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## Structure Reports

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## 4-Chlorobenzothioamide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=296 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.037 ; w R$ factor $=0.105$; data-to-parameter ratio $=20.9$.

In the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{ClNS}$, the dihedral angle between the aromatic ring and the thioamide fragment is 28.1 (2) ${ }^{\circ}$. The structure features a $\pi$-stacking interaction between the aromatic rings with a slight offset of the rings, giving a centroid-centroid separation of 3.7942 (2) A. There are intermolecular hydrogen-bonding interactions between the amino group and the S atoms.

## Related literature

For the uses of thioamides, see: Akhtar et al. (2006, 2007, 2008); Jagodzinski (2003); Lebana et al. (2008). For the biological activity of thioamides, see: Wei et al. (2006). For the synthesis of thioamides, see: Bauer \& Kuhlein (1985); Cava \& Levinson (1985); Manaka \& Sato (2005). For a comparable structure, see: Jian et al. (2006).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{ClNS}$
$M_{r}=171.64$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{b} / c$
$a=8.1592$ (4) A
$b=9.0934$ (5) A
$c=10.8915$ (6) $\AA$
$\beta=100.113$ ( $10^{\circ}$

Data collection
Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2008)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.778, T_{\text {max }}=0.889$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.037 \quad 91$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.105 \quad \mathrm{H}$-atom parameters constrained
$S=1.06$
1901 reflections

6337 measured reflections 1901 independent reflections 1667 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.017$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\AA{ }^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}\right)$.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 2.64 | $3.3769(15)$ | 145 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 B \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{1 i}$ | 0.86 | 2.63 | $3.4527(15)$ | 160 |
| Symmetry codes: (i) $x,-y+\frac{1}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2} ;$ (ii) $-x,-y,-z+1$ |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT2933).

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## supplementary materials

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## 4-Chlorobenzothioamide

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## Comment

Thioamides are important precursors/intermediates in the synthesis of various heterocycles (Jagodzinski et al., 2003). Besides being used as synthetic intermediates, they exhibit numerous biological activities (Wei et al., 2006). In addition, thioamides have found use as important ligands in coordination chemistry (Lebana et al., 2008). Several methods for their synthesis have been published involving the uses of Lawesson's regent (Cava et al., 1985) and phosphorus pentasulphide (Bauer et al., 1985). The title compound, 4-chlorobenzothioamide was synthesized in continuation of our previous work on the synthesis and biological screenings of five membered heterocycles (Akhtar et al., 2006, 2007, 2008). In this article the crystal structure of 4-chlorobenzothioamide is being reported. The title compound was synthesized by treating 4-chlorobenzonitrile with $70 \%$ sodium hydrogen sulfide hydrate and magnesium chloride hexahydrate in dimethylformamide (Manaka \& Sato, 2005) as an intermediate for the synthesis of thiazoles.

The hydrogen bonding interactions between the nitrogen and sulfur atoms are in the range of those seen in $p$-trifluoromethylbenzothioamide where the corresponding interactions are between $3.3735 \AA$ and $3.5133 \AA$ (Jian et al., 2006).

## Experimental

4-Chlorobenzonitrile ( 14.5 mmol ) was added to a slurry of sodium hydrogen sulfide hydrate $(70 \%, 29 \mathrm{mmol})$ and magnesium chloride hexahydrate ( 14.5 mmol ) in DMF ( 40 mL ) and the mixture stirred at room temperature for 2 h . The resulting green slurry was poured into water $(100 \mathrm{~mL})$ and the precipitated solid collected by filtration. The product obtained was resuspended in $1 \mathrm{NHCl}(50 \mathrm{ml})$, stirred for another 30 min , filtered and washed with excess of water. The recrystallization of the residue from chloroform afforded the crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray analysis.

## Refinement

The hydrogen atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions of $0.93 \AA$ (aromatic $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ ) and $0.86 \AA$ (amide $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ ) and constrained to ride on the parent atom with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 \mathrm{U}_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N})$.

## Figures



Fig. 1. Molecular structure of 4-chlorobenzothioamide showing displacement ellipsoids at the $50 \%$ probability level (for non-H atoms).

## supplementary materials



Fig. 2. Packing diagram of 4-chlorobenzothioamide as viewed down the $b$ axis. Displacement ellipsoids are shown at the $50 \%$ probability level (for non-H atoms).

## 4-Chlorobenzothioamide

## Crystal data

## $\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{ClNS}$

$F_{000}=352$
$M_{r}=171.64$
Monoclinic, $P 2{ }_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=8.1592$ (4) $\AA$
$b=9.0934(5) \AA$
$c=10.8915(6) \AA$
$\beta=100.1130(10)^{\circ}$
$V=795.54$ (7) $\AA^{3}$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.433 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo K $\alpha$ radiation
$\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 3894 reflections
$\theta=2.5-28.5^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.66 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=296 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, yellow
$0.40 \times 0.36 \times 0.18 \mathrm{~mm}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Monochromator: graphite
$T=296 \mathrm{~K}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2008)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.778, T_{\text {max }}=0.889$
6337 measured reflections
1901 independent reflections
1667 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.017$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=28.5^{\circ}$
$\theta_{\text {min }}=2.9^{\circ}$
$h=-10 \rightarrow 10$
$k=-12 \rightarrow 12$
$l=-9 \rightarrow 14$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.037$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.105$
$S=1.06$
1901 reflections
91 parameters
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H -atom parameters constrained

$$
w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0539 P)^{2}+0.2817 P\right]
$$

where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.33$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.38$ e $\AA^{-3}$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $A^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}{ }^{*} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | $0.08443(7)$ | $0.15260(5)$ | $0.36191(4)$ | $0.05425(18)$ |
| C11 | $0.41127(8)$ | $0.84764(5)$ | $0.55354(7)$ | $0.0767(2)$ |
| N1 | $0.1431(2)$ | $0.16063(15)$ | $0.60516(12)$ | $0.0479(4)$ |
| H1A | 0.1776 | 0.2025 | 0.6758 | $0.058^{*}$ |
| H1B | 0.1046 | 0.0724 | 0.6028 | $0.058^{*}$ |
| C1 | $0.14913(18)$ | $0.23175(17)$ | $0.50045(13)$ | $0.0367(3)$ |
| C2 | $0.21721(18)$ | $0.38334(16)$ | $0.51285(13)$ | $0.0346(3)$ |
| C7 | $0.16710(19)$ | $0.48716(18)$ | $0.41971(14)$ | $0.0402(3)$ |
| H7A | 0.0925 | 0.4603 | 0.3485 | $0.048^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.3367(2)$ | $0.66844(17)$ | $0.53788(18)$ | $0.0466(4)$ |
| C6 | $0.2270(2)$ | $0.62963(18)$ | $0.43192(17)$ | $0.0462(4)$ |
| H6A | 0.1937 | 0.6984 | 0.3693 | $0.055^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.3294(2)$ | $0.42569(19)$ | $0.61821(15)$ | $0.0448(4)$ |
| H3A | 0.3647 | 0.3573 | 0.6808 | $0.054^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.3893(2)$ | $0.5685(2)$ | $0.63118(17)$ | $0.0515(4)$ |
| H4A | 0.4641 | 0.5963 | 0.7020 | $0.062^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | $0.0851(4)$ | $0.0495(3)$ | $0.0281(2)$ | $-0.0239(2)$ | $0.0096(2)$ | $-0.00374(15)$ |
| C11 | $0.0841(4)$ | $0.0399(3)$ | $0.1008(5)$ | $-0.0176(2)$ | $0.0012(3)$ | $-0.0009(2)$ |
| N1 | $0.0790(10)$ | $0.0363(7)$ | $0.0299(7)$ | $-0.0104(6)$ | $0.0134(6)$ | $-0.0014(5)$ |
| C1 | $0.0449(7)$ | $0.0369(7)$ | $0.0291(7)$ | $-0.0020(6)$ | $0.0091(6)$ | $-0.0005(5)$ |
| C2 | $0.0393(7)$ | $0.0345(7)$ | $0.0307(7)$ | $-0.0002(5)$ | $0.0085(5)$ | $-0.0002(5)$ |
| C7 | $0.0438(7)$ | $0.0415(8)$ | $0.0341(8)$ | $0.0001(6)$ | $0.0030(6)$ | $0.0029(6)$ |
| C5 | $0.0457(8)$ | $0.0337(7)$ | $0.0604(11)$ | $-0.0048(6)$ | $0.0095(7)$ | $-0.0024(7)$ |
| C6 | $0.0489(8)$ | $0.0383(8)$ | $0.0504(10)$ | $0.0020(7)$ | $0.0056(7)$ | $0.0095(7)$ |
| C3 | $0.0520(9)$ | $0.0422(8)$ | $0.0374(8)$ | $-0.0029(7)$ | $-0.0002(6)$ | $0.0040(6)$ |
| C4 | $0.0539(9)$ | $0.0483(9)$ | $0.0477(10)$ | $-0.0087(7)$ | $-0.0036(7)$ | $-0.0042(7)$ |

## supplementary materials

Geometric parameters $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| S1-C1 | 1.6714 (15) | C7-C6 | 1.383 (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cl1-C5 | 1.7374 (16) | C7-H7A | 0.9300 |
| N1-C1 | 1.3195 (19) | C5-C4 | 1.375 (3) |
| N1-H1A | 0.8600 | C5-C6 | 1.376 (3) |
| N1-H1B | 0.8600 | C6-H6A | 0.9300 |
| C1-C2 | 1.483 (2) | C3-C4 | 1.386 (2) |
| C2-C3 | 1.391 (2) | C3-H3A | 0.9300 |
| C2-C7 | 1.393 (2) | C4-H4A | 0.9300 |
| C1-N1-H1A | 120.0 | C4-C5-C6 | 121.55 (15) |
| C1-N1-H1B | 120.0 | C4-C5-Cl1 | 119.26 (14) |
| H1A-N1-H1B | 120.0 | C6-C5-Cl1 | 119.19 (14) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 116.55 (13) | C5-C6-C7 | 119.19 (15) |
| N1-C1-S1 | 121.02 (12) | C5-C6-H6A | 120.4 |
| C2- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 1$ | 122.42 (11) | C7-C6-H6A | 120.4 |
| C3-C2-C7 | 118.65 (14) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 120.85 (15) |
| C3-C2-C1 | 120.94 (14) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.6 |
| C7-C2-C1 | 120.40 (13) | C2-C3-H3A | 119.6 |
| C6-C7-C2 | 120.74 (15) | C5-C4-C3 | 119.02 (15) |
| C6-C7-H7A | 119.6 | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 120.5 |
| C2-C7-H7A | 119.6 | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 120.5 |
| S1-C1-C2-C7 | 28.1 (2) |  |  |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A} \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 2.64 | $3.3769(15)$ | 145 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~B} \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.86 | 2.63 | $3.4527(15)$ | 160 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x,-y+1 / 2, z+1 / 2$; (ii) $-x,-y,-z+1$.

Fig. 1


Fig. 2


