGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTAAAGCAGGC--
<i>Hdoori</i>	T-CTCACGG-G-TGTGCCGTTGAGTAAATCAGAGTG-----
<i>Hennictaluri</i>	T-CTCACGG-GGTGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTAAAGCAGGC--
<i>Hennexilis</i>	T-CCCACGG-GGTGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTAAAGCAGGC--
<i>Mspinacurvatura</i>	T-CTCACGG-AGTGTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAAAGTGCTAAAGCAGGC-T
<i>Michkeulensis</i>	T-CTCACGGGGAGTGTGCC-TTGAATAAAATCAAAGTGCTAAAGCAGGCCT
<i>Mosburni</i>	T-CTCGCGG-GGTGTGCC-TTGAGTAAATCAGAGTGCTTAATGCAAGC--
<i>Muvuliferus</i>	T-CCTGCAG-GTT-----AACGAATC---TCCTT-----
<i>Ceratomyxa</i>	TACTTGTATAGC-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAAGCACAGTGCTAAAGCAAGC-G
<i>Malgonquinensis</i>	T-CTTGCAGGGT-GTGCC-TTGAATAAAACAGAGTGCTAAAGCAGGT--
<i>Perchclone1AM</i>	T-----TTCC-----CAGGGGGACCAACCCAAGC--
<i>Perchclone2AM</i>	T-----TTCC-----CAGGGGGACCAACCCAAGC--
<i>Perchclone3AM</i>	T-----TTCC-----CAGGGGGACCAACCCAAGC--
<i>Melipsoides</i>	-TTTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTGTA-GTAGTATG
<i>Mdjragini</i>	-TTTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTGTA-GTAGTATG
<i>Mbramae</i>	-TTTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTGTA-GTAGTATG
<i>Mneurobius</i>	-TTTGCTTGAATATTAATAGCATGGAACGAGCAATTGTGTA-GTAGTATG
<i>Marcticus</i>	-TTTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTGTA-GTAGTATG
<i>Msandrae</i>	-TTTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTGTA-GTAGTATG
<i>Minsidiosus</i>	-TTTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTGTA-GTAGTATG
<i>Mcerebralis</i>	-TTTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAANAATTGTGTA-GTAGTGTG
<i>Mlentisuturalis</i>	TGATGCCTGAATGTTAACAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTGGA-AACATGAT
<i>Mxiao1</i>	-----
<i>Myxo.</i>	TGACGCCTGAATGTTAACAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTGGC-AACATGAT
<i>Mportucalensis</i>	CT-TGCCTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAGTTGTGTT-AACGTGCA

Mmusculi	-AACGCTTGAATGTT-GTAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTA-TTCGCACA
Mcyprini	-AACGCTTGAATGTT-GTAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTA-TTGGCACA
Mpseudodispar	-AACGCTTGAATGTT-GTAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTA-TTCGCATA
Mbibalutus	-AAAGCTTGAATGTT-ATAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTT-ACAGTACG
Melegans	-AAAGCTTGAATGTT-ATAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTT-AACGTGCA
Mpendula	-TATGCTTGAATGTT-ATAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTA-TTTGTGTA
Mpellicides	-TATGCTTGAATGTT-ATAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTA-TTTGNGTA
Mhungaricus	-AAAGCTTGAATGTT-ATAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTA-TTTGCGTA
Myxiditruttae	AATTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAATG--TATAAGTCAAAGTGTG
Myxidium	TATCGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAATG--TATAAGTGTATGTGCG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	TCGCCCTT-----CATGGASTGAAACAATAGTGTA-GATGTGTA
M.lieberkuehni	TGTTGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAAATGTGAT-TTCGTGTA
Myxosp.	TTACGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATTGTTACGTGTC
Hennzschokkei	TTAAGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTT-TATGTATA
Hennsalminicola	TTAAGCTTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAAACGTGTT-TATGTATA
Ethclone2MA	TTATGCCTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAAATAGTGTAGA-TGTGTA
Ethclone3MA	TTATGCCTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGA-TGTGTA
Ethclone1MA	TTATGCCTGAATGTTAATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGA-TGTGTA
Myxobprocerus	TGATGCCTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGA-TGTGTA
Mprocerus	TGATGCCTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTAGA-TGTGTA
Henneguya	TTGCGC-TGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATCGTGTACAGTGCAG
Hsp.	GTAAGCTTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATCGTGTATGGTGTGTA
Hdoori	-TAAGCTTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATCGTGTATGGTGTGTA
Hennictaluri	GTTAGCTTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATCGTGTATGGTGTG
Hennexilis	GTTAGCTTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATCGTGTATGGTGTG
Mspinacurvatura	GTACGCTTGAATGTTAA-AGCATGGAACGAACAATCGTGTAGGGTGCATG
Michkeulensis	TTNCGCTTGAATGTTAA-AGCATGGAACGAACAATCGTGTAGGGTGCATG
Mosburni	GTGTGCTTGAATGTTGATAGCATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTATGGTGTG
Muvuliferus	-----CATGGAACGAACAATAGTGTATGGTGTG
Ceratomyxa	TAACGCTAGAATGTT-ATAGCATGGAACGAATAGAT-TGAC-----
Malgonquinensis	TATCGCCTGAATGTT-ATAGCATGGAACGAACAATCGTGT-TATGTGTG
Perchclone1AM	---CGT---ATAATAAA-GGCATAGGACTAA-----
Perchclone2AM	---CGT---ATAATAAA-GGCATAGGACTAA-----
Perchclone3AM	---CGT---ATAATAAA-GGCATAGGACTAA-----
Melipsooides	-TTGTGACAC-ATAGCGATCGGTCTTGGA-CTGAATGTTATT-----G
Mdjragini	-TTGTGACAC-ATAGCGATCGGTCTTGGA-CTGAATGCTATT-----G
Mbramae	-TTGTGACAC-ATAGCGATCGGTCTTGGA-CTGAATGCTATT-----G
Mneurobius	-TTGTGACAC-ATAGCGATCGGTCTTGGA-CTGAATGCTATT-----G
Marcticus	-TTGTGACAC-ATAGCGATCGGNCTTGGA-CTGAATGCTATT-----G
Msandrae	-TTGTGACAC-ATAGCGATCGGTCTTGGA-CTGAATGCTATT-----G
Minsidiosus	-TTGTGACAC-ATAGCGATCGGTCTTGGA-CTGAATGCTATT-----G
Mcerebralalis	-TTGTGACAA-ATAGCGATCGGTCTTGGA-CTGAATGTTATT-----
Mlentisaturalis	ATTATCTCCACTGG-CAATGTGTTATTGTTATGTTGTCATG-----T
Mxiaozi	-----
Myxo.	GTCGTGCTGATTGGCGATATACTTTATGTTGTCGTTCA-----A
Mportucalensis	ATGGTTGATGGTATCGCGAAGCTTGAGCCTAGCGT-----G
Mmusculi	--TGTGCGCGAAGTGGATGTGCTCTGGTGCCTGCTGCT-TT-----G
Mcyprini	--CGTCGCGCGAAGTGGATGTGCTCTGGTGCCTGCTGCT-TT-----G
Mpseudodispar	--CGTCGCGCGAAGCCTGATGTGCTCTGGTGCCTGCTGCT-TT-----G
Mbibalutus	--TGTGCGCGAAGCCTGATGTGCTCTGGTGCCTGCTGCT-TT-----G
Melegans	--CGTCGAGT-ACAGCGGTATTCTATGGATTGC-CATTGTA-----T
Mpendula	--TGNTTGGTGGTAATCAGAGGCAACT---CTATTACT-----G
Mpellicides	--TGTGCGCGAAGCCTGATGTGCTCTGGTGCCTGCTGCT-TT-----G

Mhungaricus	--TGTGTTAGTGATGATTGGGGCAACT--	CTGATTGTT-----G
Myxiditruttae	-ATGGGTGATGG-----	CAATTCGTTGT-----
Myxidium	-CTAGTAAGCA-----	TCATTCGTGGT-----
Ethclone1AM	-----	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----	-----
Mdiaphanus	-TTGGTAA-TGGTAGACG-----	TTACAA-CGTAATGTTCT-----
M.lieberkuehni	-CTGACAAGTAATGCACAATGATTACAT-TGTTGTGCACT-----	-----
Myxosp.	-TATACTTACAGTTGA-ATGGATTATT-TGTCTAGCTGT-----	-----
Hennzschokkei	-AT-ATAATTGATTGATTGCTATGA-TAGATTATTAT-----G	-----
Hennsalminicola	-AT-ATAATTGATTGATTGCTATGA-TAGATTATTGTT-----G	-----
Ethclone2MA	TTGAA---GATGGTAGTATGTTATTATAACTTAATAATA-----TA	-----
Ethclone3MA	TTGAA---GATGGTAGTATGTTATTATAACTTAATAATA-----TA	-----
Ethclone1MA	TTGAA---GATGGTAGTATGTTATTATAACTTAATAATA-----TA	-----
Myxobprocerus	TTGAA---GATGGTAGTGTATTATAACATGTAATAGTA-----TA	-----
Mprocerus	TTGAA---GATGGTAGTGTATTATAACATGTAATAGTA-----TA	-----
Henneguya	CTGATATCGGTGCTGGTGT-GCTGGCGTCAAAAGTCGCGTCGCCCA	-----
Hsp.	TTGAGTACGGTGT--GTGTGGCGTTACTGCGCA-----	-----
Hdoori	TTGAGTACGGTGT--GTGTGGCGTTACTGCGCA-----	-----
Hennictaluri	TTGATAACGGCGT--GT-TGGATCT-TCCTTCA-----	-----
Hennexilis	TTGGTAACGGGGT--GT-TGGATTCGTCCTTCA-----	-----
Mspinacurvatura	TTGGTCAATGGGT--GTGAGGCCTAGTCTGCA-----	-----
Michkeulensis	TTA-TTTATGGGT--GCAGGGCCTAGCCAGGCA-----	-----
Mosburni	TTGGCCAAGATGT--GA-----TGCAAATTG-----	-----
Muvuliferus	TTGGCAAAGATGT--AA-----TTT--ATTG-----	-----
Ceratomyxa	-----	-----
Malgonquinensis	--CGTCTCTGGGCAGTTGTGAACCTTTGGTTACA-----G	-----
Perchclone1AM	-----	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----	-----
Melipsoides	CTGTTGCA---GCATACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Mdjragini	CTGTTGCA---GCATACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Mbramae	CTGTTGCA---GCATACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Mneurobius	CTGTTGCA---GCATACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Marcticus	CTGTTGCA---GCATACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Msandreae	CTGTTGCA---GCATACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Minsidiosus	CTGTTGCA---GCATACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGYT-CC	-----
Mcerebralis	CAGTTACA---GCATACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Mlentisuturalis	GGGGCAG---TATCATAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Mxiaoai	-----	-----
Myxo.	TTAGTCGA---GATCATAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Mportucalensis	CTGGTCCC---ATGCACAGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Mmusculi	CTGAC-----GTGTGTATCACCGCCAA-AATA-CGATTGTTGGTTATC	-----
Mcyprini	CTGAT-----GTGTGTATCACCGCCAA-AGTA-CGATTGTTGGTTATC	-----
Mpseudodispar	CTGAT-----GTATGCATCACCGCCAA-AGTA-CGATTGTTGGTTATC	-----
Mbibullatus	TCGAT-----GCGTACAGCACCTACCAA-AATA-TGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Melegans	TAGAT-----GTGCACAGCACCTACCAA-AATA-TGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----
Mpendula	TCGGC-----ATATGCAGCACCGCCAA-AATA-CGGATGTTGGTTTTC	-----
Mpellicides	TCGGC-----ATATGCAGCACCGCCAA-AATA-CGGATGTTGGTTTTC	-----
Mhungaricus	CTGGC-----ATACGCAGCACCCACCAA-AATA-CGGATGTTGGTTTTC	-----
Myxiditruttae	CATTGCTG---TTACACAGCACCAACCGCGAAGCG-GAGCATTGGTTGCC	-----
Myxidium	GTTTGCTA---GTACATAGCACCAACCGCGAAGCG-GAACATTGGTTACC	-----
Ethclone1AM	-----	GTT-CC
Ethclone3AM	-----	GTT-CC
Ethclone2AM	-----	-----
Mdiaphanus	ACT--ACA---ATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC	-----

M.lieberkuehni	AACTGGCA---GTACATAGCACCAACCACCAAG-GCGGATGTTGGTTCC
Myxosp.	GGGT-GTA---GTTCACATCACCAACCGCCAATAACGGATGTTGGTTCC
Hennzschokkei	TTTTGTG---TTGTACTGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGACGTTGGTT-CC
Hennsalminicola	TTTTGTG---TTGTACTGCACCAACCACCAATAACGGACGTTGGTT-CC
Ethclone2MA	CTACTACA---ATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC
Ethclone3MA	CTACTACA---ATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC
Ethclone1MA	CTACTACA---ATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC
Myxobprocerus	CTACTACA---ATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC
Mprocerus	CTACTACA---ATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC
Henneguya	CTACTACA---ATATGCAACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC
Hsp.	GTGCTGCA---GTGCGCGACACCGACCACCATGTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC
Hdoori	-CATTCA---ATGCATGACACCGACCACCAATTACGGATGTTGGTTCC
Hennictaluri	-CATTCA---ATGCATGACACCGACCACCAATTACGGATGTTGGTTCC
Hennexilis	-CACTGCA---ACACACGACACCGACCGCCAATTACGGATGTTGGTT-CC
Mspinacurvatura	-TCCATCA---ACATGTGACACCGACCGCCAATAACGGATGTTGGTTCC-
Michkeulensis	-TTCATCA---ACATGTGACACCGACCCACCAATAACGGATGTTGGTTCCC
Mosburni	-CGTCTCA---ACACATGACACCGACCCACCAATTACGGATGTT-GGTTCC
Muvuliferus	-CGTCTCA---ACACATGACACCGACCCACCAATTACGGATGTTGGTTCC
Ceratomyxa	CTGAATCA---GTTTGT----TGGTAAAAGTTACGCAAGTAACAAACC
Malgonquinensis	TTGTTCGAGATGCGCACGGCACCA--AAATATGGCTGTTGGTT-CC
Perchclone1AM	-----TCCC
Perchclone2AM	-----TCCC
Perchclone3AM	-----TCCC
 Melipsooides	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mdjragini	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mbramae	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mneurobius	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Marcticus	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Msandrae	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Minsidiosus	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAARGAGCGGNTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mcerebralis	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mlentisuturalis	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mportucalensis	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mmusculi	GTATTAGG-TGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGA
Mcyprini	GTATTAGG-TGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGA
Mpseudodispar	GTATTAGG-TGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGA
Mbibullatus	ATATACGG-TGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Melegans	ATATACGG-TGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGGTTGGGGACATTAGTATTGAC
Mpendula	GTATCAGG-TGAT-GATTAACAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mpellicides	GTATCAGG-TGAT-GATTAACAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mhungaricus	GTATCAGG-TGAT-GATTAACAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Myxiditruttae	GACTTCGGGTGAG-GATTAAGAGGGGCATTGGGGCATTAGTATTGGT
Myxidium	GACTTCGGGTGAG-GATTAAGAGGNGCNATTGGGGCATTAGTATTGGC
Ethclone1AM	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Ethclone3AM	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
M.lieberkuehni	GTTTTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGGGGCAGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Myxosp.	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGGAGCGATTGGGGCATTGGTATTG-C
Hennzschokkei	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGTC
Hennsalminicola	GTATTGGGGTGAT-GATTAAAAAGAGCGGTTGGGGGCATTGGTATTGTC
Ethclone2MA	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTA---
Ethclone3MA	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTA---
Ethclone1MA	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTA---

Myxobprocerus	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mprocerus	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTG-TATT--GC
Henneguya	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Hsp.	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGACATTGGTATTGGC
Hdoori	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Hennictaluri	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Hennexilis	GTATTGGGGTATT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mspinacurvatura	GTATTGGGGTATT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Michkeulensis	GTATTGGGGTATT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Mosburni	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Muvuliferus	GTATTGGGGTACT-GATTAAGAGGAG-GTTTGGGGCATTGGTATTGGC
Ceratomyxa	TGAAACGGGTCCCT-GATTAAAAAGGGGCATTGAGGATGTTAGTACTGGT
Malgonquinensis	ATATACGG-TGAT-GATTAACAGGAGCGGTTGGGGCATCGGTATTGGC
Perchclone1AM	GGGTCGGCATAGT---TTACAGTGAG-AACTAGGA---CGGTATCTGAT
Perchclone2AM	GGGTCGGCATAGT---TTACAGTGAG-AACTAGGA---CGGTATCTGAT
Perchclone3AM	GGGTCGGCATAGT---TTACAGTGAG-AACTAGGA---CGGTATCTGAT
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Melipsoides	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAACCGAATGC
Mdjragini	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAACCGAATGC
Mbramae	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAACCGAATGC
Mneurobius	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAACG-AATGC
Marcticus	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAACG-AATGC
Msandrae	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAACCGAATGC
Minsidiosus	-CNCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAACG-AATGC
Mcerebralalis	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAACG-AATGC
Mlentisuturalis	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTGGACCGG--CAAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGG--CAAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mportucalensis	ACGCGAGGAGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGTTCCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mmusculi	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCAAAGACCGT--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mcyprini	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCAAAGACCGT--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mpseudodispar	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCAAAGACCGT--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mbibuslatus	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Melegans	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTAGAACCGG--TCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mpendula	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-GATGC
Mpellicides	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mhungaricus	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-GATGC
Myxiditruttae	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AGTGC
Myxidium	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-NTCTTGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AGTGC
Ethclone1AM	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Ethclone3AM	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
M.lieberkuehni	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Myxosp.	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-T-CTTGGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Hennzschokkei	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGG--ACAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Hennsalminicola	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCGG--ACAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--CACAAG-----
Mprocerus	-AGCGAG-AG-TGAA--TTCT--GACCTG--C-CAAG-----
Henneguya	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Hsp.	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--TCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Hdoori	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--TCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Hennictaluri	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Hennexilis	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGACCTG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC

Mspinacurvatura	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGGACCTG--TCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Michkeulensis	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTGGACCTG--TCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Mosburni	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCTG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Muvuliferus	-AGCGAG-AGGTGAAAATTCTTAGACCTG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Ceratomyxa	-GGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCCA--CCAAAGACTCACT-ATTGC
Malgonquinensis	-CGCGAG-AGGTGAAA-TTCTTAGACCGG--CCAAGGACTAAC-AATGC
Perchclone1AM	---CG-----TCTTCGAACCT-----CTCACT-----
Perchclone2AM	---CG-----TCTTCGAACCT-----CTCACT-----
Perchclone3AM	---CG-----TCTTCGAACCT-----CTCACT-----
 Melipsoidea	 GGAAGGCATTGTCTA-GACCGCNTCG-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Mdjragini	GGAAGGCATTGTCTA-GACCGCNTCG-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Mbramae	GGAAGGCATTGTCTA-GACCGCNTCG-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Mneurobius	G-AAGGCATTGTCTA-GACCGCCTCG-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Marcticus	G-AAGGCATTGTCTA-GACCGCNTCG-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Msandrae	GGAAGGCATTGTCTA-GACCGCNTCG-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Minsidiosus	G-AAGGCATTGTCTA-GACCCCTCG-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Mcerebralis	G-AAGGCATTGCCA-GACCGCCTCG-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Mlentisaturalis	G-AAGGCATTGCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Mxiaozi	-----
Myxo.	G-AAGGCATTGCCA-GACCGCATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Mportucalensis	GGAAGGCATTGCCAAGACNGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Mmusculi	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Mcyprini	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Mpseudodispar	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Mbibullatus	-GAAGGCACTTGCTA-GACCGTTCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Melegans	-GAAGGCACTTGCTA-GACCGTTCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Mpendula	-GAAGGCCTTGCTA-GACCGTTCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Mpellicides	CGAAGGCCTTGCTA-GACCGTTCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Mhungaricus	-GAAGGCCTTGCTA-GACCGTTCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Myxiditruttae	-GAAAGCATTGCCA-GTATGTTCCC-TTTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Myxidium	-GAAAGCATTGCCA-GTATTGTTCC-CTTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Ethclone1AM	-GAAGGCATTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Ethclone3AM	-GAAGGCATTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-GAAGGCATTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
M.lieberkuehni	-GAAGGCATCTGCCA-GACCGTTCCC-GTTGATC-AAGAGCGA-TAGTG
Myxosp.	-GAAGGCATTGCCA-GATCGTTCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-CAGTC
Hennzschokkei	-GAAGGCATTGCCA-GACCGTCTCT-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGAG
Hennsalminicola	-GAAGGCATTGCCA-GACCGTCTCT-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGAG
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobrocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Hsp.	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTACC--ATTAATTCAAGAACGA-TAGTG
Hdoori	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCCGATTAATCGAAGAACGAATAGTG
Hennictaluri	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGAA-AGAG
Hennexilis	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGAA-AGAG
Mspinacurvatura	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Michkeulensis	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-TAGTG
Mosburni	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTGATC-AAGAGCGAA-AGTG
Muvuliferus	-GAAGGCATCTGTCCA-GACCGTATCC-ATTGATC-AAGRGCGAA-AGTG
Ceratomyxa	-GAAGGCATTCAAA-GAATGTTTC-ATTAATC-AAGAGCGA-AAGTT
Malgonquinensis	-AAAGGCATTGTCTA-GACCGTTCC-ATTAATC-AAGAACGA-AAGTG
Perchclone1AM	-----ATCGTTCTGATTAAT--GGATACGG-----

Perchclone2AM	-----ATCGTTCTTGTAAAT--GGATACGG-----
Perchclone3AM	-----ATCGTTCTTGTAAAT--GGATACGG-----
Melipsooides	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Mdjragini	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGNCCTAGTNCC-CACTGT-AA
Mbramae	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Mneurobius	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Marcticus	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Msandrae	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGACCTAGTNCC-CACTGT-AA
Minsidiosus	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---AACAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Mcerebralis	G-AGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Mlentisuturalis	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACCGT-AA
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACCGT-AA
Mportucalensis	GAAGG-TTCCAAGTCG---ATTAGATAACCGCCGTAGTTTC-CACTGT-AA
Mmusculi	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATTAGATAACCGTCGTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Mcyprini	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATTAGATAACCGTCGTAGTTCC-CACCGT-AA
Mpseudodispar	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATTAGATAACCGTCGTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Mbibullatus	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCC-CACTGT-AA
Melegans	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCGTAGTTCT-CACCGT-AA
Mpendula	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTAT-AA
Mpellicides	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATNCCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTAT-AA
Mhungaricus	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACCGT-AA
Myxiditruttae	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACCGT-AA
Myxidium	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACCGT-NA
Ethclone1AM	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTGT-AA
Ethclone3AM	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTGT-AA
Ethclone2AM	-----G---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTGT-AA
Mdiaphanus	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTGT-AA
M.lieberkuehni	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTGT-AA
Myxosp.	CGAGG-TTCGAAGTCG---ATCAGATAACCGACTTAGTCG-GACCGT-AA
Hennzschokkei	GAAGGATC-GAAGAGG---ATCAGATAACCCTCGTAGTTTC-CTCCGT-AA
Hennsalminicola	GAAGGATNCGAAGAGG---ATCAGATAACCCTCGTAGTTTC-CTCCGTTAA
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobrocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTGT-AA
Hsp.	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG-GATT CAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACCGT-AA
Hdoori	AGAGG-TTCGAAGAGACGAGTCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACCGT-AA
Hennictaluri	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CTCTGT-AA
Hennexilis	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CTCTGT-AA
Mspinacurvatura	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCG-CCTAGTTCT-CACTGT-AA
Michkeulensis	AGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCT-CACTGT-AA
Mosburni	CGGGG-ATCGAAGATG---ATCAGATAACCATCCTAGTCCG-CACCT-AA
Muvuliferus	CGGGG-ATCGAAGATG---ATCAGATAACCATCCTAGTCCG-CACCT-AA
Ceratomyxa	GGAGA-ATCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCCTAGTTCCATACAGT-AA
Malgonquinensis	GGAGG-TTCGAAGACG---ATCAGATAACCGTCATAGTTCC-CACCGT-AA
Perchclone1AM	-----TCTGGA-----CAAATGCCTTCGCATTT-----
Perchclone2AM	-----TCTGGA-----CAAATGCCTTCGCATTT-----
Perchclone3AM	-----TCTGGA-----CAAATGCCTTCGCATTT-----
Melipsooides	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGCAT-GA-AGCNCTATAT--A-TGCTT
Mdjragini	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGCAT-GA-AGCNCTATAT--A-TGCTT
Mbramae	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGCAT-GA-AGNTCTATAT--A-TGCTT
Mneurobius	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGCAT-GA-AGCTCTATAT--A-TGCTT

Marcticus	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGCAT-GA-AGNTCTATAT--A-TGCTT
Msandrae	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGCAT-GA-AGNNCTATAT--A-TGCTT
Minsidiosus	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCAGGATCAGCATCGA-AGCTCTATAT--A-TGCTT
Mcerebral is	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGCAT-GA-AGCTCTTAT--A-CGCTT
Mlentisaturalis	ACTA--TGC-CGACTCGGGATCAGTTGGT-GCTATTACCA--A-CGCTC
Mxiao i	-----
Myxo.	ACTA--TGC-CCACTCGGGATCAGTTGGT-GCTAATACTA--AACGCTC
Mportucalensis	ACTA--TGC-CAACTCGGGATCAGTTGGT-GTTA-TACCA--A-CGCTC
Mmusculi	ACTA--TGC-CGACTAGGGATCAGCTTGGT-GATATTACAA--G---CAT
Mcyprini	ACTA--TGC-CGACTAGGGATCAGCTTGGT-GATATTACAA--G---CAT
Mpseudodispar	ACTA--TGC-CGACTAGGGATCAGCTTGGT-GATATTACAA--G---CAC
Mbibullatus	ACTA--TGC-CGACCTGGGATCAGTTGGA-GATATTACAA--G---CTT
Melegans	ACTA--TGC-CGACCTGGGACCAGTTGG--ATACTACAA--A---CTC
Mpendula	ACTA--TGC-CGACCTGGGATCAGCTTAGT-GAT-TTACAA--G---CTC
Mpellicides	ACTA--TGC-CGACCTGGGATCAGCTTAGT-GAT-TTACAA--G---CTC
Mhungaricus	ACTA--TGC-CGACCTGGGATCAGCTTAGT-GAT-TTGCAA--G---CAC
Myxiditruttae	ACAA--TGC-CAACCCGGGATCAGTCGGATGATTTGTT----GGATC
Myxidium	ACGA--TGC-CAACCCGGGATCAGTCGGATGATTTATTT----GGATC
Ethclone1AM	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATTAGTCCTAT--GCCTTATTTTACGGCTT
Ethclone3AM	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATTAGTCCTAT--GCCTTATTTTACGGCTT
Ethclone2AM	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATTAGTCCTAT--GCCTTATTTTACGGCTT
Mdiaphanus	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATTAGTCCTAT--GCCTTATTTTACGGCTT
M.lieberkuehni	ACTA--TGC-CAACCCGGGATCAGTTGGA--GCTAAAT---AACGCTC
Myxosp.	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGAGATCAGTTGGA--GC-TAATTA--AACGCTC
Hennzschokkei	ACTA--TGC-CAACCCGGGATGAGTTAGA--GC-TAATTAT-AACGCTC
Hennsalminicola	ACTCACTGCGCAACCCGGGATGAGTTAGA--GC-TAATTAT-AACGCTC
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGCTTGGA--GTTATATACTCA-TGCTC
Hsp.	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGTTGGG--GCAGTGTATCCA-CGCTC
Hdoori	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGTTGGG--GCAGTGTATCCA-CGCTC
Hennictaluri	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGTTGGG--GT-ATATTTCCA-CGCTC
Hennexilis	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGTTGGG--GTTATATATCCA-CGCTC
Mspinacurvatura	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGTTGGG--GCTCTAT-TCCA-TGCTC
Michkeulensis	ACTA--TGC-CGACCCGGGATCAGTTGGG--GCTCTAT-TCCA-TGCTC
Mosburni	ACTA--TGC-CAACTCGGGATCAGTTGGG--GCACAGTATCCA-GGCTC
Muvuliferus	ACTA--TGC-CAACTCGGGATCAGTTGGG--GTACAATTCCA-AGCTC
Ceratomyxa	ACTA--TGC-CAGCTTGAGATTAGCTCGGT-----AACGAGC
Malgonquinensis	ACTA--TGC-CGACCTGGGATCAGTTAGA-GATGTTACAA---GCTC
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
Melipoides	GATGTTGGNCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mdjragini	GATGTTGGACCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mbramae	GATGTTGGNCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mneurobius	GATGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Marcticus	GATGTTGGNCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Msandrae	GATGTTGGACCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Minsidiosus	GATGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mcerebral is	TATGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mlentisaturalis	GAAGTTGATCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTGAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mxiao i	-----
Myxo.	GAAGTTGCTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTTAAGTTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA

Mportucalensis	TAAGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTTAAGTTTTGGG-TTACGGGGGA
Mmusculi	CAAGTTGGTCTCCAAGGGAAA--CCATAAGTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mcyprini	CAAGTTGGTCTCCAAGGGAAA--CCATAAGTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mpseudodispar	CAAGTTGGTCTCCAAGGGAAA--CCATAAGTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mbibalatus	CAGATTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CTTCAAGTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Melegans	TAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTCTTAGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mpendula	TAGGTTGGTCCTCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mpellicides	TAGGTTGGTCCTCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Mhungaricus	TAAGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Myxiditruttae	CAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGG-AAA--CCTTGAGTTTAGG-TTCCGGGGGA
Myxidium	CAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGG-AAA--CCTTGAGTTT-AGG-TTCCGGGGNA
Ethclone1AM	G-GGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Ethclone3AM	G-GGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Ethclone2AM	G-GGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Mdiaphanus	G-GGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
M.lieberkuehni	GTGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTTAAGTTTAGG-TTCCGGGGGA
Myxosp.	GAGGTTGGCTCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTCAAGTCTTAGG-TTACGGGGGA
Hennzschokkei	TAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTGAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Hennsalminicola	TAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGNAGATAACCTGAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	GAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTGAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Hsp.	GAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Hdoori	GAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAA-GTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Hennictaluri	GAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTGAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Hennexilis	GAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTGAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Mspinacurvatura	GGAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Michkeulensis	GGAGGTTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Mosburni	GAGATTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTGAAGTTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Muvuliferus	GAGATTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTCTTCGG-TTGCGGGGGGGA
Ceratomyxa	CAAGTTGGTCTCTCGTAAA---ACAAGCTTCGG-TTCCGGGGGGGA
Malgonquinensis	TAGATTGGTCCCCCTGGGAAA--CCTAAAGTTTCGG-TTACGGGGAGA
Perchclone1AM	---GTTAGTC--CTTGGCAGG---TCCAAGAATTCACCTCTCGCTGCCA
Perchclone2AM	---GTTAGTC--CTTGGCAGG---TCCAAGAATTCACCTCTCGCTGCCA
Perchclone3AM	---GTTAGTC--CTTGGCAGG---TCCAAGAATTCACCTCTCGCTGCCA
Melipsoidea	-GTATGG--NCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mdjragini	-GTATGG--NCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mbramae	-GTATGG--NCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mneurobius	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Marcticus	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Msandrae	-GTATGG--NCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Minsidiosus	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mcerebralis	-GTATGG--TCACAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mlentisuturalis	-GTATGG--TTGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mxiao	-----
Myxo.	-GTATGG--TTGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mportucalensis	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGTCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mmusculi	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAATT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mcyprini	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAATT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mpseudodispar	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAATT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mbibalatus	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Melegans	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mpendula	AGTATGG--TCGCAAGTCT-GAAACTTAAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA

Mpellicides	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGTCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mhungaricus	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGTCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Myxiditruttae	-GTATGG--TTGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Myxidium	-GTATGG--TTGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Ethclone1AM	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Ethclone3AM	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Ethclone2AM	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mdiaphanus	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
M.lieberkuehni	-GTATGG--TTGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Myxosp.	-GTATGG--TTGCAAAGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Hennzschokkei	-GTATGG--TTGCAAAGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Hennsalminicola	-GTATGGGGTTGCAAAGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCTGAAACTTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Hsp.	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGNAGGGCA
Hdoori	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Hennictaluri	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Hennexilis	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mspinacurvatura	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Michkeulensis	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCTTCAAACCTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Mosburni	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Muvuliferus	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Ceratomyxa	-GTACGG--TCGCAAGTCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Malgonquinensis	-GTATGG--TCGCAAGGCT-GAAACTT--AAAGGAATTGACGGAAGGGCA
Perchclone1AM	AATACT-----CAATGCC-----CCC-----AA
Perchclone2AM	AATACT-----CAATGCC-----CCC-----AA
Perchclone3AM	AATACT-----CAATGCC-----CCC-----AA
Melipsoides	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACNCACACGGGAAA
Mdjragini	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACNCACACGGGAAA
Mbramae	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mneurobius	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Marcticus	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Msandrae	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Minsidiosus	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mcerebralis	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mlentisuturalis	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mportucalensis	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mmusculi	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAACCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mcyprini	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAACCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mpseudodispar	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAACCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mbibullatus	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Melegans	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Mpendula	CCACC-AGGGTGAAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTTAACACGGGAAA
Mpellicides	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCANCACGGGAAA
Mhungaricus	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Myxiditruttae	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Myxidium	CCACC-AGGGGTNNNACCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Ethclone1AM	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Ethclone3AM	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Ethclone2AM	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA

Mdiaphanus	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
M.lieberkuehni	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Myxosp.	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Hennzschokkei	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Hennsalminicola	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAG--TGC GGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	CCACCCAAGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Hsp.	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGC-TGC GGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Hdoori	C-ACC-AGGGGTGGCAT-GGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Hennictaluri	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Hennexilis	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Mspinacurvatura	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Michkeulensis	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Mosburni	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Muvuliferus	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAAA
Ceratomyxa	CCACC-AGGAGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGCAA
Malgonquinensis	CCACC-AGGGGTGGAGCCTGCGGCTTAATT--TGACTCAACACGGGAAA
Perchclone1AM	CCGCT-----CCT---CTTAATCAGTACCCCAATA CGG--AA
Perchclone2AM	CCGCT-----CCT---CTTAATCAGTACCCCAATA CGG--AA
Perchclone3AM	CCGCT-----CCT---CTTAATCAGTACCCCAATA CGG--AA
 Melipsoidea	 CTTACCAGGNCCGGACANCAATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGANCT--TT
Mdjragini	CTTACCAGGNCCGGACANCAATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGANCT--TN
Mbramae	CTTACCAGGNCCGGACATCAATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGGCTT--NN
Mneurobius	CTTACCAGGTCCGGACATCAATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Marcticus	CTTACCAGGTCCGGACATCAATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Msandrae	CTTACCAGGNCCGGACATCAATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGNC---TT
Minsidiosus	CTTACCAGGTCCGGACATCAATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Mcerebralis	CTTACCAGGTCCGGACATCAATAGGATAGACAAGACTGATAGATCT--TT
Mlentisuturalis	CTCACCCGGTCCGGACATCGAAAGGATAGACA-GATTGATAGATCT--TT
Mxiaozi	-----
Myxo.	CTCACCCGGTCCGGACATCGAAAGGATAAAC-A-GATTAA-AGGTCT--TT
Mportucalensis	CTCACTTGGGCAAGATGTCAAAGGATGCCA-GACTGA-AGTTCT--TG
Mmusculi	CTTACATGGTCCAGACATCGATAGGATAAAC-A-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Mcyprini	CTTACATGGTCCAGACATCGATAGGATAAAC-A-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Mpseudodispar	CTTACATGGTCCAGACATCGATAGGATAAAC-A-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Mbibullatus	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCGATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Melegans	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCGATAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Mpendula	CTTACTCGGTCAAGGACATCGAAAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Mpellicides	CTTACTCGGTCAAGGACATCGAAAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Mhungaricus	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCGAAAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Myxiditruttae	CTCACCTGGTCCGGACATCGATAGGATTGACA-GACTAATAGATCT--TT
Myxidium	CTCACCTGGTCCGGACATCGATAGGATTGACA-GACTAATAGATCT--TT
Ethclone1AM	CTTACCGGATCAGGACATCAAAGGATTGTCA-GACCGA-AGATCT--TA
Ethclone3AM	CTTACCGGATCAGGACATCAAAGGATTGTCA-GACCGA-AGATCT--TA
Ethclone2AM	CTTACCGGATCAGGACATCAAAGGATTGTCA-GACCGA-AGATCT--TA
Mdiaphanus	CTTACCGGATCAGGACATCAAAGGATTGTCA-GACCGA-AGATCT--TA
M.lieberkuehni	CTCACCCGGTCCGGACATCGATAGGATCGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Myxosp.	CTCACCTGGTCCGGACATCGAAAGGATAGACA-GACTGATAGATCT--TT
Hennzschokkei	CTTACTCGGTTCGGACATTGACAGGATAAAC-A-GTTTGATAGAACT--TT
Hennsalminicola	CTTACTCGGTTCGGACATTGACAGGATAAAC-A-GTTTGATAGNACT--TT
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----

Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCCGAAGGATACTCA-GACCTAAGATCT---T
Hsp.	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCGAAAGGATAAACC-GACCAAAAGATC---GT
Hdoori	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCGAAAGGATAAACC-GACCAAAAGATC---GT
Hennictaluri	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCAAAGGATAGACA-GACTGCCAGATC---TT
Hennexilis	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCAAAGGATAGACA-GACTGCCAGATC---TT
Mspinacurvatura	CTTACCTGGTCCGAACATCCGAAGGATACACA-GACTAATAGATC---TT
Michkeulensis	CTTACCTGGTCCGAACATCCGAAGGATACACA-GACTAATAGATC---TT
Mosburni	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATAAAAGGAGTTACC-GAGTGCC-GCTCGAATT
Muvuliferus	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATAAAAGGAGTTACC-GAGTGCC-GCTCGAATT
Ceratomyxa	CTCACCAAGTCCGGACATTGAAAGGATTGACA-GACTGATAGATCT---T
Malgonquinensis	CTTACCTGGTCCGGACATCGATAGGATAAAC-AATCAATAGCTCT---T
Perchclone1AM	CC-----AACATCG-----
Perchclone2AM	CC-----AACATCG-----
Perchclone3AM	CC-----AACATCG-----
 Melipsoidea	-CTTGATATGATGGATAGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mdjragini	-CTTGATATGATGGATAGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTGTGGAGTG
Mbramae	-CTTGATATGATGGATAGTGGGCATG-CC-CTTTTAATTGGGGAG-G
Mneurobius	TCTTGATATGATGGATAGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Marcticus	-CTTGATATGATGGATAGTGGTCATG-CC-GTT-TTAGTTCTGTGG-GTG
Msandrae	ACTTGATATGATGGATAGTG-CGCANN-CC-TTTCNNATTGGGGAGAN
Minsidiosus	-CTTGATATGATGGATAGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mcerebralis	-CTTGATATGATGGATAGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mlentisuturalis	-CTTGATACGGTATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mxiaoai	-----
Myxo.	-TTTGATACGGTATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mportucalensis	-CCAGATATGACAAAAGGTTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
Mmusculi	-TTTGATGCGGTGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mcyprini	-TTTGATGCGGTGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mpseudodispar	-TTTGATGCGGTGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mbibullatus	-CTTGATGCGATGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Melegans	-CTTGATGCGATGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Mpendula	-CTTGATGCGGTGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
Mpellicides	-CTTGATGCGGTGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
Mhungaricus	-CTTGATGCGGTGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGCG
Myxiditruttae	-CATGATACGGTGGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGCG
Myxidium	-CATGATACGGTGGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Ethclone1AM	-CATGATCTGGTACTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
Ethclone3AM	-CATGATCTGGTACTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
Ethclone2AM	-CATGATCTGGTATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
Mdiaphanus	-CATGATCTGGTATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
M.lieberkuehni	-CGTGATACGGTGTATGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
Myxosp.	-CTTGATACGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Hennzschokkei	-TTTGATACGGTAATGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTA
Hennsalminicola	-TTTGATACGGTAATGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTA
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	ATTTGATCTGGTATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGAAGTG
Hsp.	TTTGATACGGTATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Hdoori	TTTGATACGGTATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG
Hennictaluri	TCTTGATATGGTATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCTGTGGAGTG

Hennexilis	TCTTGATATGGTGATTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCGTGGAGTG
Mspinacurvatura	TGTTGATGGGTTGAAAAGTGGTGCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCGTGGAGTG
Michkeulensis	TGTTGATGGGTTGAAAAGTGGTGCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCGTGGAGTG
Mosburni	TAACGATATTATGAGTAGTGGTGCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTGCCTGGAGTG
Muvuliferus	TAACGATATTATGAGTAGTGGTGCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTGCCTGGAGTG
Ceratomyxa	TCATGATACAGTGAATGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTGGTGGAGTG
Malgonquinensis	TTTGATCCGATGAGTGGTGGTCATGGCC-GTTCTTAGTTCGTGGAGTG
Perchclone1AM	---TAAT-TGGCGGTCGGTGGTCATA-----TTGAAG--
Perchclone2AM	---TAAT-TGGCGGTCGGTGGTCATA-----TTGAAG--
Perchclone3AM	---TAAT-TGGCGGTCGGTGGTCATA-----TTGAAG--
 Melipsoidea	 ATCTGTCAGGCTAATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGATCTTATTCTCCATT
Mdjragini	ATTTGTCAGGCTAATCCCGT--AACG-NACGAGANTTTATTNTCCATT
Mbramae	ATN-GTCAGG-TAATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGATNTTATTNTCCATT
Mneurobius	ATCTGTCAGGCTAATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGATCTTATTCTCCATT
Marcticus	ATCTGTCAGG-TAATCCCGT--AACGGAACGAGAA-TTATTCTCCATT
Msandrae	ATCTGTCAGGNANATCCCGA--ANCG-AACGANATCTTATTCTCCATNA
Minsidiosus	ATCTGTCAGGCTAATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGATCTTATTCTCCATT
Mcerebralis	ATCTGTCAGGCTAATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGATCTTATTCTCCATT
Mlentisaturalis	ATCTGTCAGGCCAATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACAATTTCATT
Mxiaoai	 -----
Myxo.	ATCTGTCAGGCCTATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACAATTTCATT
Mportucalensis	ATTTGTCGGGTCGATTCCGAT--AACG-GACGAGACTGCATTCTCCATT
Mmusculi	ATCTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACTACAACCTTCATT
Mcyprini	ATCTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACTACAACCTTCATT
Mpseudodispar	ATCTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACTACAACCTTCATT
Mbibullatus	ATCTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACATTCTCCATT
Melegans	ATCTGTCAGGTTAATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACAGTCCCCATT
Mpendula	ATTTGTCAGGTCGATTCCCGT--AACG-GACGAGACCACGTCTCCATT
Mpellicides	ATTTGTCAGGTCGATTCCCGT--AACG-GACGAGACCACGTCTCCATT
Mhungaricus	ATCTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACCTCTCCATT
Myxiditruttae	ATCTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACGTTCTTCATT
Myxidium	ATCTGTCAGGTTGATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCATTGTCTTCATT
Ethclone1AM	ATTTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-GACGAGATCACAATTCTCCATT
Ethclone3AM	ATTTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-GACGAGATCACAATTCTCCATT
Ethclone2AM	ATTTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-GACGAGATCACAATTCTCCATT
Mdiaphanus	ATTTGTCAGGTTAATTCCCGT--AACG-GACGAGATCACAATTCTCCATT
M.lieberkuehni	ATTTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCATAATTCTCCATT
Myxosp.	ATCTGTCAGGTTGATTCCCGT--AACG-GACGAGACCATAATTCTCCATT
Hennzschokkei	ATCTGTCAGGCTAACCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGATCAGCGTCTCCATT
Hennsalminicola	ATCTGTCAGGCTAACCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGATCAGCGTCTCCATT
Ethclone2MA	 -----
Ethclone3MA	 -----
Ethclone1MA	 -----
Myxobrocerus	 -----
Mprocerus	 -----
Henneguya	ATTTGTCAGGTTTATTCCCGT--AACG-GACGAGACTGCCTCTCCATT
Hsp.	ATCTGTCAGGCTAATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACATTCTCCATT
Hdoori	ATCTGTCAGGCTAATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACATTCTCCATT
Hennictaluri	ATCTGTCAGGCTAATCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACATTCTCCATT
Hennexilis	ATCTGTCAGGCCAATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACATTCTCCATT
Mspinacurvatura	ATCTGTCAGGCCAATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACTACGTTCTCCATT
Michkeulensis	ATCTGTCAGGCCAATTCCCGT--AACG-AACGAGACTACAGTCTCCATT
Mosburni	ATCTGTTTCCCTTAT--CGGTTAACG-CGCGAGATGCCAGTCTTCATT
Muvuliferus	ATCTGTCAGGCTATTCCCGT--AACG-CGCGAGATGCCAGTCTTCATT
Ceratomyxa	ATCTGTCAGGTCTATTCCCGT--AACG-AGCGAGACCACGATCTTCATT
Malgonquinensis	ATCTGTCAGTTAATTACGGT--AACG-AACGAGACCACAGTCCCCATT

Perchclone1AM	-----	
Perchclone2AM	-----	
Perchclone3AM	-----	
 Melipsooides	-----	GATGAGC
Mdjragini	-----	GATGAGC
Mbramae	-----	GATGAGC
Mneurobius	-----	GATGAGC
Marcticus	-----	GATGAGC
Msandrae	-----	GATGAGC
Minsidiosus	-----	GATGAGC
Mcerebralis	-----	GATGAGC
Mlentisuturalis	-----	GAGAAC
Mxiao1	-----	
Myxo.	-----	GAGTAGC
Mportucalensis	-----	GGTGAGC
Mmusculi	-----	AAGAGGC
Mcyprini	-----	AAGAGGC
Mpseudodispar	-----	AAGAGGC
Mbibullatus	-----	AAGGCAT
Melegans	-----	AAGAAC
Mpendula	-----	AAGAAC
Mpellicides	-----	AAGAAC
Mhungaricus	-----	AGGATAC
Myxiditruttae	-----	GGGAAAC
Myxidium	-----	GGGAAAC
Ethclone1AM	-----	GACGAAC
Ethclone3AM	-----	GACGAAC
Ethclone2AM	-----	GACGAAC
Mdiaphanus	-----	GACGAAC
M.lieberkuehni	ACGGAGTCGATGCAGCATCAGCCTGCCAGGGCAACTCTGTCAGACGAAG	GAGGAA-
Myxosp.	-----	GGGGTG
Hennzschokkei	-----	GGGGTG
Hennsalminicola	-----	GGGGTG
Ethclone2MA	-----	
Ethclone3MA	-----	
Ethclone1MA	-----	
Myxobrocerus	-----	
Mprocerus	-----	
Henneguya	-----	GACGAGC
Hsp.	-----	GACGAGC
Hdoori	-----	GACGAGC
Hennictaluri	-----	GACGAGC
Hennexilis	-----	GACGAGC
Mspinacurvatura	-----	GACGCGC
Michkeulensis	-----	GACGCAC
Mosburni	-----	GATGAGT
Muvuliferus	-----	GATGAGT
Ceratomyxa	-----	TC
Malgonquinensis	-----	GAGAGAT
Perchclone1AM	-----	
Perchclone2AM	-----	
Perchclone3AM	-----	
 Melipsooides	GGAA-GCAGATGGTG-----	
Mdjragini	GGAA-GCAGATGGTG-----	
Mbramae	GGAA-GCAGATGGTG-----	

Mneurobius	GGAA-GCAGATGGTG-----
Marcticus	GGAA-GCAGATGGTG-----
Msandrae	GGAA-GCAGATGGTG-----
Minsidiosus	GGAA-GCAGATGGTG-----
Mcerebralis	GGAA-GAAGATA GTGT-----
Mlentisaturalis	AGCAGAATT CGA-----
Mxiaozi	-----
Myxo.	AACAGAATTCAA-----
Mportucalensis	AAAAGATATTGC-----
Mmusculi	AGAA-GCAGGT-----
Mcyprini	AAAA-GCAGGT-----
Mpseudodispar	AAAA-GCAGGT-----
Mbibullatus	GGAA-GTAGGCCGCTGGATTAACTTTAGGGTATTGATTTGGTTGCTGG-----
Melegans	GAAA-GTAGAG-----
Mpendula	AGTAAGCAAAAGG-----
Mpellicides	AGTA-GCAAAAGG-----
Mhungaricus	GGTA-GCAGGAGG-----
Myxiditruttae	CAG---AGGACAGCTA-----TTGTG-----
Myxidium	TAT---AAGAC-----TTGTG-----
Ethclone1AM	TG---GAGTAAAT-----GCA-----
Ethclone3AM	TG---GAGTAAAT-----GCA-----
Ethclone2AM	TG---GAGTAAAT-----GCA-----
Mdiaphanus	TG---GAGTAAAT-----GTA-----
M.lieberkuehni	TGCGACGATTAAATTGGTTGTTAGCA-----
Myxosp.	TGCAAAAAC TCACT-----CA-----
Hennzschokkei	TACAAGAAATCTATCGGTAGTGCTGCATT-----
Hennsalminicola	TACAAGAAATGTATCGGTAGTGCTGCATT-----
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobrocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	TGAAGTTTGTGCGTTC-----
Hsp.	CGTAGAAGGC GGTGGC-----
Hdoori	CGTAGAAGGC GGTGGC-----
Hennictaluri	CGGAGAAGGCCGTGGT-----
Hennexilis	CGGAGAAGGC GGTGGT-----
Mspinacurvatura	CAAAGAACGC ACT-----
Michkeulensis	TGAAGAACATGCAGG-----
Mosburni	CAGAGAGGGCGTGGAT-----
Muvuliferus	CAGAGATGGCGTCGAT-----
Ceratomyxa	TTTCAGTAGCAT-----
Malgonquinensis	GAAAGTAGGC GTCGA-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
Melipsooides	-----GCTTGAAAATTGTCT-CG-----ATGA
Mdjragini	-----GCTTGAAAATTGTCTTCG-----ATGA
Mbramae	-----GCTTGAAAATTGTCT-CG-----ATGA
Mneurobius	-----GCTTGAAAATTGTCT-CG-----ATGA
Marcticus	-----GCTTGAAAATTGTCT-CG-----ATGA
Msandrae	-----GTTTGAAAATTGTCT-CG-----NNGA
Minsidiosus	-----GCTTGAAA-TTGTCT-CG-----ATGA
Mcerebralis	-----AGCTCGATGATTGTTT-CG-----GCGA
Mlentisaturalis	-----CAAACGATTGCCG-----
Mxiaozi	-----

Myxo.	-----CAAGCACTCTCTGAT-----	
Mportucalensis	-----CACGTG-TCACCGGTA-----	ACGG
Mmusculi	-----TC CGCATTGACTGTG-----	CTTCG-
Mcypriini	-----TATGCGAGAG--GTG-----	CTTCGC
Mpseudodispar	-----TC CGCATTGACTATA-----	CTT---
Mbibullatus	TGGTAAAATTAGTGATCCATTGTAATTAGCAAAGGGAGCAATCTTGAT	
Melegans	-----TGTGCAAGAACGGGTA-----	TTTCG-
Mpendula	-----CTGGTGTGGTACCGC-----	TTTT-
Mpellicides	-----CTGGTGTGGTACCGC-----	TTTT-
Mhungaricus	-----CCAG---GAGGCGGT-----	TTCG-
Myxiditruttae	-----GG--TTGTAGTGTGTTGAATA-----	AGTGG
Myxidium	-----GT--TTATATTGTTGTTTATC-----	ATTGA
Ethclone1AM	-----A-----ATAGTCATAATTA-----	ATTG-
Ethclone3AM	-----A-----ATAGTCATAATTA-----	ATTG-
Ethclone2AM	-----A-----ATAGTCATAATTA-----	ATTG-
Mdiaphanus	-----A-----AGCATC-TATGTG-----	TTTGG
M.lieberkuehni	-----GTACTTGATTGCTGAATTCCCTTTTTC-----	CATTGA
Myxosp.	-----G-----GGTGTGTTAGTTC-----	GC
Hennzschokkei	-----GTTTCGACAGTGTACATT-----	TTGA
Hennsalminicola	-----GTTTCGACAGTGTACATT-----	TTGA
Ethclone2MA	-----	
Ethclone3MA	-----	
Ethclone1MA	-----	
Myxobaprocerus	-----	
Mprocerus	-----	
Henneguya	-----GCACACAGTCATTGGCAACGGTGACTGCGTTGTGACCGTATGG	
Hsp.	-----TATGAAAGTTTTCTCGGGAGAGAGAGTTGT-----	GGTCA
Hdoori	-----TATGAGTGCTCTC-----GGAGAGAGTTGT-----	GGTCA
Hennictaluri	-----AATGGAAATTGGTTACAAAAGTTCTGC-----	TATCA
Hennexilis	-----ATTGAGGATTGGCTTGCAGGGTCCCCGG-----	TGCTA
Mspinacurvatura	-----	
Michkeulensis	-----	
Mosburni	-----CAGTTCAATTGGCAACAAGAGTTGTCT-----	TTTCT
Muvuliferus	-----CAGTTCAATTGGCAACAGAGATTGTACT-----	TTTTG
Ceratomyxa	-----TTGTCGTT-----	
Malgonquinensis	-----TTCACTCTGCCTCACAGTGGAGCGA-----	ATCGG
Perchclone1AM	-----	
Perchclone2AM	-----	
Perchclone3AM	-----	
Melipsoides	AA-----	TTCAA
Mdjragini	AA-----	TTCAA
Mbramae	AA-----	TTCAA
Mneurobius	AA-----	TTCAA
Marcticus	AA-----	TTCAA
Msandrae	AA-----	TTCAA
Minsidiosus	AA-----	TYCAA
Mcerebralis	TT-----	CTCAA
Mlentisuturalis	-----	G
Mxiao1	-----	
Myxo.	-----	G
Mportucalensis	TG-----	TATGG
Mmusculi	-----GTG-----	CTTTC-----TTTCG
Mcypriini	G-----GTG-----	CCTTG-----TT-CG
Mpseudodispar	-----GTG-----	TAGTT-----TTTCG
Mbibullatus	GCGAAGATTATGTGGGTAATTAGTTCCCTCCATTAGCAGTTCT	
Melegans	-----GTA-----	TTTGT-----TTTTG

Mpendula	-----	GTAG-----	TATC-----	TCATT
Mpellicides	-----	GTAG-----	TATC-----	TCATT
Mhungaricus	-----	GCCG-----	TTTC-----	CC--T
Myxiditruttae	-----			TGAGC
Myxidium	-----			TGAGA
Ethclone1AM	-----			TAAAAA
Ethclone3AM	-----			TAAAAA
Ethclone2AM	-----			TAAAAA
Mdiaphanus	-----			TAAAAA
M.lieberkuehni	CTAA-----		-GCACTGTGTAGCCTCAAA	
Myxosp.	-----			TAATA
Hennzschokkei	TAG-----			TTAGA
Hennsalminicola	TAG-----			TTATA
Ethclone2MA	-----			
Ethclone3MA	-----			
Ethclone1MA	-----			
Myxobprocerus	-----			
Mprocerus	-----			
Henneguya	CTG-----			CCGGT
Hsp.	ACG-----			TCGAA
Hdoori	ACG-----			TCGAA
Hennictaluri	TTG-----			TTGAA
Hennexilis	ATT-----			CTGTA
Mspinacurvatura	-----			
Michkeulensis	-----			
Mosburni	GCG-----			TCGTA
Muvuliferus	GCG-----			TTGCA
Ceratomyxa	-----			
Malgonquinensis	CG-----			CTGTA
Perchclone1AM	-----			
Perchclone2AM	-----			
Perchclone3AM	-----			
Melipsooides	GTTAT-C-----	ATCGAAGGC-----		
Mdjragini	GTTAT-C-----	ATCGAAGGC-----		
Mbramae	GTTAT-C-----	ATCGAAGGC-----		
Mneurobius	GTTAT-C-----	ATCGAAGGC-----		
Marcticus	GTTAN-C-----	ATCGAAGGC-----		
Msandrae	GTTAT-CT-----	ATNGAAGGC-----		
Minsidiosus	GTTAT-C-----	ATCGAAGGC-----		
Mcerebralis	GTTATTCT-----	ATCGTAGGC-----		
Mlentisaturalis	CATGG-----	TAAAA--C-----		
Mxiaozi	-----			
Myxo.	GGTGG-----	CAACA--C-----		
Mportucalensis	GGTAA-----	AAATAGGC-----		
Mmusculi	TGTCT-----	CTGTAAGA-----		
Mcyprini	TGTCT-----	CTGTAAGA-----		
Mpseudodispar	TGTCT-----	CTTCAAGA-----		
Mbibullatus	TACCT-----	CGGTAGGACGCTGTCTTATGGAGAGA-----		
Melegans	GATAC-----	TTGTAGGT-----		
Mpendula	AGCCT-----	TTATAGGT-----		
Mpellicides	AGCCT-----	TTATAGGT-----		
Mhungaricus	GGTCT-----	TTGCAGGT-----		
Myxiditruttae	AATC-----	ATTGTGAG-----		
Myxidium	AATCTCG-----	GTGTTAAAG-----		
Ethclone1AM	GATTG-----	ATTGTGA-----		
Ethclone3AM	GATTG-----	ATTGTGA-----		

Ethclone2AM	GATTG-----ATTGTGA-----
Mdiaphanus	CAAAG-----ATGTAGA-----
M.lieberkuehni	AACTGCATACTGCG--CTATGGAGAGACAACCGGGTATATCCAAAGCCGG
Myxosp.	TGTTCTG-----TCTGTAGC-----
Hennzschokkei	GGCTGTGTGGGTGTGCTGTTGCCGATGGTAATGT-----
Hennsalminicola	GGCTGTGTGAGTGTGCTGTTGATGGTTGTAC-----
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	GGTGGTGGGCGT-----TGTTGTGCGGCT-----
Hsp.	GGTTTAATGAGA-----CGGGGAGGGTGC-----
Hdoori	GGTTTAATGAGA-----CGGGGAGGGTGC-----
Hennictaluri	GGCAT-----CGTATAGTTGCC-----
Hennexilis	GGTAC-----TGTGGGAAGCT-----
Mspinacurvatura	-----CGTAGGG-----
Michkeulensis	-----CGTACGG-----
Mosburni	GGCAATGTCCG-----TTTGGTGAGTT-----
Muvuliferus	GGCAATGTCCG-----TGTGGTGTT-----
Ceratomyxa	-----TACTGA-----
Malgonquinensis	GGCAT-----AGTTGTGGAA-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsooides	-----AGTGCTTGCGAGTTTATTGT-----
Mdjragini	-----AGTGCTTGCGAGTTTATTGT-----
Mbramae	-----AGTGCTTGCGAGTTTATTGT-----
Mneurobius	-----AGTGCTTGCGAGTTTATTGT-----
Marcticus	-----AGTGCTTGCGAGTTTATTGT-----
Msandrae	-----AGTGCTNGCGAGTTTATTGTG-----
Minsidiosus	-----AGTGTTCGAGTTTATTGT-----
Mcerebralis	-----AGTGTTCGAGTTTATTGT-----
Mlentisaturalis	-----ATGCGGTATATTGT-----
Mxiaci	-----
Myxo.	-----TTATCAG-AGGGTGT-----
Mportucalensis	-----AGATTGGGCGCGCAATT-----
Mmusculi	-----AAGAATATGCGAGTTC-----
Mcyprini	-----A-GAATATGCAAATTC-----
Mpseudodispar	-----A-GAATATTCAAGTTC-----
Mbibullatus	-----CAACGGGAATATATAAGCTCGAGGAAG
Melegans	-----ATA-GCTGGTTAGC-----
Mpendula	-----AAAAT-ATCAAATTCTG-----
Mpellicides	-----AAAAT-ATCAAATTCTG-----
Mhungaricus	-----AAAATTATTGAATTCA-----
Myxiditruttae	-----TTTGACTGCT-----
Myxidium	-----TTTGTGATTT-----
Ethclone1AM	-----TATGTATT-----
Ethclone3AM	-----TATGTATT-----
Ethclone2AM	-----TATGTATT-----
Mdiaphanus	-----TG-AAATT-----
M.lieberkuehni	AGGACGTATGGCAATAACAGGTCTGTGATGCCCTAGATGTTGGGGCCG
Myxosp.	-----TGGTAGTT-----
Hennzschokkei	-----CAACTCGTTAAAGGTTG-----
Hennsalminicola	-----CAATTGGTTACTAGTTG-----
Ethclone2MA	-----

Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	-----CAAG---GTTACCTTCGGG--
Hsp.	-----GAGA---TGTTGATGGGAAG--
Hdoori	-----GAGA---TGTTGATGGGAAG--
Hennictaluri	-----AAGGGTGTATTGGTTGAGGTG--
Hennexilis	-----CAGGGGGCATTGGCTGAGATC--
Mspinacurvatura	-----
Michkeulensis	-----
Mosburni	-----AAGAGTGTATCT-CTGTTCG--
Muvuliferus	-----GAAAATGTGAC--CTGGCTCG--
Ceratomyxa	-----
Malgonquinensis	-----GGAATTGGTGCAGTGGGTA--
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsoidea	-----TGAAATATAAAGAGTTGCGAGAACGGA-CTTAACCCAT--
Mdjragini	-----TGAAATATAAAGAGTTGCGAGAACGGN-CTTAACCCAT--
Mbramae	-----TGAAATATAAAGAGTTGCGAGAACGGNTCTTAACCCAT--
Mneurobius	-----TGAAATATAAAGAGTTGCGAGAACGGT-CTTAACCCAT--
Marcticus	-----TGAAATATAAAGAGTTGCGAGAACGGA-CTTAACCCAT--
Msandrae	-----TGAAATATAAAGAGTNGCGAGAACGTT-CTAAACCCAT--
Minsidiosus	-----TGAAATATAAAGAGTTGCGAGAACGGT-CTTACCCCCATA-
Mcerebralis	-----GAAAATACAGTTGTCGAGGACGGG-ATAAAACTCTT--
Mlentisuturalis	-----CTTGAGAGGCCAGAACGTACC-TCTGCTGTGA---
Mxiaoai	-----
Myxo.	-----CTTGAGAACAGAAAAGCGGC-TTGG--GTCG--
Mportucalensis	-----GCTAGAGATTGGTTGCANA-CTTGTGTTTGAG-
Mmusculi	-----GCACTGAT---CAGGGTGAT-C-GGGCAAC-CG-
Mcyprini	-----TCAGAAAG---CTGGGCAAAC-GGGCAAC-CG-
Mpseudodispar	-----TCAATTGG---TTGGGTTTT-C-AGGCAAC-TG-
Mbibullatus	-----AGTGGCTATAACAGGTCACTGATGCCCTTCGATGTT-CAGGGCTGCACG-
Melegans	-----TCAGTAGG---CTGTTGCAGG-AGGGGTAACCCG-
Mpendula	-----CAGGGAA---AAGTATGAA-T-GGGCAACCAA-
Mpellicides	-----CAGGGAA---AAGTATGAA-T-GGGCAACCAA-
Mhungaricus	-----T-GGGTG---CGATGCGGT-G-GGGCAACTCG-
Myxiditruttae	-----ATACTT---GCGG-----TAGTTGCACC-
Myxidium	-----ACAATG---GTGGATGC---CATTTGCTCT-
Ethclone1AM	-----TGCATTG---TTGGTAA---AATGTG----
Ethclone3AM	-----TGCATTG---TTGGTAA---AATGTG----
Ethclone2AM	-----TACATTG---TTGGTAA---AATGTG----
Mdiaphanus	-----TACGTTG---TGGGTAA---AGTGTG----
M.lieberkuehni	-----CACG---CGCGCTACAATGGTAACACAGATAG---AGTCTGGTTC-
Myxosp.	-----ACTG---AATAACTGG---ATTTTT--
Hennzschokkei	-----ATATTGCTTAAGGTGGCTGTT--TAGCTTGCACTC
Hennsalminicola	-----GTGTGGCTTAAAGTGGCTGCT--TAGCTTGCACTC
 Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	-----GTGCCTTCAGTCGTAAGGATGGCGTCGCATGCTGCT----
Hsp.	-----GCAAC---GACTT---GCGGACTACAAGGTAATGAC-
Hdoori	-----GCAAC---GACTT---GCGGACTACAAGGTAATGAC-

Hennictaluri	-----GCAACATCAAGGCTG-----ATGCATT-TGAGGTAAT-----
Hennexilis	-----GCAA-GTCAAGGCTG-----GTGCACT-TTGAGTTAT-----
Mspinacurvatura	-----TT-----G-AAATC-----GGTAAA-----
Michkeulensis	-----TT-----GCGGATC-----GGTAAA-----
Mosburni	-----GCAGAGTGTATATTGAGAGCGCATC-AAGATTGG-----
Muvuliferus	-----CCAG--TTAGCATCGTAGAACGCATC-AAGGCTGG-----
Ceratomyxa	-----GAATAGA-----
Malgonquinensis	-----ACTTGCTGTGCCTTTTTGACACG-CGGCTCTCCCT-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsoïdes	TCTGGTAGCAAT-----TTGT
Mdjragini	TCTGGTAGCAAT-----TTGT
Mbramae	TCTGGTAGCAAT-----TTGT
Mneurobius	TCTGGTAGCAAT-----TTGT
Marcticus	TCTGGTAGCAAT-----TTGT
Msandrae	TCCGGNAGCAAT-----TGGT
Minsidiosus	TCTGGTAGCAAT-----TGGT
Mcerebralis	ACTTGTGCAAA-----TTGT
Mlentisaturalis	TTGCTTCACGG-----TGGT
Mxiaoï	-----
Myxo.	TGAGTGGCAAC-----ATT
Mportucalensis	CTGAATTGAAGG-----TGAT
Mmusculi	T-GAACT-CTGTGAT-----CTGA
Mcyprini	G-GAGCT-CAGTGAT-----TTGA
Mpseudodispar	G-CGACT-CAATCCG-----TTG-
Mbibullatus	C-GCGCTACAATGATGACGACAGCAAGTATCTGG
Melegans	A-ATGTGGCTGT-----CTGC
Mpendula	ACCTACT-TTAT-----CTCT
Mpellicides	ACCTACT-TTAT-----CTCT
Mhungaricus	CTGTGTT-GTAT-----CT--
Myxiditruttae	TATGG-TGTG-CGTACAG-----C
Myxidium	TTTGG-TGTG-CGTACAG-----A
Ethclone1AM	AAAGA-TATA-ATCATAA-----T
Ethclone3AM	AAAGA-TATA-ATCATAA-----T
Ethclone2AM	AAAGA-TATA-ATCATAA-----T
Mdiaphanus	GAGGA-GACA-AGGA-AA-----G
M.lieberkuehni	GAAAGAACATCAGGTA-ATCATAAATTG-----TTACCGT
Myxosp.	TCTTTT-ATTGTGA-----C
Hennzschokkei	CCTTGTACCAAAACAGTATACAGTGTAA-----
Hennsalminicola	CCTTGTACCAAAACAGTATACAGTGTAA-----
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	GGCAAGCCTTCAGCCA-----GAC
Hsp.	TTGCGAGTTCCTACGGTCG-----AAC
Hdoori	TTGCGAGTTCCTACGGTCG-----AAC
Hennictaluri	CTGTGCGCTCCCTCCGGCTT-----AGC
Hennexilis	CTCCACAATCCCTCCGGTT-----AAC
Mspinacurvatura	ACGGTT-----A-C
Michkeulensis	ACGGTA-----AGC
Mosburni	CATTCCCTTGACGT-----TAC
Muvuliferus	CATTCCCTCTGACGT-----TAC
Ceratomyxa	GAGACAAC-----T

Malgonquinensis	-----TTCATCACACAGAGACTG-----GCCTCG
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsooides	ACTAAATGTA---AATTGTTGGCATAAC---CCTTC---
Mdjragini	ACTAAATGTA---AATTGTTGGCATTC---CCTTC---
Mbramae	ACTAAATGTA---AATTGTTGGCATTC---CCTTC---
Mneurobius	ACTAAATGTA---AATTGTTGGCATTC---CCTTC---
Marcticus	ACTAAATGTA---AATTGTTGGCATNC---CCTTC---
Msandrae	ACTAAANGNA---AATTGGTGGGCATTC---CCTTC---
Minsidiosus	ACTAAATGTA---AATTGNNGGCATTC---CCTTC---
Mcerebralis	ACTACACCTG---AGTTGTTGGCATTC---CCTTC---
Mlentisuturalis	TGCAATA----GAGGGCACCGATCTC---CATG-----
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	CATGGCC----CANGCTGCTGATCTC---TATG-----
Mportucalensis	TGTGCTT----AGC---TTGTTCTC---CCTT-----
Mmusculi	--TGGAA---GAA--GTGTATTTTC---TCTT-----
Mcyprini	--TGGAG---GA--GTGTATTTTC---TCTT-----
Mpseudodispar	--TGGAA---TGC--GGGTATTTTC---TCTT-----
Mbibullatus	GTTGAAA----AACTTGGGTAATCTGAATCGTCATC---GTGA
Melegans	--TGGGT----CA--GCCAATTCTC---CCTT-----
Mpendula	TGTTGAA----GGA--GATTGTTTTC---CCTA-----
Mpellicides	TGTTGAA----GGA--GATTGTTTTC---CCTA-----
Mhungaricus	-GTGAAA----GGA--TATGGTTTTC---CCTA-----
Myxiditruttae	AATGTGCGTC--CCTATGGAGAGACAGCCGGATTGTAAG-----
Myxidium	AATGTATGTC--CCTATGGAGAGACAGCCGGATTGTAAG-----
Ethclone1AM	GATGAA-ATA--TAGG---GTAAAAACTATATTGAAT-----
Ethclone3AM	GATGAA-ATA--TAGG---GTAAAAACTATATTGAAT-----
Ethclone2AM	GATGAA-ATA--TAGG---GTA-----
Mdiaphanus	GAGAGG-GAG--TGTG---GCAACATGCAACTTCGAA-----
M.lieberkuehni	AATGGG-GAC--TGTGCTTGTAAATTATCGCACACGAAAG---AGGA
Myxosp.	GTTGGA-G---GCAACTTTGAC---CGAT-----
Hennzschokkei	ACTGTATGCTGTCTCATGGAGAGACGGGTGGATATAATCA---AA--
Hennsalminicola	ACTGTATGCTGTCTCATGGAGAGACGGGTGGATATAATCA---AA--
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	AGTGCTTCGTTGGAGTG-----CTGTATCATGGAG-AGACAACGG
Hsp.	AGT-CGTGAATCCGTGAGAGTTCCGTGCTGTATCATGGAGGAGACAACGG
Hdoori	AGT-CGTGAATCCGTGAGAGTTCCGTGCTGTATCATGGAGGAGACA-CGG
Hennictaluri	AGTGCATGT-CTTGCAAGAGTCGTGTATTGTATCATGGAG-AGACAACGG
Hennexilis	AGTGCCTG--CTCGCAAGAGTGG-GTATTGTATCATGGAG-AGACAACGG
Mspinacurvatura	AGTGCCTACGTGTGCAGG-----CAGTAT-ATG-----
Michkeulensis	AAGTTGTCGTTGCAGG-----CAGTAT-ACG-----
Mosburni	AGAGTAT-TGTCGCAAGAGCGATGCTTGTTCATGGAG-AGACGTCGG
Muvuliferus	AGAGTAT-TGTCGTAAGAGTGGTGTCTTGT-----
Ceratomyxa	AGTTCAAG-----
Malgonquinensis	GTTGGTCGCTGTCTCATGGGAGACAAACGAGGTATAANCA-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsooides	-----C-GTTATACGCTGTTCTACTTACCAAAGT-----GG
Mdjragini	-----C-GTTATACGCTGTTCTACTTACCAAAGT-----GG

Mbramae	-----CCGTTATACGCTGTTCTACTTACCAAAGT-----GG
Mneurobius	-----C-GTTATACGCTGTTCTACTTACCAAAGT-----GG
Marcticus	-----C-GTTATACGCTGTNCTACTTACCAAAGT-----GG
Msandrae	-----C-GTAAAACGCTGTTAACTACCCAAAGT-----GG
Minsidiosus	-----C-TTAATAACTGTTCTACTTRCCAAAGT-----GG
Mcerebralis	-----C-GTTATACGCTGTTCAACTACCCA--GT-----TG
Mlentisaturalis	-----CTGCCA--AGCAGTGCAAGGCTGAGAAGT-----TG
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	-----TTGCCG--AGCAGTGGGAGACCGAAAGGT-----TG
Mportucalensis	-----TTGTGA--AGTAGTGTGTAATCTCGTTAT-----TG
Mmusculi	-----TTGTCA--AGCAGTCTTG---GGGTAACC-----TT
Mcyprini	-----TTGTCA--AGCAGTCATG---GGGCAACC-----TA
Mpseudodispar	-----TTGTCA--AGCAGTCATT---GGGCAACC-----TT
Mbibusculus	TGGGGATTGACCCTGTAATTATCGGTATGAAAGAGGAATC-----CC
Melegans	-----TCGTTG--AGCAGTATTT-----GGATTC-----TC
Mpendula	-----CTGTTA--AGCAGATTAG---GGTCTAC-----CT
Mpellicides	-----CTGTTA--AGCAGATTAG---GGTCTAC-----CT
Mhungaricus	-----CCGTTG--TGCAGTGGTG---GGCAAAA-----CC
Myxiditruttae	-----CCGGAGGAAGCGTGGCAATAACAGG-----TC
Myxidium	-----CCGGAGGAAGCGTGGCAATAACAGG-----TC
Ethclone1AM	-----TAGAATGAGTATGGAAGT-----TA
Ethclone3AM	-----TAGAATGAGTATGGAAGT-----TA
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----TGGAAAGGTT---GAATC-----TA
M.lieberkuehni	A-----TTCCTAGTAAGTGCTCGGAATCAACGAGTGCTGATTG
Myxosp.	-----CAGTAGGAGATTAATTTGG-----A
Hennzschokkei	-----CCACAGGACGGCTGGCAAAAACAGG-----TC
Hennsalminicola	-----CCACAGGACGGCTGGCAAAAACAGG-----TC
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobrocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	AACATATTACAAAATCCGAGG--AAGTGTGGCTATAACAGGT-----C
Hsp.	AAAAATATAAGAAAATCCGAGGAAAGTGTGGCTATAACAGGT-----C
Hdoori	AAAA--TAACCAAATCNA---GAAGTGTG-CTATAACAGGT-----C
Hennictaluri	AAAATATTTAAAAATCCGAG-GAAGTGTGGCTATAACAGGT-----C
Hennexilis	AATATACTAAAAAAATCCGAG-GAAGTGTGGCTATAACAGGT-----C
Mspinacurvatura	-----TTG---AACTGCT-----
Michkeulensis	-----CTG---AGTTGTT-----
Mosburni	AATATA--TNCAAAATCCGAG-AAAGTGGCGCCATAACAGGT-----C
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-----CTAGGGGAAGCGTGGCAATAACAGGT-----C
Malgonquinensis	-----AGCTCGAGGAAGAGTGGCTATAACAGGT-----C
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
Melipsooides	AGC-----AGTGTGTCATGGA
Mdjragini	AGC-----AGTGTGTCATGGA
Mbramae	AGC-----AGTGTGTCATGGA
Mneurobius	AGC-----AGTGTGTCATGGA
Marcticus	AGC-----AGTGTGTCATGGA
Msandrae	ACC-----AGTGTGTCATGGA
Minsidiosus	AGC-----AGTGTGTCATGGA
Mcerebralis	AGC-----AGTGTGTCATGGA
Mlentisaturalis	AAC-----ACTGTATCATGAA

Mxiao1	-	-
Myxo.	AAC-	ACTGTATCATGAA
Mportucalensis	CAC-	AGTACACCAGGA
Mmusculi	TGG-	CTGACTTATGGA
Mcyprini	TGG-	CTGACTTATGGA
Mpseudodispar	TGG-	CTGACTTATGGA
Mbibullatus	TAGTATATGTATTTATTAGAATAACATAGACTTAGTCCTGCCCTTGTA	
Melegans	CGAG-	TGCTGTCTTATGGG
Mpendula	TA-	ACGCTGCCTTATGGA
Mpellicides	TA-	ACGCTGCCTTATGGA
Mhungaricus	TAC-	ACGCTGCCCTATGGA
Myxiditruttae	TGT-	GATGCCCTTCGAT
Myxidium	TGT-	GATGCCCTNCGAT
Ethclone1AM	TAT-	TTTAC-CTCCAGT
Ethclone3AM	TAT-	TTTAC-CTCCAGT
Ethclone2AM	-	
Mdiaphanus	CAT-	TTTGC-CTCCAGT
M.lieberkuehni	CGT-	CCCGC-CCTTTGAT
Myxosp.	GAT-	GCTGTACTCCTTT
Hennzschokkei	TGT-	TATGCCCTTAGAT
Hennsalminicola	TGT-	TATGCCCTTAGAT
Ethclone2MA	-	
Ethclone3MA	-	
Ethclone1MA	-	
Myxobrocerus	-	
Mprocerus	-	
Henneguya	TGT-	GATGCCCTTAGAT
Hsp.	TGT-	GATGCCCTTAGAT
Hdoori	TGT-	GAT-CCCTTAGAT
Hennictaluri	TGT-	GATGCCCTTAGAT
Hennexilis	TGT-	GATGCCCTTAGAT
Mspinacurvatura	--T-	GGTGTC---T
Michkeulensis	--T-	GGTGTC---T
Mosburni	TGT-	GATGCCCTTAGAT
Muvuliferus	-	
Ceratomyxa	TGT-	GATGCCCTTCGAT
Malgonquinensis	AGT-	GATGCCCTTCGAT
Perchclone1AM	-	
Perchclone2AM	-	
Perchclone3AM	-	
Melipsooides	GAGACTGT-	GAGG-
Mdjragini	GAGACTGT-	GAGG-
Mbramae	GAGACTGT-	GAGG-
Mneurobius	GAGACTGT-	GAGG-
Marcticus	GAGACTGT-	GAGG-
Msandrae	GAGACTGT-	GAGG-
Minsidiosus	GAGACTGT-	GAGGAATATATCCAAGC---TC
Mcerebralalis	GAGACTGT-	GAGGTATATATCCAAGC---TC
Mlentisuturalis	GAGACAAC-	GTTATATTCAAAGAC---AG
Mxiao1	-	
Myxo.	GAGACAAC-	GTGGATATAACAAAGAC---AG
Mportucalensis	GAGACTGTT-	GGGTATATC-CAAAGCC---AA
Mmusculi	GGGACTGC-	TGGTGTACAAAACC---AGA
Mcyprini	GGGACTGC-	TGGTGTACAAAACC---AGA
Mpseudodispar	GGGACTGC-	TGGTGTACAAAACC---AGA
Mbibullatus	CACACCGCCCGTCGCTACTACCGAGTGAATGGTGTATGATGCCTGGGA	

Melegans	GAGACAAC-----	GAGGTATATTAGCTC---GC
Mpendula	GAGACAAC-----	AGGTATATAAAAACCT---GA
Mpellicides	GAGACAAC-----	AGGTATATAAAAACCT---GA
Mhungaricus	GAGACAAC-----	AGGTATATAAAAGCCT---
Myxiditruttae	GTCAGG-----	CCGCACG-----
Myxidium	GTCAGGGT-----	CCGCACGCCGCTACA-ATGA
Ethclone1AM	-TAAAC-----	AGTGTATAGT-----TAAC
Ethclone3AM	-TAAAC-----	AGTGTATAGT-----TAAC
Ethclone2AM	-----	-----
Mdiaphanus	-CAAAC-----	ATTGTGTAGT-----TAGC
M.lieberkuehni	ACACACCGCC---	CGTCGCTACTACCGAGTGAATGGTGTCA-TGCC
Myxosp.	GCAA-----	TAAACGGT-----GGC
Hennzschokkei	ATCCGAG-----	GCGGCACGCGCCTACA-ATGA
Henssalminicola	ATCCGAG-----	GCGGCACGCGCCTACA-ATGA
Ethclone2MA	-----	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----	-----
Mprocerus	-----	-----
Henneguya	GTTC-AGG-----	GCTGCACGCCGCTACAATG
Hsp.	GNC-AGG-----	GCTGCACGCCGCTACAATG
Hdoori	GTTCGAGG-----	GCTGCACGCCGCTACAATG
Hennictaluri	GTTC-AGG-----	GCTGCACGCCGCTACAATG
Hennexilis	GTTC-AGG-----	GCTGCACGCCGCTACAATG
Mspinacurvatura	GTTC-AGG-----	GCAACCTG---GCTGAAGGA
Michkeulensis	GTTC-AGG-----	GCAACCTG---GCGGAAGGA
Mosburni	GTTC-AGG-----	GCTGCACGCCGCTACAATG
Muvuliferus	-----	-----
Ceratomyxa	GTTCCTGG-----	GCTGCACGCCGCTACAATG
Malgonquinensis	GTTCAGG-----	GCTGCACGCCGCTACAATG
Perchclone1AM	-----	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----	-----
-----	-----	-----
Melipsooides	-----	-----
Mdjragini	-----	-----
Mbramae	-----	-----
Mneurobius	-----	-----
Marcticus	-----	-----
Msandrae	-----	-----
Minsidiosus	AATGAAGCTAGGCCATAA--	CAGGTCTGTGATGCCCTAACATGTCCTGG
Mcerebralis	AATGAAGCAAGGCCATAA--	CAGGTCTGTGATGCCCTAACATGTCCTGG
Mlentisaturalis	AGGAAG-TG-----	-----
Mxiaoai	-----	-----
Myxo.	AGGAAG-TG-----	-----
Mportucalensis	ACGAAGCTG-----	-----
Mmusculi	--GGAAGTG-----	-----
Mcyprini	--GGAAGTG-----	-----
Mpseudodispar	--GGAAGTG-----	-----
Mbibullatus	CTGGACGTGGGATGGATT--	CTCGGATCTGTTCTACGCTGGGATCAATG
Melegans	--GGAAGAG-----	-----
Mpendula	--GGAAGTGTGGCTATAA--	CAGGTCAAGTGTGATGCCCTTCGATGTTCGAG
Mpellicides	--GGAAGTGTGGCTATAA--	CAGGTCAAGTGTGATGCCCTTCGATGTTCGAG
Mhungaricus	-----	-----
Myxiditruttae	-----	-----
Myxidium	TAACGACAGCGAGAGTCT--	GGACTGAAAGGTTCTGGGTAATCTTATGA
Ethclone1AM	TTTTAACTGTGTGCTGTA-----	TCATGGAGAGA-----

Ethclone3AM	TTTTAACTGTGTGCTGTA-----TCATGGAGAGA-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	TTTAGCTGCATGGTGT-----TCATGGAGAGA-----
M.lieberkuehni	TTGTGACCGGACGTCGA---GAGGATGAAAGTCTCGAACGATGCTGGA
Myxosp.	GGGAAACTGTCCACTGTC-----TTATGGAGAGA-----
Hennzschokkei	TAACGACAGC-GAGTTTC---TAGGTTGAAAGACCTGGTAATCTT-TGA
Hennsalminicola	TAACGACAGCAGAGTTTC---TAGGTTGAAAGACCTGGTAATCTT-TGA
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	GCAGCGACAGCGAGTGT-----TGAATCGAAAGATTGGGTAATCTGTAA
Hsp.	GCGGCGACAGCGAGTGT-----TGGATCGAAAGATTGGGTAACCTGTAA
Hdoori	G---CGACAGCGAGTTT-----TGGATCGAAAGATTGAGTAATCTGTAA
Hennictaluri	ACTACGACAGCGAGTCTC---TGGATCGAAAGATTGGGTAATCTGTAA
Hennexilis	ACTACGACAGCGAGTCTC---TGGATCGAAAGATTGGGTAATCTGTAA
Mspinacurvatura	A----GGCAGTGAGAC-----GAT-----ACTC-----CCTT-TGG
Michkeulensis	A----GACGATAAGGC-----GAT-----ACTC-----CCTT-TGG
Mosburni	GCAACGACAGCGAGTATC---TGCATCGAAAGATGTGGGTAATCTGTAA
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	GCAGCGACAAAAGCATCACCTGCTCTGAGAAGAGTGGGAAATCTTAAA
Malgonquinensis	ATAACGTCAGCGAGTGT-----TGCATCGAAAGACGTGGGTAATCTT--A
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsooides	-----
Mdjragini	-----
Mbramae	-----
Mneurobius	-----
Marcticus	-----
Msandrae	-----
Minsidiosus	GCTGCACGCGCGCTACAATGATGGTACAGCAAGTTCTAGGTCGAGAGA
Mcerebralis	GCTGCACGCGCGCTACAATGATGGTACAGCGAGTTCTAGGTCGAGAGA
Mlentisuturalis	----TGGCA--ATAACAGGTCTGTGATGCCCTAGATGTTGGGCTGC
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	----TGGCA--ATAACAG-----
Mportucalensis	----CGGCA--ATAACAGG-----
Mmusculi	----TGGCG--ATAACAAG-----
Mcyprini	----TGGCG--ATAACAGG-----
Mpseudodispar	----TGGCG--ATAAC-----
Mbibullatus	TAAAAATGGCGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAA-----
Melegans	----TGGCT--ATAAAC-----
Mpendula	GCAGCACGCGCGCTACAATGATAACAACAAGTTCTGGGTCGAGAGA
Mpellicides	GCAGCACGCGCGCTACAATGATAACAACAAGTTCTGGGTCGAGAGA
Mhungaricus	-----
Myxiditruttae	-----
Myxidium	ATCGTTATCGTATGGGGATTGAGCATTGTAATTGTTGCTCATGAAATAG
Ethclone1AM	----CAACGGAA-ATA-ATAAAAATC-GAGGAA-----
Ethclone3AM	----CAACGGAA-ATA-ATAAAAATC-GAGGAA-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	----CAACGGAAACATA-ATCAAATCCGAGGAAGTGTG-GCTATAACAG
M.lieberkuehni	AT---CAATGAAAATG-GCGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAGTCGTAACAA
Myxosp.	----CAACGGTGAATACGTCAAAGACCGAGGACGTGTG-GCGATAACAG
Hennzschokkei	ATCGTTATCGTATGGGATTGACGGTTGTAATTTCGGTCATGAAATAG
Hennsalminicola	ATCGTTATCGTATGGGATTGACGGTTGTAATTTCGGTCATGAAATAG

Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	TCG-TTGGCCGTGATGGGGATTGACGTTTGTA---ACTCCTCATGAAAGAG
Hsp.	TCG-CCGCCGTGATGGGGATCGACGTTTGTA--AATACGTCGTGAAAGAG
Hdoori	TCGGCCGCCGTGATGGGGATCGACGTTTGTA--AATACGTCGTGAAAGAG
Hennictaluri	TCG-TAGTCGTGATGGGGATCGACGTTTGTA--ATTACGTCGTGAAAGAG
Hennexilis	TCG-TAGTCGTGATGGGGATCGACGTTTGTA--ATTACGTCGTGAAAGAG
Mspinacurvatura	CTA-----CACAACG-----TATTATAC-GTTGCATCATGGA-GAG
Michkeulensis	TTA-----CACAACG-----TATTATAC-GTTGCATCATGGA-GAG
Mosburni	TCG-TTGGCCGTGAAGGGGATTGATGTTGTA--AATACGTCATGAAAGAG
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	ATCGCTGTCGTGATGGGGATTGAGCCTTGTAAATAATTGCTCATGAAATAG
Malgonquinensis	ATCGTTATCGTGATGGGGATTGACCCTTGTAAATTGTCGGTCATGAAAGAG
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
Melipsoidea	-----
Mdjragini	-----
Mbramae	-----
Mneurobius	-----
Marcticus	-----
Msandrae	-----
Minsidiosus	CCCGGGCAATCTTGTAAATCACCATCGTATGGGGATTGACCATTGTAATT
Mcerebralis	CCTGGGCAATCTTGTAAATCACCATCGTATGGGGATTGACCATTGTAATT
Mlentisaturalis	ACGCGCGCTACAATGATGACTACAACAAGCTCTGGGTCGAGAGACTCGG
Mxiaoai	-----
Myxo.	-----
Mportucalensis	-----
Mmusculi	-----
Mcyprini	-----
Mpseudodispar	-----
Mbibullatus	-----
Melegans	-----
Mpendula	CTTGGGTAATCGCTAATTGTTATCGTGATGGGGATTGACGATTGTAATT
Mpellicides	CTTGGGTAATCGCTAATTGTTATCGTGATGGGGATTGACGATTGTAATT
Mhungaricus	-----
Myxiditruttae	-----
Myxidium	GAATCCCTTGTATACGTGT-CTCACTTAGGACACGTAGAATGCGTCTTG
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	GTCTGTGATGCCTAACGATG-TCCTGGAAAGGG-----
M.lieberkuehni	GGTT----TCCGTAGGTGA-ACCTGCAGAAGGATCAAGCTT-----
Myxosp.	G-----
Hennzschokkei	GAATTCCCTCGTATGTGTACCGTCATTAGCCGTGTACAGAATAAGTCCCTG
Hennsalminicola	GAATTCCCTCGTATGTGTAC-GTCATTAGC-GTGTACAGAATAAGTCCCTG
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	GAATCCCTAGTATGTGCGATTCA--TGAGATCCCCAAATTACGTCCCTGC
Hsp.	GAATNCCTANTACGTGCGATTCA-TGAAATCGCGCGGATTAGTCCCTGC

Hdoori	GAATCCCTAGTACGTGCGATTCAATGAAATCGCGGGATTAGTCCCTGC
Hennictaluri	GAATCCCTAGTACGTGCGATTCA-TGAAATCGCGGGATTAGTCCCTGC
Hennexilis	GAATCCCTAGTACGTGCGATTCA-TTAAATCGCGGGATTAGTCCCTGC
Mspinacurvatura	ACAGC---GGTATAT---ATTCA---AAAAC-CGAGGA---AGT-----
Michkeulensis	ACGGC---GGTATAT---ATTCA---AAAAC-CGAGGA---AGT-----
Mosburni	GAATCCCTAGTAGATGCGATTCA-TGAGATTGCATCGATTAAGTCCCTGC
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	GAATTCCCTCGTAAGCGTGAGTCA-CCAACTCATGTTGAATACGTCTCTGC
Malgonquinensis	GAATCCCTAGTATGCACATTAA-TTAGAATGTGCAGATTGAGTCCCTGC
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipsoidea	-----
Mdjragini	-----
Mbramae	-----
Mneurobius	-----
Marcticus	-----
Msandrae	-----
Minsidiosus	TGGTCATGAAATAGGAATTCCCTTGTAGGCACACTTATTAGAGTGTGCC
Mcerebralis	TGGTCATGAAATAGGAATTCC-TTGTAGGCACACTTATTAGAGTGTGCC
Mlentisuturalis	GTAATCAGTAATAGTCATCGTATGGGATTGACC GTTGTAAATTATCGGC
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	-----
Mportucalensis	-----
Mmusculi	-----
Mcyprini	-----
Mpseudodispar	-----
Mbibullatus	-----
Melegans	-----
Mpendula	CGTCATGAAATAGGAATCCCTAGTATGTGTAAATTATTAAATTGCACAGA
Mpellicides	CGTCATGAAATAGGAATCCCTAGTATGTGTAAATTATTAAATTGCACAGA
Mhungaricus	-----
Myxiditruttae	-----
Myxidium	CCCTTGTA-----
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	-----
Myxosp.	-----
Hennzschokkei	CCCTTGTA-----
Hennsalminicola	CCCTTGTA-----
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobrocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	CCTTGACACACCCCCGT-----
Hsp.	CCTTGTA-----
Hdoori	CCTTGACACACCGCCGCTACTACCGAGTGAATGGTGTATAATG
Hennictaluri	CCTTGACACACCGCCGCTACTACCGAGCGAATGGTGTATAATA
Hennexilis	CCTTGACACACCGCCGCTACTACCGAGCGAATGGTGTATAATA
Mspinacurvatura	-----GTA-----GCTATAACAGG-----
Michkeulensis	-----GTA-----GCTATAACAGG-----
Mosburni	CCTTGACACACCGCCGCTACTACCGAGTGAATAGTGTATAATG
Muvuliferus	-----

Ceratomyxa	CCTTTGTACACACCGCCCCGTCGCTAGTACCG-----
Malgonquinensis	CCTTTGTACACACCGCCCCGTCGCTACTACCGAGTGAATGGTGTCAATGATG-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipooides	-----
Mdjragini	-----
Mbramae	-----
Mneurobius	-----
Marcticus	-----
Msandrae	-----
Minsidiosus	GAACGAGTCCCTGCCCTCTGTA-----
Mcerebralis	GAACGAGTCCCTGCCCTTTGTA-----
Mlentisuturalis	CATGAAAGAGGAATCCCTAGTATGTGCACGTCATAAGCGTGCGCGGACTG-----
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	-----
Mportucalensis	-----
Mmusculi	-----
Mcyprini	-----
Mpseudodispar	-----
Mbibullatus	-----
Melegans	-----
Mpendula	TTTAGTCCCTGCCCTTGTAACACACCGCCCCGTCGCTACTACCGAGTGAAT-----
Mpellicides	TTTAGTCCCTGCCCTTGTAACACACCGCCCCGTCGCTACTACCGAGTGAAT-----
Mhungaricus	-----
Myxiditruttae	-----
Myxidium	-----
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	-----
Myxosp.	-----
Hennzschokkei	-----
Hennsalminicola	-----
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	-----
Hsp.	-----
Hdoori	CCTTGGGAACGGACGTTG-GCTGGGTCTTGTATCCGA-CAATGCTGCAA-----
Hennictaluri	CCTTGGGAGCGGACGTCGCGCTGGG-CCTGTGCTCGGAGCGATGCTGCGA-----
Hennexilis	CCTTGGGAGCGGACGTCGCGCTGGG-CTTATGCTCGGAGCGATGCTGCGA-----
Mspinacurvatura	-----
Michkeulensis	-----
Mosburni	CCTTGAGAGTGGACGTTTCCAG--CGTTCTGTTGGAAAACGCTACAA-----
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-----
Malgonquinensis	CGCTGGGACTGGACGTTA-GATGGGTGTAACAGCTCGTCCGACGCTGGGA-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
 Melipooides	-----

Mdjragini	-----
Mbramae	-----
Mneurobius	-----
Marcticus	-----
Msandrae	-----
Minsidiosus	-----
Mcerebralis	-----
Mlentisuturalis	AGTCCCTGCCCTTGTACACACCGCCCGTCGCTACTACCGAGTGAATGGT
Mxiao1	-----
Myxo.	-----
Mportucalensis	-----
Mmusculi	-----
Mcyprini	-----
Mpseudodispar	-----
Mbibalatus	-----
Melegans	-----
Mpendula	TATGTCATGATGCTCTGGGACTGGACTTTGAAGGGGCTTAACCGTTTTT
Mpellicides	TATGTCATGATGCTCTGGGACTGGACTTTGAAGGGGCTTAACCGTTTTT
Mhungaricus	-----
Myxiditruttae	-----
Myxidium	-----
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	-----
Myxosp.	-----
Hennzschokkei	-----
Hennsalminicola	-----
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	-----
Hsp.	-----
Hdoori	TCAGCGTAGAATGGCGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAAGTCGTAACAAGGTTT
Hennictaluri	TCAGCGTAGAATGGCGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAAGTCGTAACAAGGTTT
Hennexilis	TCAGCGTAAATGGCGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAAGTCGTAACAAGGTTT
Mspinacurvatura	-----
Michkeulensis	-----
Mosburni	CCAGCGTAGAATGGCGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAAGTCGTAACAAGGTTT
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-----
Malgonquinensis	TCAGCGTAAATGGCGACATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAAGTCGTAACAAGGTTT
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
Melipsooides	-----
Mdjragini	-----
Mbramae	-----
Mneurobius	-----
Marcticus	-----
Msandrae	-----
Minsidiosus	-----
Mcerebralis	-----

Mlentisuturalis	ATCGTGATGCCCTGGGACTGGACGCCGTGCGAGCTTCGGTCGCAATGGC
Mxiaoai	-----
Myxo.	-----
Mportucalensis	-----
Mmusculi	-----
Mcyprini	-----
Mpseudodispar	-----
Mbibalatus	-----
Melegans	-----
Mpendula	CGAAGCTAGAATCAGCGTAAATGGCGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAAGTCG
Mpellicides	CGAAGCTAGAATCAGCGTAAATGGCGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAAGTCG
Mhungaricus	-----
Myxiditruttae	-----
Myxidium	-----
Ethclone1AM	-----
Ethclone3AM	-----
Ethclone2AM	-----
Mdiaphanus	-----
M.lieberkuehni	-----
Myxosp.	-----
Hennzschokkei	-----
Hennsalminicola	-----
Ethclone2MA	-----
Ethclone3MA	-----
Ethclone1MA	-----
Myxobprocerus	-----
Mprocerus	-----
Henneguya	-----
Hsp.	-----
Hdoori	CCGTAGGTGAACCTGCGAAG-----
Hennictaluri	CCGTAGGTGAACCTGCGGAAGGATC-----
Hennexilis	CCGTAGGTGAACCTGCGGAAGGATC-----
Mspinacurvatura	-----
Michkeulensis	-----
Mosburni	CCGT-----
Muvuliferus	-----
Ceratomyxa	-----
Malgonquinensis	CCGT-----
Perchclone1AM	-----
Perchclone2AM	-----
Perchclone3AM	-----
Melipsooides	-----
Mdjragini	-----
Mbramae	-----
Mneurobius	-----
Marcticus	-----
Msandrae	-----
Minsidiosus	-----
Mcerebralis	-----
Mlentisuturalis	GCCGGGATCAATGTAAAACGGTGCAATTTCGAGGAAGTAAAAGTCGTAAC
Mxiaoai	-----
Myxo.	-----
Mportucalensis	-----
Mmusculi	-----
Mcyprini	-----
Mpseudodispar	-----

<i>Mbibullatus</i>	-----
<i>Melegans</i>	-----
<i>Mpendula</i>	TAACAAGGTTCCG-----
<i>Mpellicides</i>	TAACAAGGTTCCGT-----
<i>Mhungaricus</i>	-----
<i>Myxiditruttae</i>	-----
<i>Myxidium</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone1AM</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone3AM</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone2AM</i>	-----
<i>Mdiaphanus</i>	-----
<i>M.lieberkuehni</i>	-----
<i>Myxosp.</i>	-----
<i>Hennzschokkei</i>	-----
<i>Hennsalminicola</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone2MA</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone3MA</i>	-----
<i>Ethclone1MA</i>	-----
<i>Myxobprocerus</i>	-----
<i>Mprocerus</i>	-----
<i>Henneguya</i>	-----
<i>Hsp.</i>	-----
<i>Hdoori</i>	-----
<i>Hennictaluri</i>	-----
<i>Hennexilis</i>	-----
<i>Mspinacurvatura</i>	-----
<i>Michkeulensis</i>	-----
<i>Mosburni</i>	-----
<i>Muvuliferus</i>	-----
<i>Ceratomyxa</i>	-----
<i>Malgonquinensis</i>	-----
<i>Perchclone1AM</i>	-----
<i>Perchclone2AM</i>	-----
<i>Perchclone3AM</i>	-----
 <i>Melipsoides</i>	-----
<i>Mdjragini</i>	-----
<i>Mbramae</i>	-----
<i>Mneurobius</i>	-----
<i>Marcticus</i>	-----
<i>Msandrae</i>	-----
<i>Minsidiosus</i>	-----
<i>Mcerebralis</i>	-----
<i>Mlentisaturalis</i>	AAGGTTTCCGTAGGTGAACCAGCGGAAG
<i>Mxiao1</i>	-----
<i>Myxo.</i>	-----
<i>Mportucalensis</i>	-----
<i>Mmusculi</i>	-----
<i>Mcyprini</i>	-----
<i>Mpseudodispar</i>	-----
<i>Mbibullatus</i>	-----
<i>Melegans</i>	-----
<i>Mpendula</i>	-----
<i>Mpellicides</i>	-----
<i>Mhungaricus</i>	-----
<i>Myxiditruttae</i>	-----
<i>Myxidium</i>	-----

Ethclone1AM -----
Ethclone3AM -----
Ethclone2AM -----
Mdiaphanus -----
M.lieberkuehni -----
Myxosp. -----
Hennzschokkei -----
Hennsalminicola -----
Ethclone2MA -----
Ethclone3MA -----
Ethclone1MA -----
Myxobprocerus -----
Mprocerus -----
Henneguya -----
Hsp. -----
Hdoori -----
Hennictaluri -----
Hennexilis -----
Mspinacurvatura -----
Michkeulensis -----
Mosburni -----
Muvuliferus -----
Ceratomyxa -----
Malgonquinensis -----
Perchclone1AM -----
Perchclone2AM -----
Perchclone3AM -----
;
end;

Letters of Permission for Articles



15 January 2004

Our ref: HW/ MR/ JAN 04 J165

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National Research Council
St. Mary's University

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